TERRORISM, COUNTERTERRORISM AND BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS

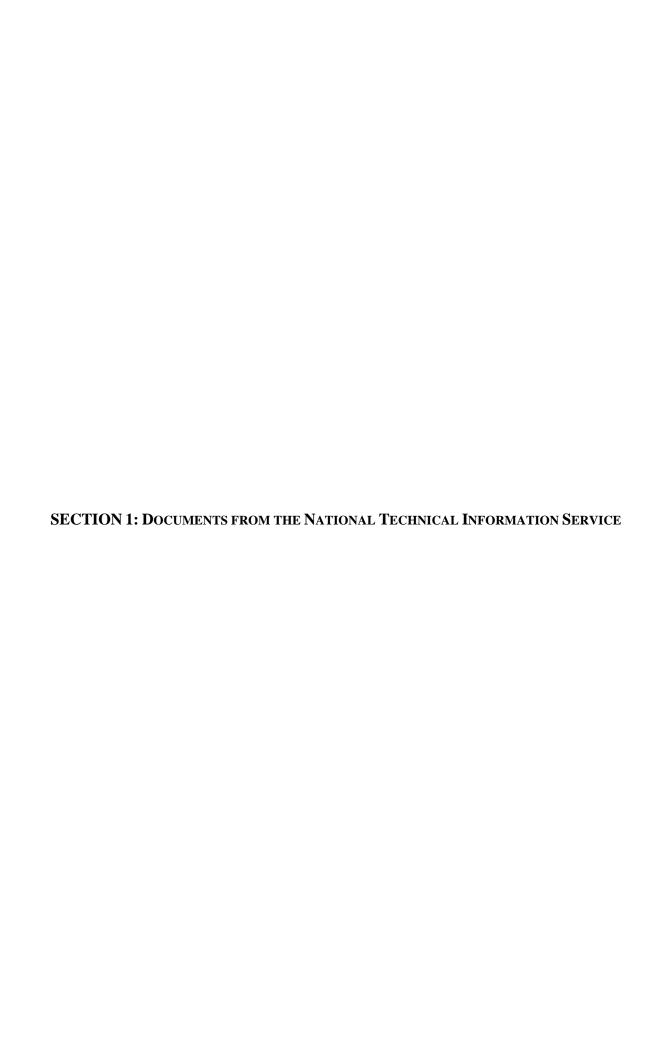
APRIL 1, 1997

SECTION 1: DOCUMENTS FROM THE NATIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION SERVICE (NTIS)

THE DOCUMENTS IN THIS SECTION OF THE BIBLIOGRAPHY ARE AVAILABLE FROM THE NATIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION SERVICE, TECHNOLOGY ADMINISTRATION, SPRINGFIELD, VA 22161. TELEPHONE: (703) 487-4650 [HTTP://www.ntis.gov]

SECTION 2: DOCUMENTS FROM VARIOUS SOURCES

UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED THE DOCUMENTS IN THIS SECTION ARE AVAILABLE FROM THE DEFENSE TECHNICAL INFORMATION CENTER (DTIC), 8725 JOHN J. KINGMAN ROAD, SUITE 0944, FORT BELVOIR, VA 22060-6218. TELEPHONE: 1-800-CAL-DTIC (225-3842) [HTTP://www.dtic.mil]



NOTE: THE DOCUMENTS IN THIS SECTION OF THE BIBLIOGRAPHY ARE AVAILABLE FROM

THE NATIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION SERVICE, TECHNOLOGY

ADMINISTRATION, SPRINGFIELD, VA 22161.

TELEPHONE: (703) 487-4650 [HTTP://WWW.NTIS.GOV]

Available from NTIS; Tel (703) 487-4650; http://www.ntis.gov

- -- 1 AD NUMBER: 842478
- -- 2 FIELDS AND GROUPS: 15/6.3
- -- 3 ENTRY CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- -- 5 CORPORATE AUTHOR: ARMY BIOLOGICAL LABS FREDERICK MD
- -- 6 UNCLASSIFIED TITLE: BIOLOGICAL WARFARE.
- -- 8 TITLE CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --10 PERSONAL AUTHORS: SOUZE MEDINA, DARCY DE
- --11 REPORT DATE: , 1968
- --12 PAGINATION: 11P MEDIA COST: \$ 6.00 PRICE CODE: AA
- --14 REPORT NUMBER: TRANS-120
- --20 REPORT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --21 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: TRANS. OF MONO. ARCHIVES BRASILEIROS DE
- -- MEDICINA NAVAL, N.P. 1956 P4731-4744.
- --23 DESCRIPTORS: , (*BIOLOGICAL WARFARE, THREAT EVALUATION),
- -- HISTORY, HAZARDS, COUNTERMEASURES, PROTECTION, DECONTAMINATION,
- -- SABOTAGE, DISTRIBUTION, IDENTIFICATION, THERAPY, ANOMALIES, BRAZIL.
- --24 DESCRIPTOR CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --25 IDENTIFIERS: TRANSLATIONS.
- --26 IDENTIFIER CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --27 ABSTRACT: THE DOCUMENT DISCUSSES THE PROS AND CONS OF BIOLOGICAL
- -- WARFARE, INCLUDING DECISION-MAKING, SAFETY PROCEDURES DURING SUCH
- -- ATTACKS, EFFECTIVENESS IN CONDUCTING ATTACKS, AND POSSIBLE RESULTS.
- --28 ABSTRACT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --29 INITIAL INVENTORY: 1
- --30 ANNOTATION: BIOLOGICAL WARFARE--TRANSLATION.
- --33 LIMITATION CODES: 1
- --35 SOURCE CODE: 036550
- --36 ITEM LOCATION: DTIC/NTIS
- --40 GEOPOLITICAL CODE: 2406
- --41 TYPE CODE: A
- --43 IAC DOCUMENT TYPE:
- --49 AUTHORITY FOR CHANGE: ST-A BDRL LTR, 13 SEP 71

__****

- -- 1 AD NUMBER: A114399
- 2 FIELDS AND GROUPS: 5/5, 15/6.3
- -- 3 ENTRY CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- -- 5 CORPORATE AUTHOR: ARMY SCIENCE BOARD WASHINGTON DC
- -- 6 UNCLASSIFIED TITLE: THE CHALLENGE OF TERRORISM TO THE MILITARY.
- -- 8 TITLE CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- -- 9 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
- --10 PERSONAL AUTHORS: KUPPERMAN, ROBERT H.;
- --11 REPORT DATE: MAR , 1982
- --12 PAGINATION: 16P MEDIA COST: \$ 6.00 PRICE CODE: AA
- --20 REPORT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --23 DESCRIPTORS: *TERRORISM, WEAPONS, BIOLOGICAL WARFARE, CHEMICAL
- -- WARFARE, COUNTERMEASURES
- --24 DESCRIPTOR CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED

- --27 ABSTRACT: SPECIFIC ITEMS ADDRESSED ARE PAST AND FUTURE TERRORISM
- -- CONCERNS, INCLUDING TERRORIST INCIDENTS, PROBLEMS OF HOSTAGES,
- -- TERRORIST ARSENALS, PLAUSIBILITY OF MASS DESTRUCTION TERRORISM,
- -- CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS, UNCONVENTIONAL WEAPONS, BACTERIOLOGICAL
- -- WARFARE AS A TERRORIST WEAPON, CHEMICAL WARFARE AGENTS AND
- -- TECHNOLOGICAL CHALLENGES AHEAD.
- --28 ABSTRACT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --29 INITIAL INVENTORY: 12
- --33 LIMITATION CODES: 1
- --34 SOURCE SERIES: F
- --35 SOURCE CODE: 411068
- --36 ITEM LOCATION: DTIC/NTIS
- --40 GEOPOLITICAL CODE: 1100
- --41 TYPE CODE: A
- --43 IAC DOCUMENT TYPE:

- -- 1 AD NUMBER: A147748
- -- 2 FIELDS AND GROUPS: 5/1, 5/5, 15/6.7
- -- 3 ENTRY CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- -- 5 CORPORATE AUTHOR: ARMY COMMAND AND GENERAL STAFF COLL FORT
- -- LEAVENWORTH KS
- -- 6 UNCLASSIFIED TITLE: THE PUBLIC IMAGE OF THE MILITARY AS
- -- REFLECTED IN LEADING MAGAZINES, (1982-1983).
- -- 8 TITLE CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- -- 9 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: MASTER'S THESIS,
- --10 PERSONAL AUTHORS: BRUENING, W. S.;
- --11 REPORT DATE: JUN 01, 1984
- --12 PAGINATION: 118P MEDIA COST: \$11.00 PRICE CODE: AB
- --18 MONITOR ACRONYM: SBI
- --19 MONITOR SERIES: AD-E751 155
- --20 REPORT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --23 DESCRIPTORS: *PUBLIC OPINION, *MILITARY FORCES(UNITED STATES),
- -- ATTITUDES(PSYCHOLOGY), PERIODICALS, MASS MEDIA, SURVEYS,
- -- STATISTICAL ANALYSIS, ALL VOLUNTEER, ARMS CONTROL, CHEMICAL WARFARE,
- -- BIOLOGICAL WARFARE, TERRORISM, RESERVE OFFICER TRAINING CORPS,
- -- MILITARY EQUIPMENT, WEAPONS, MILITARY PERSONNEL, LEADERSHIP,
- -- MILITARY TRAINING, COMBAT READINESS, WOMEN, EUROPE, LATIN AMERICA,
- -- MIDDLE EAST, PRISONERS OF WAR, HISTORY, MILITARY BUDGETS, THESES
- --24 DESCRIPTOR CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --25 IDENTIFIERS: *PUBLIC IMAGE, *MAGAZINES, *CONTENT ANALYSIS,
- -- DRAFT, DEFENSE EXPENDITURES, SPECIAL FORCES, VIETNAM WAR, GRENADA,
- -- VETERANS, MILITARY HISTORY
- --26 IDENTIFIER CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --27 ABSTRACT: THIS PAPER DETERMINED THE PUBLIC IMAGE OF THE U.S.
- -- MILITARY AS REFLECTED IN LEADING MAGAZINES AND COMPARED THE RESULTS
- -- WITH THE PUBLIC IMAGE OF THE MILITARY DETERMINED IN A 1971 STUDY.
- -- THE 1982 AND 1983 ISSUES OF TWENTY-ONE LEADING MAGAZINES WERE
- -- REVIEWED FOR NEWS ITEMS ON THE MILITARY. THE NEWS ITEMS WERE PLACED
- -- INTO DIFFERENT MILITARY SUBJECT AREAS (PERSONNEL, VIETNAM WAR,
- -- GRENADA, ROTC, ETC.) AND JUDGED FAVORABLE, UNFAVORABLE, BALANCED,
- -- OR NEUTRAL. THE COMPOSITE RESULTS OF THIS TWO-YEAR STUDY REVEALED
- -- THAT THE PUBLIC IMAGE OF THE MILITARY WAS MORE FAVORABLE THAN
- -- UNFAVORABLE. 35.9% OF THE ITEMS REVIEWED WERE FAVORABLE WHILE 25.4%
- -- WERE UNFAVORABLE. THE RATIO OF FAVORABLE ITEMS TO UNFAVORABLE ITEMS

- -- WAS L.0:07. THE RESULTS OF THIS STUDY SHOW A SIGNIFICANT FAVORABLE
- -- INCREASE IN THE PUBLIC IMAGE OF THE MILITARY COMPARED TO THE
- -- RESULTS OF THE 1971 STUDY. THAT THREE YEAR STUDY REVEALED THAT 43.
- -- 7% OF THE NEWS ITEMS ON THE MILITARY WERE UNFAVORABLE WHILE 30.9%
- -- WERE FAVORABLE. THE 1971 STUDY FAVORABLE TO UNFAVORABLE RATIO WAS L.
- -- 0:L.4. AN ANALYSIS OF THE INDIVIDUAL MILITARY SUBJECT AREAS
- -- REVEALED TWO TOPICS THAT RECEIVED CONSIDERABLE PRESS ATTENTION AND
- -- THAT REFLECTED AN UNFAVORABLE PUBLIC IMAGE OF THE MILITARY IN THE
- -- MAGAZINES ANALYZED. THESE WERE DEFENSE BUDGET/SPENDING AND
- -- LEADERSHIP. (AUTHOR)
- --28 ABSTRACT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --29 INITIAL INVENTORY: 2
- --33 LIMITATION CODES: 1
- --35 SOURCE CODE: 037260
- --36 ITEM LOCATION: DTIC/NTIS
- --40 GEOPOLITICAL CODE: 2002
- --41 TYPE CODE: A
- --43 IAC DOCUMENT TYPE:

- -- 1 AD NUMBER: A220598
- 2 FIELDS AND GROUPS: 15/6.3, 15/6.7
- -- 3 ENTRY CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- -- 5 CORPORATE AUTHOR: RAND CORP SANTA MONICA CA
- -- 6 UNCLASSIFIED TITLE: TERRORISTS AND THE POTENTIAL USE OF
- -- BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS: A DISCUSSION OF POSSIBILITIES.
- -- 8 TITLE CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- -- 9 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: INTERIM REPT.,
- --10 PERSONAL AUTHORS: SIMON, J.
- --11 REPORT DATE: DEC , 1989
- --12 PAGINATION: 33P MEDIA COST: \$ 6.00 PRICE CODE: AA
- --14 REPORT NUMBER: RAND/R-3771-AFMIC
- --15 CONTRACT NUMBER: MDA903-86-0059
- --20 REPORT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --23 DESCRIPTORS: *BIOLOGICAL WARFARE, *THREAT EVALUATION,
- -- *TERRORISM, BARRIERS, BIOLOGICAL AGENTS, CONFLICT, FINANCE,
- -- STRATEGY, TERRORISTS, UNCONVENTIONAL WARFARE, WEAPONS.
- --24 DESCRIPTOR CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --25 IDENTIFIERS: *RISK POTENTIAL, *THREAT POTENTIAL.
- --26 IDENTIFIER CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --27 ABSTRACT: THIS REPORT CONSIDERS THE POTENTIAL FOR TERRORISTS TO
- -- USE BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS. IT DISCUSSES THE IMPLICATIONS OF RECENT
- -- TRENDS IN TERRORISM FOR THE FUTURE USE OF BIOLOGICAL AGENTS AND THE
- -- REASONS TERRORISTS MIGHT BE MOTIVATED TO USE THEM. IT THEN
- -- IDENTIFIES SEVERAL CONSTRAINTS THAT INHIBIT TERRORISTS FROM
- -- VENTURING INTO THIS NEW TYPE OF CONFLICT AND THE FACTORS THAT COULD
- -- BREAK DOWN THESE CONSTRAINTS. FINALLY, IT ESTABLISHES SOME BROAD
- -- CHARACTERISTICS THAT COULD IDENTIFY THE TYPES OF TERRORIST GROUPS
- -- THAT MIGHT BE MORE LIKELY THAN OTHERS TO USE BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS.
- -- THE FINDINGS SUGGEST THAT, SINCE THE TECHNOLOGICAL, LOGISTICAL, AND
- -- FINANCIAL BARRIERS TO THE USE OF BIOLOGICAL AGENTS ARE NOT
- -- INSURMOUNTABLE, A KEY DETERMINANT IN THE POTENTIAL USE OF SUCH
- -- AGENTS WILL BE THE WILLINGNESS OF TERRORISTS TO ENGAGE IN THIS NEW
- -- TYPE OF VIOLENCE. THEREFORE, EFFORTS TO IMPROVE INTELLIGENCE
- -- REGARDING TERRORIST GROUP STRATEGIES AND CAPABILITIES WILL BECOME

- -- INCREASINGLY CRITICAL IN THE FUTURE. KEYWORDS: TERRORISM;
- BIOLOGICAL WARFARE; UNCONVENTIONAL WARFARE. (KT)
- --28 ABSTRACT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --29 INITIAL INVENTORY: 2
- --33 LIMITATION CODES: 1
- --35 SOURCE CODE: 296600
- --36 ITEM LOCATION: DTIC/NTIS
- --40 GEOPOLITICAL CODE: 0628
- --41 TYPE CODE: W
- --43 IAC DOCUMENT TYPE:

-Available from NTIS; Tel: (703) 487-4650; http://www.ntis.gov

- -- 1 AD NUMBER: A273038
- 2 FIELDS AND GROUPS: 15/6.3
- -- 3 ENTRY CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- -- 5 CORPORATE AUTHOR: ARMY COMMAND AND GENERAL STAFF COLL FORT
- -- LEAVENWORTH KS
- -- 6 UNCLASSIFIED TITLE: A DETERMINATION OF THE MILITARY
- -- SIGNIFICANCE OF MODERN BIOLOGICAL WARFARE.
- -- 8 TITLE CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- -- 9 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: MASTER'S THESIS AUG 92-JUN 93.
- --10 PERSONAL AUTHORS: CLEMENT, DAVID L.
- --11 REPORT DATE: MAY 09, 1993
- --12 PAGINATION: 135P MEDIA COST: \$11.00 PRICE CODE: AB
- --18 MONITOR ACRONYM: XA
- --19 MONITOR SERIES: USACGSC
- --20 REPORT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --23 DESCRIPTORS: *BIOLOGICAL WARFARE, *MILITARY REQUIREMENTS,
- ANTHRAX, ATTACK, BACKGROUND, BATTLEFIELDS, COUNTERMEASURES,
- -- DEPLOYMENT, DESERTS, DESTRUCTION, MASS, PLAGUES, PREDICTIONS,
- -- SCENARIOS, STORMS, TERRORISM, VULNERABILITY, WARFARE, WEAPONS,
- -- MILITARY FORCES(UNITED STATES), DATA BASES, DISEASES, HUMAN
- -- IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUSES, ACQUIRED IMMUNE DEFICIENCY SYNDROME.
- --24 DESCRIPTOR CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --25 IDENTIFIERS: DESERT STORM OPERATIONS.
- --26 IDENTIFIER CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --27 ABSTRACT: THIS STUDY DETERMINES THE MILITARY SIGNIFICANCE OF
- -- PLAUSIBLE BIOLOGICAL WARFARE (BW) ATTACK SCENARIOS ON CONTEMPORARY
- -- MILITARY FORCES. DATA HAS BEEN GATHERED ON THE HISTORIC DIMENSIONS
- -- AS WELL AS THE PRESENT STATE OF AND THE CURRENT TRENDS IN BW. THIS
- -- BACKGROUND PROVIDES THE READER WITH A BASIC UNDERSTANDING OF BW. IT
- -- ALSO ESTABLISHES A STRONG FOUNDATION ON WHICH TO BASE PREDICTIONS
- -- OF MILITARY VULNERABILITIES TO THE EFFECTS OF BW AND THE CONDITIONS
- -- UNDER WHICH BW COULD BE EMPLOYED. THIS STUDY CONCLUDES THAT
- -- ALTHOUGH TACTICAL BATTLEFIELD USE OF BW IS HIGHLY UNLIKELY, THERE
- -- ARE CONDITIONS AND CIRCUMSTANCES IN WHICH U.S. FORCES COULD BE
- -- HOW BW COULD BE EFFECTIVELY EMPLOYED AGAINST U.S. FORCES DURING A DESERT STORM TYPE DEPLOYMENT. UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS, CURRENT U.S.

SUBJECTED TO BW ATTACKS. SEVERAL PLAUSIBLE SCENARIOS DEMONSTRATE

- -- BIOLOGICAL WARFARE COUNTERMEASURES WOULD PROVE INADEQUATE IN THE
- -- EVENT OF A BW ATTACK. BIOLOGICAL WARFARE, BW, GERM WARFARE,
- -- TERRORISM, BIOTERRORISM, ANTHRAX, PLAGUE, PROLIFERATION, WEAPONS OF
- -- MASS DESTRUCTION
- --28 ABSTRACT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --29 INITIAL INVENTORY: 2

- --33 LIMITATION CODES: 1
- --35 SOURCE CODE: 037260
- --36 ITEM LOCATION: DTIC/NTIS
- --40 GEOPOLITICAL CODE: 2002
- --41 TYPE CODE: A
- --43 IAC DOCUMENT TYPE:

- -- 1 AD NUMBER: A283936
- -- 2 FIELDS AND GROUPS: 15/6.7, 15/3, 5/1, 5/9
- -- 3 ENTRY CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- -- 5 CORPORATE AUTHOR: ARMY WAR COLL STRATEGIC STUDIES INST CARLISLE
- -- BARRACKS PA
- -- 6 UNCLASSIFIED TITLE: RESPONDING TO TERRORISM ACROSS THE
- -- TECHNOLOGICAL SPECTRUM.
- -- 9 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
- --10 PERSONAL AUTHORS: HOFFMANAN, BRUCE
- --11 REPORT DATE: JUL 15, 1994
- --12 PAGINATION: 41P MEDIA COST: \$ 6.00 PRICE CODE: AA
- --18 MONITOR ACRONYM: XA
- --19 MONITOR SERIES: AWC/SSI
- --20 REPORT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --23 DESCRIPTORS: *TERRORISM, *UNCONVENTIONAL WARFARE, BOMBS,
- CONVENTIONAL WARFARE, FERTILIZERS, ADVANCED WEAPONS, GUERRILLA
- WARFARE, INSURGENCY, TARGETS, LOW INTENSITY CONFLICT, TERRORISTS,
- -- UNITED STATES, VIRUSES, WARFARE, NUCLEAR WARFARE, CHEMICAL WARFARE,
- -- BIOLOGICAL WARFARE, VULNERABILITY, THREAT EVALUATION, VIRUS
- DISEASES.
- --24 DESCRIPTOR CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --25 IDENTIFIERS: LPN-TRADOC-ACN-94020, RMA(REVOLUTION IN MILITARY
- -- AFFAIRS), REVOLUTION IN MILITARY AFFAIRS, TECHNOLOGICAL WARFARE,
- -- AMATEUR TERRORISTS, PROFESSIONAL TERRORISTS, POLITICAL IDEOLOGIES,
- -- RELIGIOUS IDEOLOGIES, FERTILIZER BOMBS.
- --26 IDENTIFIER CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --27 ABSTRACT: THE AUTHOR EXAMINES THE CHANGING NATURE OF TERRORISM.
- -- IN COMPARISON TO PROFESSIONAL, TERRORISTS PURSUING SPECIFIC
- -- POLITICAL OR IDEOLOGICAL OBJECTIVES, TODAY'S AMATEURS OFTEN ACT
- -- FROM RELIGIOUS OR RACIAL CONVICTIONS. THEIR OBJECTIVE MAY BE TO
- -- KILL LARGE NUMBERS OF PEOPLE. THEY ARE LESS PREDICTABLE AND, THEREFORE, MORE DIFFICULT TO APPREHEND BEFORE THE INCIDENT OCCURS,
- -- AND HAVE LETHAL DEVICES RANGING FROM THE RELATIVELY SIMPLE
- -- FERTILIZER BOMB TO BIOLOGICALLY-ALTERED VIRUSES. SINCE THE UNITED
- -- STATES WILL REMAIN AN ATTRACTIVE TARGET, WE NEED TO UNDERSTAND AND
- -- PREPARE FOR THIS NEW KIND OF TERRORISM. TERRORISM, REVOLUTION IN
- -- MILITARY AFFAIRS, INSURGENCY, GUERRILLA WARFARE, TECHNOLOGICAL
- -- WARFARE, CONVENTIONAL WARFARE, AMATEUR TERRORIST, PROFESSIONAL
- -- TERRORIST
- --28 ABSTRACT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --29 INITIAL INVENTORY: 1
- --33 LIMITATION CODES: 1
- --34 SOURCE SERIES: F
- --35 SOURCE CODE: 390230
- --36 ITEM LOCATION: DTIC/NTIS
- --40 GEOPOLITICAL CODE: 4219
- --41 TYPE CODE: A

--43 - IAC DOCUMENT TYPE:

__****

Available from NTIS; Tel: (703) 487-4650; http://www.ntis.gov

- -- 1 AD NUMBER: A286301
- -- 2 FIELDS AND GROUPS: 15/6.3, 6/15, 6/5, 15/3
- -- 3 ENTRY CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- -- 5 CORPORATE AUTHOR: ARMY MEDICAL RESEARCH INST OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES FORT DETRICK MD
- -- 6 UNCLASSIFIED TITLE: DEFENSE AGAINST TOXIN WEAPONS,
- -- 8 TITLE CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --10 PERSONAL AUTHORS: FRANZ, DAVID R.
- --11 REPORT DATE: , 1994
- --12 PAGINATION: 57P MEDIA COST: \$ 6.00 PRICE CODE: AA
- --18 MONITOR ACRONYM: XA
- --19 MONITOR SERIES: USAMRIID
- --20 REPORT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --23 DESCRIPTORS: *BIOLOGICAL AGENTS, *TOXINS AND ANTITOXINS,
- -- *DEFENSE SYSTEMS, *WEAPONS, PROTECTION, MANUALS, MILITARY PERSONNEL,
- -- TERRORISM, TOXICITY, THREATS, INFORMATION PROCESSING, INFECTIOUS
- -- DISEASES, MEDICAL SERVICES, COUNTERMEASURES, PROTECTIVE MASKS,
- DECONTAMINATION.
- --24 DESCRIPTOR CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --27 ABSTRACT: THE PURPOSE OF THIS MANUAL IS TO PROVIDE BASIC
- -- INFORMATION ON BIOLOGICAL TOXINS TO MILITARY LEADERS AND HEALTH-
- -- CARE PROVIDERS AT ALL LEVELS TO HELP THEM MAKE INFORMED DECISIONS
- -- ON PROTECTING THEIR TROOPS FROM TOXINS. MUCH OF THE INFORMATION
- -- CONTAINED HEREIN WILL ALSO BE OF INTEREST TO INDIVIDUALS CHARGED
- -- WITH COUNTERING DOMESTIC AND INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM. WE TYPICALLY
- -- FEAR WHAT WE DO NOT UNDERSTAND
- --28 ABSTRACT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --33 LIMITATION CODES: 1
- --35 SOURCE CODE: 405039
- --36 ITEM LOCATION: DTIC/NTIS
- --40 GEOPOLITICAL CODE: 2406
- --41 TYPE CODE: A
- --43 IAC DOCUMENT TYPE:

__****

- -- 1 AD NUMBER: A291072
- -- 2 FIELDS AND GROUPS: 15/1, 15/6, 24/6
- -- 3 ENTRY CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- -- 5 CORPORATE AUTHOR: INSTITUTE FOR DEFENSE ANALYSES ALEXANDRIA VA
- -- 6 UNCLASSIFIED TITLE: THE DEFENSE SCIENCE STUDY GROUP, 1989-1991,
- -- VOLUME 1.
- -- 8 TITLE CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- -- 9 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: SUMMARY REPT.,
- --10 PERSONAL AUTHORS: LICATO, N. P.
- --11 REPORT DATE: MAR , 1992
- --12 PAGINATION: 339P MEDIA COST: \$11.00 PRICE CODE: AD
- --14 REPORT NUMBER: IDA-P-2923-VOL-1
- --15 CONTRACT NUMBER: MDA903-89-C-0003
- --18 MONITOR ACRONYM: XT
- --19 MONITOR SERIES: ARPA
- --20 REPORT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --23 DESCRIPTORS: *NATIONAL SECURITY, *WASTE DISPOSAL, *RADIOACTIVE

- -- WASTES, *ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION, *BIOTECHNOLOGY, NUCLEAR WARFARE,
- -- MILITARY FACILITIES, INTELLIGENCE, DEFENSE SYSTEMS, EDUCATION,
- -- COMPOSITE MATERIALS, OPTICAL IMAGES, ALLOYS, CERAMIC MATERIALS,
- -- FEASIBILITY STUDIES, INFRARED IMAGES, BIOLOGICAL WARFARE, CHEMICAL
- -- WARFARE, POWER, NOISE REDUCTION, INDUSTRIAL PLANTS, TARGET
- -- DETECTION, SITE INVESTIGATIONS, TACTICAL WEAPONS, SPACE OBJECTS,
- -- SOLID PROPELLANT ROCKET ENGINES, TERRORISM, SCIENTISTS, STRATEGIC
- -- AIR COMMAND.
- --24 DESCRIPTOR CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --25 IDENTIFIERS: CLEAN UP, NUCLEAR WASTE DISPOSAL, BIOMETRICS
- --26 IDENTIFIER CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --27 ABSTRACT: THE DEFENSE SCIENCE STUDY GROUP (DSSG) IS A PROGRAM
- -- SPONSORED BY THE DEFENSE ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY (DARPA) AND MANAGED BY THE INSTITUTE FOR DEFENSE ANALYSES (IDA). THE
- -- PURPOSE OF THE PROGRAM IS TO IDENTIFY SOME OF THE MOST TALENTED
- -- YOUNG SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS FROM ACADEMIA AND EXPOSE THEM TO
- -- ISSUES AND OPERATIONS RELATED TO NATIONAL SECURITY. BY
- -- STRENGTHENING TIES BETWEEN THE SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS AND THE
- -- NATIONAL SECURITY COMMUNITY IT IS HOPED THAT THE GOVERNMENT WILL BE
- -- PROVIDED WITH A NEW SOURCE OF TECHNICAL ADVISORS AND INFORMED
- -- CRITICS. INDIVIDUALS SPEND ABOUT 20 DAYS PER YEAR FOR 2 (OR 3) YEARS RECEIVING BRIEFINGS BY DISTINGUISHED SPEAKERS; VISITING
- -- LABORATORIES, INTELLIGENCE ORGANIZATIONS, AND MILITARY,
- -- MANUFACTURING, AND INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES; AND CONDUCTING STUDIES ON
- -- DEFENSE-RELATED TOPICS. A GROUP OF MENTORS WHO HAVE DISTINGUISHED
- -- CAREERS IN DEFENSE, INDUSTRY, OR ACADEMIA PROVIDE GUIDANCE TO THE
- -- PROGRAM. THIS REPORT SUMMARIZES THE PROGRAM'S ACTIVITIES FROM 1989-
- -- 1991. -BKA
- --28 ABSTRACT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --29 INITIAL INVENTORY: 2
- --33 LIMITATION CODES: 1
- --34 SOURCE SERIES: S
- --35 SOURCE CODE: 179350
- --36 ITEM LOCATION: DTIC/NTIS
- --40 GEOPOLITICAL CODE: 5108
- --41 TYPE CODE: W
- --43 IAC DOCUMENT TYPE:
- __****

- -- 1 AD NUMBER: A295257
- -- 2 FIELDS AND GROUPS: 5/4, 15/6.3
- -- 3 ENTRY CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- -- 5 CORPORATE AUTHOR: ARMY WAR COLL CARLISLE BARRACKS PA
- -- 6 UNCLASSIFIED TITLE: ENGAGEMENT AND DISARMAMENT: A U.S. NATIONAL SECURITY STRATEGY FOR BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS OF MASS
- -- DESTRUCTION.
- -- 8 TITLE CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- -- 9 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: STRATEGY RESEARCH PROJECT,
- --10 PERSONAL AUTHORS: MOILANEN, JON H.; MCINTYRE, ANDREW J., JR.;
- -- JOHNSON, DOUHLAS V.
- --11 REPORT DATE: APR 18, 1995
- --12 PAGINATION: 59P MEDIA COST: \$ 6.00 PRICE CODE: AA
- --18 MONITOR ACRONYM: XA
- --19 MONITOR SERIES: USAWC
- --20 REPORT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED

- --23 DESCRIPTORS: *WEAPONS, *NATIONAL SECURITY, *BIOLOGICAL WARFARE,
- -- STABILITY, WARFARE, MILITARY STRATEGY, UNITED STATES, INTEGRATED
- -- SYSTEMS, BIOLOGY, PERSIAN GULF, MASS, ASSAULT, DESTRUCTION,
- -- CHEMICAL ORDNANCE, BIOTECHNOLOGY, TERRORISM, DISARMAMENT.
- --24 DESCRIPTOR CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --27 ABSTRACT: THE SPECTER OF BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS -- ONE OF THE THREE
- -- WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION (WMD) -- IS AN UNUSUAL AND
- -- EXTRAORDINARY THREAT TO THE NATIONAL SECURITY OF THE UNITED STATES.
- -- SINCE THE U.S. UNILATERALLY RENOUNCED BIOLOGICAL WARFARE IN 1969,
- -- BIOTECHNOLOGY ADVANCES, AGGRESSIVE NATION-STATES, AND TERRORISM
- -- HAVE COMPLICATED A PRECARIOUS BALANCE OF WORLD AND REGIONAL
- -- STABILITY. U.S. SHORTFALLS IN BIOLOGICAL WARFARE PREPAREDNESS DURING THE PERSIAN GULF WAR MAY CONVINCE POTENTIAL ADVERSARIES
- -- THAT THE U.S. IS INCAPABLE OF PROTECTING ITS VITAL INTERESTS FROM
- -- BIOLOGICAL ASSAULT. THIS PAPER EXAMINES THE MENACE OF BIOLOGICAL
- -- WEAPONS AND GLOBAL CHALLENGES TO NONPROLIFERATION AND
- -- COUNTERPROLIFERATION. ANALYSIS CONCLUDES THAT THE UNITED STATES
- -- CAN DISSUADE, DETER, AND DEFEND AGAINST BIOLOGICAL WARFARE AND
- -- TERRORISM WITH AN INTEGRATED NATIONAL SECURITY STRATEGY FOR
- -- BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS ENGAGEMENT AND DISARMAMENT.
- --28 ABSTRACT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --29 INITIAL INVENTORY: 2
- --33 LIMITATION CODES: 1
- --35 SOURCE CODE: 403565
- --36 ITEM LOCATION: DTIC/NTIS
- --40 GEOPOLITICAL CODE: 4219
- --41 TYPE CODE: A
- --43 IAC DOCUMENT TYPE:

- -- 1 AD NUMBER: A306176
- -- 2 FIELDS AND GROUPS: 15/6.3
- -- 3 ENTRY CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- -- 5 CORPORATE AUTHOR: NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL MONTEREY CA
- -- 6 UNCLASSIFIED TITLE: COUNTERPROLIFERATION OF BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS.
- -- 8 TITLE CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- -- 9 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: MASTER'S THESIS,
- --10 PERSONAL AUTHORS: COLLINS, RAYMOND P., JR
- --11 REPORT DATE: SEP , 1995
- --12 PAGINATION: 69P MEDIA COST: \$ 6.00 PRICE CODE: AA
- --18 MONITOR ACRONYM: XB
- --19 MONITOR SERIES: NPS
- --20 REPORT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --23 DESCRIPTORS: *BIOLOGICAL WARFARE, *BIOLOGICAL WARFARE AGENTS,
- -- NUCLEAR WEAPONS, BATTLEFIELDS, THESES, COLD WAR, CHEMICAL WARFARE,
- -- MASS DESTRUCTION WEAPONS, STRATEGIC WARFARE, CHEMICAL ORDNANCE,
- -- INFECTIOUS DISEASES, BIOTECHNOLOGY, TACTICAL WARFARE, SPECIAL
- -- FORCES, IRAN, TERRORISM, COUNTERMEASURES, INTERNATIONAL LAW,
- -- DETERRENCE.
- --24 DESCRIPTOR CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --25 IDENTIFIERS: PROLIFERATION
- --26 IDENTIFIER CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --27 ABSTRACT: WHEN THE BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION OPENED FOR
- -- SIGNATURE IN 1972, THE BATTLE AGAINST INFECTIOUS DISEASE APPEARED
- -- TO HAVE BEEN WON AND THE BIOLOGICAL WARFARE PROGRAMS OF THE UNITED

- -- STATES AND SOVIET UNION SEEMED TO BE IRRELEVANT IN THE GLOBAL
- -- CONFLICT DOMINATED BY STRATEGIC NUCLEAR WEAPONS. THE END OF THE
- -- COLD WAR, THE AIDS EPIDEMIC AND THE BIOTECHNOLOGY REVOLUTION HAVE SHATTERED THE PARADIGM OF 1972. OFFENSIVE BIOLOGICAL WARFARE MAY
- -- NOW BE A VIABLE THREAT. THE FIRST CHAPTER EVALUATES THE UTILITY OF
- -- BIOLOGICAL WARFARE IN A TACTICAL BATTLEFIELD SCENARIO: A STRATEGIC
- -- SCENARIO; AND A SPECIAL FORCES OR TERRORIST SCENARIO. THE SECOND
- -- CHAPTER EXAMINES THE STAGES IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF AN OFFENSIVE
- -- PROGRAM AND HOW THE BIOTECHNOLOGY REVOLUTION HAS FACILITATED THEM.
- -- CHAPTER THREE EXAMINES THE DECISION TO USE BIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL
- -- WEAPONS AND WHAT CAN BE DONE TO DETER THAT DECISION.
- --28 ABSTRACT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --29 INITIAL INVENTORY: 2
- --33 LIMITATION CODES: 1
- --35 SOURCE CODE: 251450
- --36 ITEM LOCATION: DTIC/NTIS
- --40 GEOPOLITICAL CODE: 0612
- --41 TYPE CODE: N
- --43 IAC DOCUMENT TYPE:

- -- 1 AD NUMBER: A307327
- 2 FIELDS AND GROUPS: 15/6.3, 15/6.7
- -- 3 ENTRY CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- -- 5 CORPORATE AUTHOR: NAVAL WAR COLL NEWPORT RI JOINT MILITARY
- -- OPERATIONS DEPT
- -- 6 UNCLASSIFIED TITLE: THE KING HAS NO CLOTHES: THE ROLE OF THE
- -- MILITARY IN RESPONDING TO A TERRORIST CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL ATTACK.
- -- 8 TITLE CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- -- 9 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
- --10 PERSONAL AUTHORS: OSTERMAN, JOSEPH L.
- --11 REPORT DATE: JUN 14, 1996
- --12 PAGINATION: 25P MEDIA COST: \$ 6.00 PRICE CODE: AA
- --18 MONITOR ACRONYM: XB
- --19 MONITOR SERIES: NWC
- --20 REPORT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --23 DESCRIPTORS: *WEAPONS, *BIOLOGICAL WARFARE, *CHEMICAL WARFARE,
- -- *MASS DESTRUCTION WEAPONS, *TERRORISM, WARFARE, DEPARTMENT OF
- -- DEFENSE, GULFS, MARINE CORPS, UNITED STATES, DISASTERS, PREPARATION,
- -- EMPLOYMENT, TASK FORCES, MASS, DESTRUCTION, SOILS, RESPONSE,
- -- MISSIONS, CHEMICAL ORDNANCE, GB AGENT.
- --24 DESCRIPTOR CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --25 IDENTIFIERS: TERRORISM, WMD(WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION),
- -- FBI(FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION)
- --26 IDENTIFIER CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --27 ABSTRACT: THE USE OF SARIN BY THE AUM SHINRIKYO CULT IN THE TOKYO
- -- SUBWAY ON 20 MARCH 1995 PROVED TO THE WORLD THAT TERRORISM HAD
- -- CROSSED THE THRESHOLD OF WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION (WMD) USE.
- -- IRAQ'S REVELATIONS OF BIOLOGICAL/CHEMICAL WEAPONS PREPARATIONS DURING THE GULF WAR HAS SHOWN THE POTENTIAL FOR USE OF THESE
- -- WEAPONS BY ROGUE STATES. THE UNITED STATES HAS BEGUN A PROGRAM OF
- -- COUNTERPROLIFERATION IN ORDER TO PREEMPT THE USE OF WMD BY SUCH
- -- ELEMENTS, HOWEVER, THE ABILITY TO RESPOND TO THE TERRORIST
- -- EMPLOYMENT OF BIOLOGICAL/CHEMICAL WEAPONS IS GLARINGLY ABSENT.
- -- GIVEN THE STRUCTURE, CAPABILITY AND TECHNICAL EXPERTISE IN THE

- -- FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY (FEMA) AND THE FEDERAL BUREAU
- -- OF INVESTIGATION (FBI), THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE (DOD) WILL BE
- -- TASKED TO CONDUCT THE RESPONSE TO SUCH AN INCIDENT. THE
- -- GEOGRAPHICAL COMMANDER IN CHIEF (CINC) AND THE APPOINTED JOINT TASK
- -- FORCE (JTF) COMMANDER WILL ULTIMATELY BE ASSIGNED THE RESPONSE
- -- MISSION. PLANNING, TRAINING AND COORDINATION IS REQUIRED TO DEVELOP
- -- A FORCE CAPABLE OF RESPONDING IN A TIMELY AND COORDINATED MANNER.
- -- THE RECENT INITIATIVE BY THE MARINE CORPS TO DEVELOP A BIO/CHEM
- -- RESPONSE UNIT IS A BEGINNING, BUT IS VERY LIMITED IN CAPABILITY.
- -- THE POTENTIAL FOR SUCH A DISASTER ON AMERICAN SOIL CAN NO LONGER BE
- IGNORED NOR CAN THE RESPONSE TO IT BE CONSIDERED 'TOO HARD'.
- --28 ABSTRACT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --29 INITIAL INVENTORY: 2
- --33 LIMITATION CODES: 1
- --34 SOURCE SERIES: F
- --35 SOURCE CODE: 429792
- --36 ITEM LOCATION: DTIC/NTIS
- --40 GEOPOLITICAL CODE: 4401
- --41 TYPE CODE: N
- --43 IAC DOCUMENT TYPE:

- -- 1 AD NUMBER: A311682
- -- 2 FIELDS AND GROUPS: 5/4, 15/6
- -- 3 ENTRY CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- -- 5 CORPORATE AUTHOR: NAVAL WAR COLL NEWPORT RI
- -- 6 UNCLASSIFIED TITLE: THE IRANIAN THREAT: KEY CONCERNS FOR THE
- -- COMBATANT COMMANDER IN RESPONSE.
- -- 8 TITLE CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- -- 9 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: FINAL REPT.,
- --10 PERSONAL AUTHORS: JASPER, SCOTT
- --11 REPORT DATE: MAR 05, 1996
- --12 PAGINATION: 27P MEDIA COST: \$ 6.00 PRICE CODE: AA
- --18 MONITOR ACRONYM: XB
- --19 MONITOR SERIES: NWC
- --20 REPORT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --23 DESCRIPTORS: *RESPONSE, *THREAT EVALUATION, *MILITARY
- -- COMMANDERS, *IRAN, *POLITICAL NEGOTIATIONS, GUIDED MISSILES, DIESEL
- -- ENGINES, STABILITY, IRAQ, MILITARY STRATEGY, THEATER LEVEL
- -- OPERATIONS, POLICIES, NATIONAL SECURITY, EXPORTS, MILITARY AIRCRAFT, ECONOMICS, GOVERNMENT(FOREIGN), ISLAM, MILITARY FORCES(FOREIGN),
- -- ATTACK, POLITICAL ALLIANCES, POPULATION, AIR STRIKES, MILITARY
- -- CAPABILITIES, BIOLOGICAL WARFARE, ACCESS, ELECTRIC POWER, CHEMICAL
- -- ORDNANCE, OILS, SUBMARINES, TERRORISM, RELIGION, ADVANCED WEAPONS,
- -- PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, LIQUEFIED GASES, STRATEGIC AREAS, MILITARY ART.
- --24 DESCRIPTOR CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --25 IDENTIFIERS: OPERATIONAL ART, REARMAMENT
- --26 IDENTIFIER CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --27 ABSTRACT: IN THE AFTERMATH OF THE GULF WAR WITH IRAQ, THE ISLAMIC
- -- REPUBLIC OF IRAN HAS EMERGED AS THE GREATEST LONG-TERM THREAT TO
- -- PEACE AND STABILITY IN THE CENTRAL REGION. THROUGH PURCHASE OF A
- -- WIDE RANGE OF HIGH-TECH WEAPONS, IRAN NOW HAS A FORMIDABLE MILITARY
- -- FORCE CAPABLE OF INFLUENCING GULF ECONOMIC POLICY. HOWEVER, IN THE
- -- EVENT OF IRANIAN AGGRESSION, THE UNITED STATES CENTRAL COMMAND
 -- STANDS READY TO DEFEND VITAL U.S. INTERESTS IN THE MIDDLE EAST. THE

- -- NATIONAL STRATEGY OF IRAN IS BOUND BY THE RELIGIOUS TENETS OF ISLAM
- -- AND AN OIL BASED ECONOMY STRUGGLING TO SUPPORT A POPULATION WHICH
- -- HAS EXPLODED OVER THE PAST SIXTEEN YEARS. IRAN SEEKS TO BUILD
- -- GLOBAL ALLIANCES FOR EXPORT OF OIL AND LIQUID PETROLEUM GAS WHILE
- -- CONTINUING SUPPORT FOR ISLAMIC COMMUNITIES UNDER ATTACK. IRAN
- -- PERCEIVES THE U.S. AND THE EMERGING REGIONAL ORDER TO BE THE
- -- GREATEST THREAT TO THE REPUBLIC'S EXISTENCE AND, IN RESPONSE, HAS
- -- BOUGHT FAST ATTACK MISSILE PATROL BOATS, DIESEL ELECTRIC SUBMARINES, BALLISTIC MISSILES AND LONG RANGE STRIKE AIRCRAFT. IRAN IS NOW
- -- CAPABLE OF CONDUCTING TERRORIST ACTIVITIES, DENYING INTERNATIONAL
- -- ACCESS TO THE GULF AND THREATENING THE REGION WITH CHEMICAL/
- -- BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS. THE COMBATANT COMMANDER'S THEATER STRATEGY MUST
- -- BE TAILORED TO RESPOND RAPIDLY AND DECISIVELY TO THE GROWING
- -- IRANIAN THREAT.
- --28 ABSTRACT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --29 INITIAL INVENTORY: 2
- --33 LIMITATION CODES: 1
- --34 SOURCE SERIES: F
- --35 SOURCE CODE: 252900
- --36 ITEM LOCATION: DTIC/NTIS
- --40 GEOPOLITICAL CODE: 4401
- --41 TYPE CODE: N
- --43 IAC DOCUMENT TYPE:

- -- 1 AD NUMBER: A320599
- -- 2 FIELDS AND GROUPS: 15/6.3, 15/6.7, 15/6.4
- -- 3 ENTRY CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- -- 5 CORPORATE AUTHOR: NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL MONTEREY CA
- -- 6 UNCLASSIFIED TITLE: THE THREAT OF RADIOLOGICAL TERRORISM.
- -- 8 TITLE CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- -- 9 DESCRIPTIVE NOTE: MASTER'S THESIS,
- --10 PERSONAL AUTHORS: WOODS, MATTHEW E.
- --11 REPORT DATE: SEP , 1996
- --12 PAGINATION: 126P MEDIA COST: \$11.00 PRICE CODE: AB
- --18 MONITOR ACRONYM: XB
- --19 MONITOR SERIES: NPS
- --20 REPORT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --23 DESCRIPTORS: *TERRORISM, *RADIOLOGICAL WARFARE, NUCLEAR
- -- WARFARE, NUCLEAR WEAPONS, TERRORISTS, VULNERABILITY, THESES, THREAT
- -- EVALUATION, BIOLOGICAL WARFARE, CHEMICAL WARFARE, NUCLEAR POWER
- -- PLANTS, RADIOACTIVE MATERIALS, MASS DESTRUCTION WEAPONS, DOSE RATE,
- -- COUNTERTERRORISM, RADIOACTIVE CONTAMINATION, NATIONAL DEFENSE,
- -- RADIOACTIVE ISOTOPES, PUBLIC SAFETY, HALF LIFE.
- --24 DESCRIPTOR CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --27 ABSTRACT: WMD TERRORISM IS A NEW CONCERN. THE UNITED STATES IS
- -- PREPARING FOR THE POSSIBILITY OF TERRORIST ACTS INVOLVING CHEMICAL,
- -- BIOLOGICAL, AND NUCLEAR WEAPONS, BUT THE SCOPE OF THESE
- PREPARATIONS IS TOO NARROW. THIS THESIS ARGUES THAT RADIOLOGICAL
- -- DEVICES ARE ALSO VIABLE WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION FOR TERRORISM.
- -- RADIOLOGICAL WEAPONS ARE NOT NUCLEAR EXPLOSIVES; THEY ARE DESIGNED
- -- TO DISPERSE RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL OVER AN AREA BY MECHANICAL MEANS
- -- OR CONVENTIONAL EXPLOSIVES. THE POTENTIAL FOR RADIOLOGICAL
- -- TERRORISM DEPENDS UPON ACCESS TO THE REQUIRED NUCLEAR MATERIALS AND THE MOTIVATIONS FOR TERRORISTS TO USE RADIOLOGICAL WEAPONS.

- -- RADIOLOGICAL WEAPONS CAN USE NON-WEAPONS GRADE NUCLEAR MATERIAL
- -- WHICH IS WIDELY ACCESSIBLE THROUGHOUT THE WORLD. THE MATERIAL IS
- -- UNDER A SPECTRUM OF PHYSICAL SECURITY SYSTEMS WITH LITTLE
- -- ACCOUNTABILITY AND VERIFICATION. RADIOLOGICAL WEAPONS CAN FURTHER
- -- TERRORIST OBJECTIVES BECAUSE THEY CAN BE USED TO CONTAMINATE
- -- INDIVIDUALS WITHOUT PRODUCING THE IMMEDIATE AND WIDESPREAD
- -- CATASTROPHIC DAMAGE NORMALLY ASSOCIATED WITH WMD. THIS PROSPECT OF
- -- CONTAMINATION IS ENOUGH TO INCITE THE PUBLIC'S FEAR OF THE NUCLEAR
- -- UNKNOWN OR NUCLEAR PHOBIA. TO COUNTER RADIOLOGICAL TERRORISM, THE U.
- -- S. GOVERNMENT SHOULD EXPAND INDICATIONS AND WARNING THROUGH EFFORTS
- -- TO MAXIMIZE THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY'S HUMAN INTELLIGENCE ASSETS
- -- AND EXPLOIT OPEN SOURCE COLLECTION.
- --28 ABSTRACT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --29 INITIAL INVENTORY: 2
- --33 LIMITATION CODES: 1
- --35 SOURCE CODE: 251450
- --36 ITEM LOCATION: DTIC/NTIS
- --40 GEOPOLITICAL CODE: 0612
- --41 TYPE CODE: N
- --43 IAC DOCUMENT TYPE:

Available from NTIS; Tel: (703) 487-4650; http://www.ntis.gov

- -- 1 AD NUMBER: 638391
- -- 2 FIELDS AND GROUPS: 15/2, 15/6.3
- -- 3 ENTRY CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- -- 5 CORPORATE AUTHOR: ARMY BIOLOGICAL LABS FREDERICK MD
- -- 6 UNCLASSIFIED TITLE: BIOLOGICAL WARFARE. NATURE AND
- -- CONSEQUENCES.
- -- 8 TITLE CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --10 PERSONAL AUTHORS: FOTHERGILL, LEROY D.;
- --11 REPORT DATE: FEB , 1963
- --12 PAGINATION: 8P MEDIA COST: \$ 6.00 PRICE CODE: AA
- --20 REPORT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --21 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE: PREPARED FOR PRESENTATION AT THE STATELINE COURSE ON MEDICAL ASPECTS OF CIVIL DEFENSE, FEBRUARY 1963.
- --22 LIMITATIONS (ALPHA): AVAILABILITY: PUBLISHED IN TEXAS STATE
- -- JOURNAL OF MEDICINE V60 P8-14 JAN 1964.
- --23 DESCRIPTORS: (*BIOLOGICAL WARFARE, THREAT EVALUATION),
- -- BIOLOGICAL WARFARE AGENTS, WEAPON SYSTEMS, SABOTAGE, CIVIL DEFENSE
- --24 DESCRIPTOR CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --27 ABSTRACT: HUMANS, ANIMALS, BIRDS, INSECTS, AND EVEN CROPS ARE
- -- SUBJECT TO THE EFFECTS OF BIOLOGICAL WARFARE. POSSIBLE AGENTS ARE
- -- MENTIONED; METHODS OF DELIVERY AND MECHANISMS OF TRANSMITTING THEM
- -- ARE REPORTED. IMMUNIZATION, TRAINED PERSONNEL, LABORATORY
- -- FACILITIES, AND MORE RESEARCH ARE VITAL TO DEFENSE. (AUTHOR)
- --28 ABSTRACT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --29 INITIAL INVENTORY: 19
- --30 ANNOTATION: REPRINT: BIOLOGICAL WARFARE. NATURE AND CONSEQUENCES.
- --33 LIMITATION CODES: 1 20
- --35 SOURCE CODE: 036550
- --36 ITEM LOCATION: DTIC/NTIS
- --40 GEOPOLITICAL CODE: 2406
- --41 TYPE CODE: A
- --43 IAC DOCUMENT TYPE:

__****

- -- 1 AD NUMBER: 333423
- -- 2 FIELDS AND GROUPS: 5/1, 12/4, 15/2, 15/6.7
- -- 3 ENTRY CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- -- 5 CORPORATE AUTHOR: AIR DEFENSE COMMAND ENT AFB COLO OFFICE OF
- -- OPERATIONS ANALYSIS
- -- 6 UNCLASSIFIED TITLE: PASSIVE DEFENSE AND CLANDESTINE ATTACK
- -- 8 TITLE CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --10 PERSONAL AUTHORS: BALLOCH, JOHN;
- --11 REPORT DATE: JUN , 1962
- --12 PAGINATION: XXXXXX MEDIA COST: \$ 6.00 PRICE CODE: AA
- --14 REPORT NUMBER: WP4
- --20 REPORT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --23 DESCRIPTORS: *NATIONAL DEFENSE, *SABOTAGE, AIR DEFENSE COMMAND,
- -- AIR FORCE OPERATIONS, MILITARY OPERATIONS, BIOLOGICAL WARFARE,
- -- CHEMICAL WARFARE, CIVIL DEFENSE, OPERATIONS RESEARCH, PROTECTIVE
- -- COVERINGS, SECURE COMMUNICATIONS
- --24 DESCRIPTOR CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --27 ABSTRACT: IT WAS DETERMINED THROUGH INTERVIEWS, EXAMINATION OF
- -- MAPS SHOWING COMMUNICATION NETS (LAND LINES, MICROWAVE, RADIO, ETC.)
- -- , EXAMINATION OF PERTINENT DOCUMENTS OF STRUCTURES FOR VITAL OR
- -- WEAK POINTS, ETC. THE 26TH AIR DIVISION IS VULNERABLE TO COVERT
- -- ATTACK IN A VARIETY OF WAYS. (1) TOXIC AGENTS, PRESUMABLY G-TYPE
- -- AEROSOLS COULD BE INTRODUCED INTO AIR CONDITIONING INLETS FROM
- -- BEYOND GUARDED AREAS. (2) SAGE INSTALLATIONS HAVE VITAL POINTS
- -- SUCH AS COOLING TOWERS WHICH, IF DESTROYED BY HE EXPLOSIONS, COULD
- -- RENDER COMPUTERS USELESS. (3) THE ENTIRE SYSTEM UTILIZES HUNDREDS
- -- OF MILES OF LAND LINES WHICH COULD BE DESTROYED AT ANY POINT. LAND
- -- LINES ARE CENTRALIZED AT KEY COMMERCIAL FACILITIES MAKING THE WORK
- -- OF A SABOTEUR EASY. THE UNGUARDED GAPFILLER RADARS, SOME 50-70
- -- MILES FROM A PRIME RADAR SITE WOULD HAVE TO BE WRITTEN OFF.
- -- RECOMMENDATIONS INCLUDE EXPANDING GUARDED PERIMETERS AROUND ALL AIR
- -- DEFENSE INSTALLATIONS AND SEARCHING VEHICLES SUCH AS TRASH PICK-UP
- -- TRUCKS, FOOD AND FUEL DELIVERY TRUCKS, ETC. WITH RESPECT TO
- -- COMMUNICATIONS, LAND LINES (MICROWAVE, RADIO, MARS, PRIVATE RADIO
- -- SYSTEMS) SHOULD BE UTILIZED IN A WIDE VARIETY OF ALTERNATIVES. (AUTHOR)
- --28 ABSTRACT CLASSIFICATION: UNCLASSIFIED
- --30 ANNOTATION: PASSIVE DEFENSE AND CLANDESTINE ATTACK.
- --33 LIMITATION CODES: 2
- --35 SOURCE CODE: 270150
- --36 ITEM LOCATION: DTIC
- --40 GEOPOLITICAL CODE: 0803
- --41 TYPE CODE: F
- --43 IAC DOCUMENT TYPE:
- __****



NOTE: UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED THE DOCUMENTS IN THIS SECTION ARE AVAILABLE FROM THE DEFENSE TECHNICAL INFORMATION CENTER (DTIC), 8725 JOHN J. KINGMAN ROAD, SUITE 0944, FORT BELVOIR, VA 22060-6218. TELEPHONE: 1-800-CAL-DTIC (225-3842) [HTTP://WWW.DTIC.MIL]

Title: TOKYO SUBWAY HIT BY TOXIN.

Author(s): EASTON, THOMAS

Publication Date: 19950320

Descriptive Note: NEWSPAPER ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: THE

BALTIMORE SUN, MONDAY, MARCH 20, 1995, PAGES 1 AND 5A.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 1

Corporate Author: BALTIMORE SUN (THE) BALTIMORE MD

Abstract: THIS ARTICLE REPORTS ON THE TERRORIST ATTACK ON

TOKYO'S SUBWAY DURING RUSH HOUR. TOXIC FUMES SPREAD THROUGH TOKYO'S CROWDED COMMUTER SUBWAY SYSTEM AT THE PEAK OF ITS MORNING RUSH HOUR, PARALYZING TRANSPORT, SICKENING THOUSANDS AND KILLING AT LEAST SIX PEOPLE, IN WHAT APPEARED TO BE A WELL-COORDINATED ATTACK ON THE CAPITAL. AUTHORITIES SAID THAT IT WAS "HIGHLY POSSIBLE"

THAT THE GAS WAS SARIN.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: CASUALTIES; CHEMICAL AGENTS; CIVIL DEFENSE; G

AGENTS; GB; JAPAN; NERVE AGENTS; SABOTAGE;

TERRORISM

CBIAC Identifiers (Keywords): MASS TRANSPORTATION; SUBWAY; TOKYO

Title: ARMS CONTROL TODAY, VOLUME 25, NUMBER 3, APRIL 1995.

Author(s): BAKER, JAMES; DONNELLY, WARREN H.; TALBOT,

STROBE; TUCKER, JONATHAN B.

Publication Date: 19950401 Descriptive Note: JOURNAL

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: ARMS CONTROL ASSOCIATION, 1726 M STREET NW, SUITE

201, WASHINGTON, DC 20036.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 28

Corporate Author: ARMS CONTROL ASSOCIATION WASHINGTON DC

Abstract: THIS ISSUE OF ARMS CONTROL TODAY CONTAINS THE

FOLLOWING ARTICLES: TOKYO TERROR AND CHEMICAL ARMS CONTROL BY SPURGEON M. KEENY, JR.; US INTERESTS AND RUSSIAN REFORM BY DEPUTY SECRETARY OF STATE STROBE TALBOTT; STRENGTHENING THE CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION BY JONATHAN B. TUCKER; COPING WITH THE NEW CLEAR AND PRESENT DANGER FROM RUSSIA BY JAMES

BAKER.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: ARMS CONTROL; ARMS CONTROL POLICY; BIOLOGICAL AND

TOXINS WEAPONS TREATY OF 1972; CHEMICAL WEAPONS; CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION; GB; INTERNATIONAL SECURITY; JAPAN; NERVE AGENTS; POLICY AND DOCTRINE; RUSSIA; TERRORISM; UNITED STATES

CBIAC Identifiers (Keywords): SUBWAYS

ole ole ole ole ole ole

Title: FIRST WORD: WHY NBC DEFENSE AND TECHNOLOGY?

Author(s): KOSLOW, EVAN E.

Publication Date: 19860401

Descriptive Note: JOURNAL ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: NBC DEFENSE AND TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL, APRIL 1986,

PAGES 4-5.

Document Classification: U Pages: 2

Corporate Author: NBC DEFENSE AND TECHNOLOGY NEW YORK NY

Abstract: IT IS ESTIMATED THAT 16 NATIONS POSSESS

SIGNIFICANT CHEMICAL WEAPONS AND CHEMICAL

WARFIGHTING CAPABILITIES AND THEIR PERHAPS EIGHT ADDITIONAL NATIONS HAVE AT LEAST SOME LIMITED CHEMICAL OFFENSIVE WARFIGHTING CAPABILITY. IN TOTAL, PERHAPS 24 NATIONS POSSESS CHEMICAL WEAPONS. THE USE OF CHEMICAL WEAPONS HAS ACCELERATED SUBSTANTIALLY IN THE PAST TEN YEARS, WITH FIVE CHEMICAL WARS IN THE PAST DECADE COMPARED WITH PERHAPS THREE CHEMICAL WARS DURING THE PREVIOUS 60 YEARS. IN ADDITION, CHEMICAL ARMS RANGING FROM TOXINS TO NERVE GAS HAVE BEEN INTRODUCED TO THE BATTLEFIELD. BIOLOGICAL WARFARE AGENTS HAVE PREVIOUSLY BEEN CONFINED TO NATURALLY OCCURRING AND WELL-CHARACTERIZED DISEASE AGENTS AND A GROUP OF LESSER-KNOWN TROPICAL FEVERS. HOWEVER, WITH THE ADVENT OF GENE ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY, THE POTENTIAL FOR MORE COMPLEX, UNIQUE, HIGHLY TOXIC, AND PREVIOUSLY UNKNOWN AGENTS HAS BECOME A MAJOR CAUSE FOR CONCERN. NOT ONLY IS THE SPECTRUM OF POTENTIALLY LETHAL BIOLOGICAL ORGANISMS AND THEIR POSSIBLE MODES OF ACTION EXPANDED, BUT VACCINE TECHNOLOGY AND SUPPLIED MAY BE OBSOLETE. BIOLOGICAL WARFARE WAS ONLY RECENTLY CONSIDERED TO LACK A CREDIBLE MILITARY ROLE, SAVE RISKY SABOTAGE AND TERRORIST OPERATIONS, BUT IT MIGHT ONCE AGAIN BE ADAPTED TO NEW MILITARY MISSIONS. WITH THE RAPID INCREASE OF NBC THREAT HAS COME A REALIZATION THAT THE WESTERN WORLD'S DEFENSE INDUSTRIES MUST NOW, MORE THAN EVER, FOCUS ON THE PRODUCTION OF EQUIPMENT THAT CAN FIGHT AND SURVIVE IN THE NBC BATTLEFIELD. NBC PROTECTION CRITERIA WILL BE APPLIED TO ALL FUTURE COMBAT EQUIPMENT. THE US ARMY HAS ISSUED A COMPREHENSIVE REGULATION, AR 70-71, OUTLINING NBC SURVIVABILITY REQUIREMENTS.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: ARMY REGULATION 70-71; BIOLOGICAL AGENTS; CB CAPABILITY; CB STOCKPILES; CB THREAT; CHEMICAL AGENTS; DEFENSIVE CAPABILITY; NATO; NBC SURVIVABILITY; NUCLEAR WEAPONS; OFFENSIVE CAPABILITY; SABOTAGE; SWEDEN; SWITZERLAND

CBIAC Identifiers (Keywords): NUCLEAR RADIATION EFFECTS

Title: PUGWASH NEWSLETTER. VOLUME 28, NUMBER 4, APRIL 1991.

Author(s): CALOGERO, FRANCESCO

Publication Date: 19910401

Descriptive Note: NEWSLETTER

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. AVAILABILITY: PUGWASH CONFERENCES ON SCIENCE AND WORLD AFFAIRS, 11A AVENUE DE LA PAIX,

1202 GENEVA, SWITZERLAND.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 36

Corporate Author: PUGWASH CONFERENCES ON SCIENCE AND WORLD AFFAIRS

GENEVA SWITZERLAND

Abstract: PUGWASH MEETING #178 (16TH WORKSHOP OF THE PUGWASH STUDY GROUP ON CHEMICAL WARFARE) WAS ATTENDED BY 54 PARTICIPANTS FROM 21 COUNTRIES. THE AGENDA WAS: (1) CURRENT OBSTACLES TO A CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION (CWC); (2) NATIONAL LEGISLATION FOR FULFILLING REQUIREMENTS OF A CWC; (3) PRESENT STATUS OF CHEMICAL WEAPONS PROLIFERATION; (4) REPORT ON THE PUGWASH/SIPRI THIODIGLYCOL PROJECTS; (5) POSSIBLE FOLLOW-UP TECHNICAL PROJECT; (6) THE FORTHCOMING BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION CONFERENCE REVIEW; AND (7) THE THREAT OF CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL WARFARE IN THE CONTEXT OF THE GULF

CRISIS.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: ARMS CONTROL; ARMS CONTROL AGENCIES; BIOLOGICAL AND TOXINS WEAPONS TREATY OF 1972; BIOLOGICAL TREATIES AND AGREEMENTS; CHEMICAL TREATIES AND AGREEMENTS; CHEMICAL WARFARE; CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION; IRAQ; KUWAIT; MIDDLE EAST; NEGOTIATION; OPERATION DESERT STORM; POLICYMAKERS; PROLIFERATION; TERRORISM; THIODIGLYCOL; TREATIES AND AGREEMENTS; UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL

Title: THE THREAT OF CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL ATTACK.

Author(s): MACKO, STEVE

Publication Date: 19960827

Descriptive Note: JOURNAL ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY:

EMERGENCY NET NEWS (ENN).

Document Classification: U

Corporate Author: EMERGENCY NET NEWS

Abstract: THE UNITED STATES INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY IS

STUDYING THE THREAT OF CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL TERRORIST ATTACKS AGAINST CIVILIAN TARGETS. IT IS HOPED THAT A PLAN CAN BE DEVISED TO HELP PROTECT SOFT TARGETS SUCH AS SUBWAY SYSTEMS AND AIRPORTS. AS REPORTED SOME MONTHS AGO IN THIS PUBLICATION, THE US CONGRESS IS PLANNING TO MAKE MILITARY EXPERTISE AVAILABLE TO CITIES ACROSS THE US TO HELP MITIGATE SUCH AN ATTACK THAT UNTIL NOT LONG

AGO WAS "UNTHINKABLE."

CBIAC Subject Keywords: TERRORISM; SABOTAGE; CHEMICAL WEAPONS; BIOLOGICAL

WEAPONS; CHEMICAL AGENTS; BIOLOGICAL AGENTS;

UNITED STATES; DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY; DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE; MEDICAL TREATMENT; MEDICAL SUPPORT TEAMS

CBIAC Identifiers (Keywords): CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY; CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL

MEDICAL STRIKE TEAMS; NEST (NUCLEAR EMERGENCY SEARCH TEAM); CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL ANTI-TERRORISM

TEAM; TECHNICAL ESCORT UNIT

Title: THE ASA NEWSLETTER, 93-5, ISSUE NUMBER 38, OCTOBER 14, 1993.

Author(s): BALALI-MOOD, MEHDI; CALDERON, FELIX; GEE, JOHN;

GRIFFITHS, DEREK; OLIMPIO, GUIDO; PRICE, RICHARD; SCHNEIDER, FRED; THORNTON, WILLIAM

Publication Date: 19931014 Descriptive Note: JOURNAL

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. AVAILABILITY: APPLIED SCIENCE AND ANALYSIS INC, PO BOX 17532, PORTLAND, MAINE 04101.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 20

Corporate Author: APPLIED SCIENCE AND ANALYSIS INC PORTLAND ME

Abstract: THE ASA NEWSLETTER IS PUBLISHED BIMONTHLY BY

APPLIED SCIENCE AND ANALYSIS INC. IT IS INTENDED FOR THE PROFESSIONAL IN GOVERNMENT AND INDUSTRY WITH AN INTEREST IN NUCLEAR, BIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL DEFENSE, DISARMAMENT AND VERIFICATION;

EMERGENCY AND DISASTER MEDICAL PLANNING;

INDUSTRIAL HEALTH AND SAFETY; AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION. THIS ISSUES CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES: TOWARDS A NEW LOGIC IN REAL DISARMAMENT;

THE CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION AND THE

PREPARATORY COMMISSION; THERE WILL BE WAR;

TERRORISM'S NEW REALITY; COLLECTIVE SUICIDE; CIVIL DEFENSE IN POLAND; PROGRESS IN ANTIDOTES FOR WAR GASES; THE FOURTH WILTON PARK ARMS CONTROL

SEMINAR; THE EIGHTH INTERNATIONAL SIMULANT

WORKSHOP; AND EUROSATORY 94.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: ARMS CONTROL; CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION; MEDICAL

TREATMENT; POLAND; POST-TREATMENT; PREPARATORY

COMMISSION; TERRORISM

Title: FEDERAL RESPONSE PLAN (FOR PUBLIC LAW 93-288, AS AMENDED).

Publication Date: 19920401

Descriptive Note: EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. AVAILABILITY: FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY, WASHINGTON, DC.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 386

Corporate Author: FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY WASHINGTON DC

Supplementary Note: INCLUDES CHANGES 1 THROUGH 10, ISSUED BETWEEN

8/30/94 AND 9/16/96.

Abstract: IN 1988, PUBLIC LAW 93-288 WAS AMENDED BY PUBLIC

LAW 100-707 AND RETITLED AS THE ROBERT T. STAFFORD

DISASTER RELIEF AND EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE ACT (PUBLIC LAW 93-288, AS AMENDED). THE STAFFORD ACT PROVIDES THE AUTHORITY FOR THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT TO RESPOND TO DISASTERS AND EMERGENCIES IN ORDER TO PROVIDE ASSISTANCE TO SAVE LIVES AND PROTECT PUBLIC HEALTH, SAFETY AND PROPERTY. THE PLAN DESCRIBES BASIC MECHANISMS AND STRUCTURES BY WHICH THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT WILL MOBILIZE RESOURCES AND CONDUCT ACTIVITIES TO AUGMENT STATE AND LOCAL RESPONSE EFFORTS. THE PLAN ESTABLISHES AN ARCHITECTURE FOR A SYSTEMATIC, COORDINATED, AND EFFECTIVE FEDERAL RESPONSE. THE PURPOSE OF THE PLAN IS TO: ESTABLISH FUNDAMENTAL ASSUMPTIONS AND POLICIES; ESTABLISH A CONCEPT OF OPERATIONS THAT PROVIDES AN INTERAGENCY COORDINATION MECHANISM TO FACILITATE THE IMMEDIATE DELIVERY FEDERAL RESPONSE ASSISTANCE; INCORPORATE THE COORDINATION MECHANISMS AND STRUCTURES OF OTHER APPROPRIATE FEDERAL PLANS AND RESPONSIBILITIES INTO THE OVERALL RESPONSE; ASSIGN SPECIFIC FUNCTIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES TO APPROPRIATE FEDERAL DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES; AND IDENTIFY ACTIONS THAT PARTICIPATING FEDERAL DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES WILL TAKE IN THE OVERALL FEDERAL RESPONSE, IN COORDINATION WITH THE AFFECTED STATE.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: TERRORISM; SABOTAGE; US CONGRESS

CBIAC Identifiers (Keywords): FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY; FEMA; FEDERAL

RESPONSE PLAN; DISASTER RELIEF

AD Number: 841144

Title: BIOLOGICAL WARFARE DEFENSE IN SWEDISH SECURITY POLICY,

Site Holding: DT

Author(s): JACKSEN, S.; MARKKULA, H.; TAMMELIN, L-E

Publication Date: 19680801 Descriptive Note: TRANSLATION

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 73

Corporate Author: ARMY BIOLOGICAL LABS FREDERICK MD

Supplementary Note: TRANSLATION OF FORSVARETS FORSKNINGSANSTALT,

STOCKHOLM. RAPPORT (SWEDEN) A-1404-30 77P, SEP 67.

Abstract: BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS ARE CHIEFLY DESCRIBED ACCORDING

TO THEIR EFFECT. MANY BROAD AND EFFECTIVE ATTACKS ARE TECHNICALLY POSSIBLE; ATTACKS WITH LIMITED

EFFECTS ARE ALSO POSSIBLE. SABOTAGE AND CLANDESTINE WARFARE CAN BE CONDUCTED WITH BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS. THE USE OF BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS IS FORBIDDEN, BUT POSSESSION IS PERMITTED. PROHIBITION AGAINST POSSESSION WOULD REQUIRE CONTROL. THE BASIS FOR DECIDING WHAT TYPE OF CONTROL IS GIVEN. A DEFENSE CAPABILITY CAN BE TO

COMPEL THE ATTACKER SEEKING TO OBTAIN DECISIVE EFFECT TO DECIDE ON TYPES OF ATTACK WHICH ARE EASILY DETECTED AND WHICH EXPOSE THE ATTACKER. THIS LEVEL OF DEFENSE MAKES IT POSSIBLE TO LIMIT THE EFFECTS OF THE ATTACK SO THAT THE AIMS OF SAVING LIFE, SHORTENING THE TIME OF MEDICAL CARE, AND PERMITTING OPERATIONS CAN BE ACHIEVED. FOREWARNING, EARLY ALARM, IDENTIFICATION OF

BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS, COMBAT OF EPIDEMICS, AND CARE OF THE SICK ARE FUNCTIONS WHICH SHOULD BE DIVIDED EQUALLY IN THE OVERALL DEFENSE. THE REST OF THE DEFENSE, INCLUDING DEFENSE AGAINST SABOTAGE AND SPECIFICALLY VACCINATION, SHOULD BE SET UP SO THAT

THE LEVEL OF DEFENSE CORRESPONDS WITH THE FUNCTIONS OF THE UNIT. (AUTHOR)

DTIC Descriptors (Keywords): BIOLOGICAL WARFARE AGENTS; CONTROL;

DECONTAMINATION; EARLY WARNING SYSTEMS;

EPIDEMIOLOGY; IDENTIFICATION; PROTECTION; SWEDEN; VACCINES; (BIOLOGICAL WARFARE, DEFENSE SYSTEMS)

DTIC Identifiers (Keywords): TRANSLATIONS

AD Number: A139169

Title: MUNITIONS STORAGE CONCEPTS FOR USE IN FLAT

TERRAIN. VOLUME 1. FACILITY DESIGN.

Site Holding: DT

Author(s): BLAYLOCK, N. W.; MORRIS, B. L.; NASH, P. T.;

VARGAS, L. M.; WHITNEY, M. G.

Publication Date: 19831201 Descriptive Note: FINAL REPORT

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED.

Document Classification: U

Contract Number: DACA88-82-C-0013

Pages: 214

Corporate Author: SOUTHWEST RESEARCH INST SAN ANTONIO TX

Abstract: THE RESULT OF THE STUDY IS PRELIMINARY DESIGN OF SIX FEASIBLE STORAGE COMPLEXES. BOTH ABOVE GROUND

AND UNDERGROUND STRUCTURES ARE PROPOSED. THE SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION PRACTICES NECESSITATED BY THE HIGH WATER TABLE ARE ADDRESSED. EACH DESIGN IS CAPABLE OF CONTAINING THE HAZARDOUS EFFECTS OF AN INTERNAL EXPLOSION WITHIN THE BAY OF OCCURRENCE. THE FACILITIES ARE ALSO DESIGNED TO SURVIVE SUCH EXTERNAL THREATS AS DETONATION OF 300,000 POUNDS OF HIGH EXPLOSIVE 100 METERS AWAY FROM THE STRUCTURE, A DIRECT HIT BY A 500 POUND BOMB, A

B747 AIR CRAFT IMPACT ON THE ROOF, AND A

SOPHISTICATED TERRORIST ATTACK. FURTHERMORE, UNDER CHEMICAL WARFARE CONDITIONS, THE FACILITIES CAN CONTINUE THE WEAPON LOADOUT PROCESS WHILE

MAINTAINING A CLEAN ENVIRONMENT WITHIN THE STRUCTURE. TWENTY-FIVE YEAR LIFE CYCLE COST ESTIMATES ARE INCLUDED FOR EACH OF THE SIX

DESIGNS. AFTER EXAMINATION OF THE COSTS, LOADOUT TIMES, DAILY OPERATIONAL EFFICIENCIES, AND EQUIPMENT NEEDS OF THE SIX CONCEPTS, CONCEPTS 1, 3, AND 4 WERE CHOSEN AS THE MOST VIABLE FOR CONSIDERATION. VOLUME I CONTAINS A NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION OF THE EVOLUTIONARY DESIGN PROCESS

THAT LED TO THE SIX PROPOSED DESIGNS, A TECHNICAL DISCUSSION OF THE DESIGN CONSTRAINTS IMPOSED BY THE VARIOUS THREAT SCENARIOS, AND A DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE SIX FACILITY DESIGNS. VOLUME II DOCUMENTS THE ENGINEERING CALCULATIONS SUPPORTING

THE STRUCTURAL DESIGNS AND THE LIFE CYCLE COST CALCULATIONS. PLANNED SECTION DRAWINGS ARE PROVIDED FOR EACH OF THE SIX FACILITIES.

DTIC Descriptors (Keywords): ARCHITECTURE; ATTACK; BOMBING; CHEMICAL WARFARE;

CONSTRUCTION; CRASHES; EXPLOSIONS; MODIFICATION; PROTECTION; RESISTANCE; STORAGE; STRUCTURES; TERRORISM; TRANSPORT AIRCRAFT; VENTILATION; WATER

TABLE; WEAPONS; MAGAZINES(ORDNANCE)

DTIC Identifiers (Keywords): FLAT TERRAIN

AD Number: A139564

Title: MUNITIONS STORAGE CONCEPTS FOR USE IN FLAT TERRAIN. VOLUME 2. MUNITIONS STORAGE LAYOUTS.

Site Holding: DT

Author(s): BLAYLOCK, N. W.; MORRIS, B. L.; NASH, P. T.;

VARGAS, L. M.; WHITNEY, M. G.

Publication Date: 19831201

Descriptive Note: FINAL REPORT

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED.

Document Classification: U

Contract Number: DACA88-82-C-0013

Pages: 462

Corporate Author: SOUTHWEST RESEARCH INST SAN ANTONIO TX Supplementary Note: INCLUDES ENVELOPE WITH FLOOR PLANS. SEE ALSO

VOLUME 1. AD-A139 169.

Abstract: THE OBJECTIVE OF THIS PROJECT WAS TO DEVELOP

FEASIBLE CONCEPTS FOR WEAPON STORAGE FACILITIES LOCATED IN FLAT TERRAIN WITH A HIGH WATER TABLE. THE RESULT OF THE STUDY IS PRELIMINARY DESIGN OF SIX FEASIBLE STORAGE COMPLEXES. BOTH ABOVEGROUND AND UNDERGROUND STRUCTURES ARE PROPOSED. THE SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION PRACTICES NECESSITATED BY THE HIGH WATER ARE ADDRESSED. EACH DESIGN IS CAPABLE OF CONTAINING THE HAZARDOUS EFFECTS OF AN INTERNAL EXPLOSION WITHIN THE BAY OF OCCURRENCE. THE FACILITIES ARE ALSO DESIGNED TO SURVIVE SUCH EXTERNAL THREATS AS DETONATION OF 300,000 POUNDS OF HIGH EXPLOSIVE 100 METERS AWAY FROM THE STRUCTURE, A DIRECT HIT BY A 500 POUND BOMB, A B747 AIRCRAFT IMPACT ON THE ROOF, AND A SOPHISTICATED TERRORIST ATTACK. FURTHERMORE, UNDER CHEMICAL WARFARE CONDITIONS, THE FACILITIES CAN CONTINUE THE WEAPON LOADOUT PROCESS WHILE MAINTAINING A CLEAN ENVIRONMENT WITHIN THE STRUCTURE. TWENTY-FIVE YEAR LIFE CYCLE COST ESTIMATES ARE INCLUDED FOR ECH OF THE SIX DESIGNS. VOLUME I CONTAINS A NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION OF THE EVOLUTIONARY DESIGN PROCESS THAT LED TO THE SIX PROPOSED DESIGNS, A TECHNICAL DISCUSSION OF THE DESIGN CONSTRAINTS IMPOSED BY THE VARIOUS THREAT SCENARIOS, AND A DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE SIX FACILITY DESIGNS. VOLUME II DOCUMENTS THE ENGINEERING CALCULATIONS SUPPORTING THE STRUCTURAL DESIGNS AND THE LIFE CYCLE COST CALCULATIONS. PLAN AND SECTION DRAWINGS ARE PROVIDED FOR EACH OF THE SIX FACILITIES.

DTIC Descriptors (Keywords): ARCHITECTURE; BOMBING; EXPLOSIONS; RESISTANCE; WATER TABLE; AMMUNITION; CHEMICAL WARFARE;

STORAGE; TERRAIN; TERRORISM; WEAPONS; MAGAZINES (ORDNANCE)

DTIC Identifiers (Keywords): FLAT TERRAIN; PE62715H

Author Keywords: MAGAZINES(ORDNANCE); STORAGE; WEAPONS

AD Number: A160779

Title: PLENARY SPEECH, KEYNOTE SPEECHES, LIST OF ATTENDEES OF SYMPOSIUM ON THE INTERACTION OF NON-NUCLEAR MUNITIONS WITH STRUCTURES (2ND), HELD AT PANAMA CITY BEACH, FLORIDA ON APRIL 15-18,

1985.

Site Holding: DT Publication Date: 19850401

Document Classification: U

Contract Number: F08635-83-C-0136

Pages: 33

Corporate Author: FLORIDA UNIV EGLIN AFB GRADUATE ENGINEERING CENTER

Supplementary Note: SEE ALSO AD-A160 778.

Abstract: THIS DOCUMENT REPRESENTS THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE SECOND SYMPOSIUM ON THE INTERACTION OF NON-NUCLEAR MUNITIONS WITH STRUCTURES, PANAMA CITY BEACH, FLORIDA, APRIL 15-18, 1985. THE SYMPOSIUM WAS SPONSORED BY THE FOLLOWING U. S. AIR FORCE AGENCIES: ENGINEERING AND SERVICES LABORATORY-TYNDALL AFB, FLORIDA; ARMAMENT LABORATORY- EGLIN AFB, FLORIDA, AND WEAPONS LABORATORY- KIRKLAND AFB, NEW MEXICO. THE SYMPOSIUM WAS COORDINATED THROUGH THE UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA GRADUATE ENGINEERING CENTER, EGLIN AFB, FLORIDA UNDER USAF CONTRACT F08635-83-C-0136. DR. C. A.

ROSS SERVED AS THE SYMPOSIUM COORDINATOR FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA AND DR. P. Y. THOMPSON, ENGINEERING AND SERVICES LABORATORY, SERVED AS SYMPOSIUM COORDINATOR FOR THE U. S. AIR FORCE.

DTIC Descriptors (Keywords): BLAST; CONCRETE; CONVENTIONAL WARFARE; HARDENED

STRUCTURES; PROTECTION; SHELTERS; SOILS; STRUCTURES; SURVIVABILITY; TARGETS; TERRORISM; THREATS; VULNERABILITY; MODIFICATION; SYMPOSIA;

WEAPONS EFFECTS

DTIC Identifiers (Keywords): 18 OCT 85; WEAPON REQUIREMENTS

AD Number: A182729

Title: SUMMARY REPORT: CHEMICAL WARFARE IN THE THIRD WORLD.

Site Holding: DT

Author(s): STONER, JOHN K.; THOMPSON, EDMUND R.

Publication Date: 19870401

Descriptive Note: FINAL SUMMARY REPORT

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED.

Document Classification: U

Contract Number: MDA903-84-C-0031

Pages: 50

Corporate Author: INSTITUTE FOR DEFENSE ANALYSES ALEXANDRIA VA Supplementary Note: PREPARED IN COOPERATION WITH BURDESHAW ASSOCIATES,

LTD, BETHESDA, MD.

Abstract: THIS REPORT IS A CONDENSED AND UNCLASSIFIED

SUMMARY OF A STUDY THAT ASSESSES THE THREAT POSED BY THE PROLIFERATION OF CHEMICAL MUNITIONS AND DELIVERY SYSTEMS AMONG THIRD WORLD NATIONS. THE OBJECTIVE WAS TO DESCRIBE THE CHEMICAL ENVIRONMENT AND POTENTIAL CW THREAT FROM THIRD WORLD AREAS, ASSESS THE CAPABILITIES OF US MILITARY FORCES TO

COPE WITH SUCH THREATS, AND EXPLORE THE

POSSIBILITY THAT TERRORISTS MAY EMPLOY CHEMICAL

MUNITIONS IN SUPPORT OF THEIR ACTIVITIES.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: CB THREAT; CHEMICAL MUNITIONS (FOREIGN); CHEMICAL

THREAT (COMMUNIST COUNTRIES); CHEMICAL THREAT (SOVIET); COMMUNIST COUNTRY THREAT; COMMUNIST MUNITIONS (CHEMICAL); FOREIGN WEAPON SYSTEMS; FREE WORLD THREAT; SOVIET MUNITIONS (CHEMICAL); SOVIET THREAT; TERRORIST APPLICATIONS; THREAT SCENARIOS;

WEAPON SYSTEMS

DTIC Descriptors (Keywords): CHEMICAL REACTIONS; CHEMICAL WARFARE; EMPLOYMENT;

IMPACT; MILITARY OPERATIONS; OPERATIONAL

EFFECTIVENESS; TERRORISM; THREAT EVALUATION

DTIC Identifiers (Keywords): PROLIFERATION; THIRD WORLD COUNTRIES Author Keywords: CHEMICAL WARFARE; CW IN THIRD WORLD AREAS;

PROLIFERATION OF CHEMICAL MUNITIONS; TERRORISTS

AND CHEMICAL WEAPONS

AD Number: A187205

Title: VETERINARY SERVICES IN BIOLOGICAL DISASTERS, Author(s): HUXSOLL, DAVID L.; PARROTT, CHERYL D.; PATRICK,

WILLIAM C., III

Publication Date: 19870315

Descriptive Note: JOURNAL ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. AVAILABILITY: PUBLISHED IN THE JOURNAL OF THE AMERICAN VETERINARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 190(6): 714-722, 15 MAR 87. NO COPIES FURNISHED BY

DTIC/NTIS.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 9

Corporate Author: ARMY MEDICAL RESEARCH INST OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

FORT DETRICK MD

Abstract: IN PREPARING FOR AN EMERGENCY, IT IS LOGICAL TO ADDRESS THE MOST SEVERE POTENTIAL PROBLEM AND TO PLAN ON THAT BASIS. THE EMERGENCY RESPONSE THEN COULD BE SCALED TO MEET ANY SITUATION THAT BE OF LESSER MAGNITUDE AND MORE CONFINED. THE MOST SEVERE POTENTIAL BIOLOGICAL DISASTER IS BIOLOGICAL WARFARE. HOWEVER, BIOLOGICAL DISASTERS MAY OCCUR FROM EVENTS OTHER THAN BIOLOGICAL WARFARE; THEY MAY ARISE SECONDARY TO OTHER DISASTERS SUCH AS EARTHQUAKES, TORNADOES, AND NUCLEAR WAR. BIOLOGICAL WARFARE CAN BE DEFINED AS THE USE OF MICROORGANISMS OR TOXINS DERIVED FROM LIVING ORGANISMS TO INDUCE DEATH OR DISEASE IN HUMAN BEINGS, ANIMALS, OR PLANTS. THE DEFINITION WOULD APPLY TO THE LONE PERPETRATOR ACTING

INDEPENDENTLY, TO STATE-SUPPORTED TERRORISM, AND TO UNDECLARED WARS AS WELL AS TO DECLARED ARMED CONFLICT. OF THE 3 TARGETS (HUMAN BEINGS, ANIMALS, AND PLANTS) IN THE UNITED STATES, THE GREATEST

THREAT WOULD APPEAR TO BE TO HUMAN BEINGS AND ANIMALS. THE RESPONSE OF THE VETERINARY PROFESSION TO SUCH EMERGENCIES SHOULD FOLLOW A LOGICAL PRIORITY, AND IT SHOULD BE RECOGNIZED THAT HUMAN LIFE, HEALTH, AND SAFETY USUALLY TAKE PRIORITY OVER STRICTLY VETERINARY FUNCTIONS.

DTIC Descriptors (Keywords): ANIMALS; BIOLOGICAL WARFARE; CHEMICAL WARFARE; CRISIS MANAGEMENT; DEATH; DECONTAMINATION; DISINFECTION; EARTHQUAKES; HIGH RATE; HUMANS; INTENSITY; LIFE(BIOLOGY); MEDICAL PERSONNEL; NUCLEAR WARFARE; PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT; PUBLIC HEALTH.; REPRINTS; RESPONSE; THERAPY; TORNADOES; TOXINS AND ANTITOXINS; UNCONVENTIONAL WARFARE; UNITED STATES; WARFARE; CIVIL DEFENSE; DISASTERS; EMERGENCIES; MEDICAL SERVICES; VETERINARY MEDICINE

DTIC Identifiers (Keywords): MICROBIOLOGISTS.; VETERINARIANS

AD Number: A198670

Title: MODERN TERRORISM. THE POTENTIAL FOR INCREASED

LETHALITY. CLIC PAPERS.

Site Holding: DT

Author(s): THORNTON, WILLIAM H.

Publication Date: 19871101 Descriptive Note: FINAL REPORT

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 18

Corporate Author: ARMY-AIR FORCE CENTER FOR LOW INTENSITY CONFLICT

LANGLEY AFB VA

Abstract: THIS PAPER EXAMINES THE PRACTICE OF TERRORISM FROM AN HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVE AND IN PARTICULAR THE CHANGES IN REVOLUTIONARY THEORY WHICH HAVE IN PART RESULTED FROM THE AVAILABILITY OF MASS MEDIA MEANS. THE AUTHOR POSITS A CORRELATION EXISTS IN THE MEDIA ATTENTION GARNERED THROUGH VIOLENT TERRORIST ACTS AND THE INCREASINGLY LETHAL AND SEEMINGLY RANDOM INCIDENTS OF THESE ACTS. A DEADLY SPIRAL OF VIOLENCE HAS DEVELOPED IN WHICH, TO ATTRACT MEDIA ATTENTION, EVER HIGHER EVELS OF VIOLENCE ARE REQUIRED. TOXIC CHEMICAL AGENTS MAY BE USED BY TERRORIST TO ACHIEVE A NEW AND EVEN HIGHER LEVEL. ALTHROUGH A FIRM CONSENSUS DOES NOT EXIST ON THE POTENTIAL FOR THE EMPLOYMENT OF CHEMICAL WEAPONS BY TERRORIST GROUPS, THE EASY AVAILABILITY OF THE TECHNOLOGY NEEDED TO PRODUCE SUCH WEAPONS AND THE RESOLVE TO INFICT LARGE NUMBERS OF CASUALTIES INDICATES A WILLINGNESS TO EXPLORE NEW AVENUES OF VIOLENCE. TOXIC CHEMICAL AGENTS COULD WELL BE THAT NEW AVENUE.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: CB THREAT; CHEMICAL AGENTS; SABOTAGE; TERRORISM DTIC Descriptors (Keywords): CHEMICAL AGENTS; CHEMICAL WARFARE; TERRORISM

Author Keywords: CHEMICAL WEAPONS; TERRORISM

AD Number: A283148

Title: FOREIGN POLICIES AND NATIONAL INTERESTS OF IRAN: A

WOLF IN SHEEP'S CLOTHING.

Site Holding: DT

Author(s): CLARK, TRUDY H. Publication Date: 19930419 Descriptive Note: FINAL REPORT

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 30

Corporate Author: AIR WAR COLL MAXWELL AFB AL

Abstract: IRAQ'S INVASION OF KUWAIT AND THE RESULTANT GULF

WAR OF 1991 HAS FOCUSED WORLD ATTENTION ON THE MIDDLE EAST. WHAT HAS BEEN LITTLE NOTICED UNTIL RECENTLY IS THE POTENTIAL REAL BENEFICIARY OF THE GULF WAR: IRAN. SINCE THE DEATH OF THE AYATOLLAH KHOMEINI, FOUNDER OF THE ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF IRAN,

IN JUNE, 1989, IRAN HAS BEEN A NATION IN SEARCH OF

ITSELF. WATCHING WITH RENEWED INTEREST ARE THE UNITED STATES AND THE PERSIAN GULF NATIONS. THE SIGNALS FROM IRAN ARE CONFUSING. A DESCRIPTION OF IRANIAN PRESIDENT ALI AKBAR HASHEMI RAFSANJANI AS 'A PRAGMATIC MILITANT,' REFLECTS WHAT HAS BEEN CALLED IRAN'S "TWO TRACK POLICY TO EXPAND BOTH ITS POLITICAL INFLUENCE AND ITS MILITARY POWER." EVIDENCE OF A PRAGMATIC TRACK INCLUDES SUCH POSITIVE DEVELOPMENTS AS SUPPORTING THE COALITION FORCES IN THE GULF WAR AGAINST IRAQ, HELPING TO FREE THE WESTERN HOSTAGES IN LEBANON, SEEKING RAPPROCHEMENT WITH SAUDI ARABIA AND OTHER MUSLIM NATIONS, AND CULTIVATION OF FOREIGN INVESTMENTS. THE REVOLUTIONARY TRACK, MEANWHILE, STILL EMBRACES RADICAL TERRORISTS, SEEKS PROGRAMS FOR NUCLEAR/CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS, OPPOSES ARAB-ISRAELI PEACE TALKS, AND IS FUNDING AN EXPENSIVE MILITARY BUILDUP. THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT OFFICIAL IMPLIES THAT IRAN WILL BE EITHER REVOLUTIONARY OR PRAGMATIC. A SECOND VIEW, AS IMPLIED IN THE 'TWO TRACK POLICY' EXPLANATION, IS THAT IRAN IS A WOLF IN SHEEP'S CLOTHING - ADOPTING PRAGMATIC MEASURES TO GAIN THE MEANS TO PURSUE ITS REAL REVOLUTIONARY GOAL OF DOMINATING THE PERSIAN GULF. THIS PAPER EXPLORES IRAN'S CURRENT FOREIGN POLICIES, AND WILL ATTEMPT TO SHOW THAT THE PRAGMATIC MODERATION OF PRESIDENT RAFSANJANI IS THE SHREWD MEANS TO BUY THE TIME IRAN NEEDS.

DTIC Descriptors (Keywords): BIOLOGICAL WARFARE AGENTS; CHEMICAL WARFARE AGENTS; DEVELOPING NATIONS; FOREIGN AID; FOREIGN POLICY; INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS; INVESTMENTS; IRAN; ISLAM; MILITARY STRATEGY; NATIONAL SECURITY; NUCLEAR PROLIFERATION; NUCLEAR WEAPONS; PERSIAN GULF; POLITICAL REVOLUTION; STRATEGY; TERRORISM; UNITED STATES; WESTERN SECURITY (INTERNATIONAL)

DTIC Identifiers (Keywords): DESERT STORM OPERATION; NATIONAL INTERESTS; PERSIAN GULF WAR; PRAGMATISM; REGIONAL SECURITY; THEOCRACIES; TWO TRACK POLICY

AD Number: A293784

Title: US POLICY AND THE IRANIAN THREAT.

Site Holding: DT

Author(s): KERTANSKI, PAUL Publication Date: 19950201 Descriptive Note: FINAL REPORT

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 115

Corporate Author: NAVAL WAR COLL NEWPORT RI

Abstract: TOPICS INCLUDE 'DUAL CONTAINMENT' AS IT AFFECTS IRAN, INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY THOUGHTS; EXTERNAL PRESSURES BEING APPLIED ON CLINTON ADMINISTRATION; CONVENTIONAL ARMS BUILDUP FROM THREAT IT POSES TO GCC. ISRAEL AND US; EXTERNAL THREAT POISED AGAINST A WEAKENED IRAN; DANGERS IRAN'S UNCONVENTIONAL WEAPONS PROGRAM POSE TO GCC, ISRAEL. IRAQ AND WEST; WHY IRAN BELIEVES SUCH A PROGRAM IS ESSENTIAL TO ITS EXISTENCE; CAPABILITY OF IRAN TO EXPORT ITS TERRORIST AND REVOLUTIONARY ZEAL. IRAN OVERCOMING ODDS ON ITS DOMESTIC FRONT; US - GCC RELATIONSHIP AND GCC-IRANIAN RELATIONSHIP AND QUESTIONED POLICY OF EXCLUDING IRAN FROM REGIONAL

SECURITY AGREEMENTS.

DTIC Descriptors (Keywords): ARMS CONTROL; CHEMICAL WARFARE; DETERRENCE; FOREIGN MILITARY SALES; FOREIGN POLICY; GUIDED MISSILES; INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS; IRAN; IRAQ; ISRAEL; MASS DESTRUCTION WEAPONS; MILITARY CAPABILITIES; NATIONAL SECURITY; NUCLEAR WARFARE; PERSIAN GULF; TERRORISM; THREAT EVALUATION

AD Number: A302968

Title: IMMUNOCHEMICAL AND MASS SPECTROMETRIC DETECTION OF

MUSTARD GAS ADDUCTS TO DNA AND PROTEINS:

VERIFICATION AND DOSIMETRY OF EXPOSURE TO MUSTARD

GAS.

Site Holding: DT

Author(s): BENSCHOP, HENDRIK P.; VAN DER SCHANS, GOVERT P.

Publication Date: 19950601

Descriptive Note: FINAL REPORT

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED.

Document Classification: U

Contract Number: DAMD17-92-V-2005

Pages: 270

Corporate Author: PRINS MAURITS LABORATORIUM TNO RIJSWIJK

(NETHERLANDS)

Abstract: THE USE OF SULFUR MUSTARD AND NERVE AGENTS IN THE

IRAN-IRAQ CONFLICT AND OF SARIN IN A RECENT TERRORIST ATTACK AS WELL AS THE TREAT OF CHEMICAL WARFARE IN THE RECENT GULF WAR HAVE STRESSED THE NEED OF RELIABLE METHODS TO DETECT THE NATURE AND EXTENT OF POISONING WITH CHEMICAL WARFARE AGENTS.

IN THIS CONTEXT, WE HAVE EXTENDED OUR

INVESTIGATIONS ON IMMUNOCHEMICAL DETECTION OF SULFUR MUSTARD ADDUCTS TO DNA AND PROTEINS. FURTHERMORE, MASS SPECTROMETRIC METHODS HAVE BEEN

DEVELOPED AS INDEPENDENT, HIGHLY SENSITIVE

TECHNIQUES HAVING AN ALMOST ABSOLUTE SPECIFICITY.

A METHOD WAS DEVELOPED FOR ANALYSIS OF

N7<2-HYDROXYETHYLTHIOETHYL)-GUANINE(N7-HETE-GUA)

IN DIGESTED DNA, BASED UPON HPLC WITH

ELECTROCHEMICAL DETECTION, WHICH IS SUITABLE FOR CALIBRATION OF METHODS FOR ADDUCT DETECTION. THE LOWER DETECTION LIMIT FOR EXPOSURE OF HUMAN BLOOD IS 0.3 UM SULFUR MUSTARD WITH IMMUNOFLUORESCENCE

MICROSCOPY USING MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES RAISED AGAINST THIS ADDUCT AND 0.07 UM (1

N7-HETE-GUA/1.4XL0(7) NUCLEOTIDES) WITH THE LESS LABORIOUS IMMUNOSLOTBIOT ASSAY. DETECTION OF THE ADDUCT IN HUMAN SKIN BY IMMUNOFLUORESCENCE

MICROSCOPY WAS IMPROVED RESULTING IN A DETECTION

LIMIT OF A 15-S EXPOSURE TO SATURATED

SULFUR-MUSTARD VAPOR (CT CA. 275 MG.MIN/M3), I.E.,

FAR BELOW THE LEVEL THAT WOULD GIVE BLISTERS.

DTIC Descriptors (Keywords): ATTACK; BIOPSY; BLOOD; BLOOD CELLS; CALIBRATION;

CHEMICAL WARFARE; CHEMICAL WARFARE AGENTS; DAMAGE;

DEOXYRIBONUCLEIC ACIDS; DETECTION; DOSIMETRY; EXPOSURE (GENERAL); GASES; GB AGENTS; GULFS;

HUMANS; IN VIVO ANALYSIS; LEUKOCYTES; LIMITATIONS; LOW LEVEL; MASS SPECTROMETRY; METHODOLOGY; MICE;

MICROSCOPY; MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES; MUSTARD AGENTS; NERVE AGENTS; POISONING; PROTEINS; RELIABILITY;

REMOVAL; SENSITIVITY; SKIN(ANATOMY); SULFUR; TERRORISM; THREATS; VERIFICATION; WARFARE

DTIC Identifiers (Keywords): ADDUCTS; AMINO ACID DERIVATIZATION;

BIOOMONITORING; CAIF-THYMUS DNA; CID MS-MS; COMPETITIVE ELISA; DNA; DOSIMETRY; GS-MS;

HEMOGLOBIN; HEMOGLOBIN ALKYLATION SITES; HUMAN

BLOOD; IMMUNOAFFINITY CLIROMATOGRAPHY;

IMMUNOCHEMICAL DETECTION; IMMUNOFLUORESCENCE MICROSCOPY; IMMUNOSLOTBLOT; LC-MS-MS; MODIFIED

EDMAN DEGRADATION;

N7-(HYDROXYETHYLTHIOETHYL)-GUANINE; PEPTIDE

SYNTHESIS; PROTEIN; RETROSPECTIVE DETECTION; SKIN;

SUFFLIR MUSTARD-AMINO ACID ADDUCTS; SULFUR

MUSTARD-HEMOGLOBIN ADDUCTS; SULFUR MUSTARD; SULFUR MUSTARD ADDUCTS; SULFUR MUSTARD-DNA; WHITE BLOOD

CELLS

Author Keywords: BIOMONITORING; COMPETITIVE ELISA; DNA; DOSIMETRY;

HEMOGLOBIN; HUMAN BLOOD; IMMUNOCHEMICAL DETECTION; PROTEIN; RETROSPECTIVE DETECTION; SKIN; SULFUR

MUSTARD; SULFUR MUSTARD ADDUCTS; SULFUR

MUSTARD-AMINO ACID ADDUCTS; SULFUR MUSTARD-DNA ADDUCTS; SULFUR MUSTARD-HEMOGLOBIN ADDUCTS; WHITE

BLOOD CELLS

AD Number: A309983

Title: GENDER, STRESS, AND COPING IN THE U.S. MILITARY.

VOLUME 3. PERFORMANCE.

Site Holding: DT

Author(s): FULLERTON, CAROL S.; LEVINSON, CATHERINE; NORWOOD,

ANNE E.; SUTTON, LOREE K.; URSANO, ROBERT J.

Publication Date: 19951001 Descriptive Note: FINAL REPORT

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 260

Corporate Author: UNIFORMED SERVICES UNIV OF THE HEALTH SCIENCES

BETHESDA MD DEPT OF PSYCHIATRY

Abstract: MILITARY LEADERS HAVE LONG RECOGNIZED THAT MISSION READINESS REQUIRES BOTH THE ABSENCE OF DISEASE AND THE PRESENCE OF MENTAL, PHYSICAL, AND SPIRITUAL HEALTH. HOWEVER, LITTLE IS PRESENTLY KNOWN ABOUT THE HEALTH OF MILITARY WOMEN, PARTICULARLY AS IT MAY BE UNIQUELY AFFECTED BY TRAUMA AND WAR. SUCH KNOWLEDGE IS ESSENTIAL TO MEETING THE HEALTH NEEDS OF MILITARY WOMEN FOR ALL MISSION CONTINGENCIES. THESE MISSIONS INCLUDE: PEACEKEEPING ACTIVITIES

(E.G., THE SINAI MFO TREATY, SOMALIA); HUMANITARIAN AID (CARE OF CIVILIAN REFUGEES FOLLOWING THE PERSIAN GULF WAR; NATURAL AND HUMAN-MADE DISASTERS INCLUDING ASSISTANCE IN HURRICANE ANDREW, THE LOS ANGELES RIOTS, THREATS OF CHEMICAL TERRORIST ATTACK, AND THE OKLAHOMA CITY BOMBING); AND POTENTIAL COMBAT. AS THE NUMBER OF ACTIVE DUTY WOMEN INCREASES (APPROXIMATELY 10% IN 1995), WOMEN ARE ASSUMING CRITICAL POSITION OF RESPONSIBILITY WHICH FULLY EXPOSE THEM TO THE HAZARDS OF COMBAT AND WAR. THE SYSTEMATIC STUDY OF THE EFFECTS OF TRAUMA ON WOMEN'S HEALTH IS

IMPORTANT FOR WOMEN IN ALL BRANCHES OF SERVICE. THERE IS A CLOSE INTERPLAY BETWEEN PERFORMANCE, HEALTH AND PSYCHOSOCIAL FACTORS IN RESPONDING TO TRAUMA, DISASTER, AND COMBAT. UNDERSTANDING THE GENDER-SPECIFIC RESPONSES ASSOCIATED WITH TRAUMATIC STRESS IS IMPORTANT FOR THE DEVELOPMENT

OF COMMAND POLICY, TRAINING SCENARIOS, AND MEDICAL CARE PROCEDURES. HOWEVER, LITTLE IS PRESENTLY KNOWN ABOUT HOW THE HEALTH OF MILITARY WOMEN MAY

BE UNIQUELY AFFECTED BY TRAUMA AND WAR.

DTIC Descriptors (Keywords): ACTIVE DUTY; BOMBING; CHEMICAL WARFARE; HAZARDS;

HEALTH; HEALTH CARE FACILITIES; MEDICAL SERVICES; MILITARY COMMANDERS; MILITARY MEDICINE; MILITARY PERSONNEL; OKLAHOMA; OPERATIONAL READINESS; PEACEKEEPING; PERSIAN GULF; SCENARIOS; SINAI; SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY; SOMALIA; STRESS(PSYCHOLOGY); TERRORISM; TRAINING; TRAUMATIC SHOCK; URBAN AREAS;

WOMEN

DTIC Identifiers (Keywords): GENDER; POST TRAUMATIC STRESS DISORDER

Author Keywords: COMBAT; GENDER; HEALTH; MILITARY; PERFORMANCE;

PTSD(POST-TRAUMATIC STRESS DISORDER); SEX; STRESS;

TRAIIMA

AD Number: A311946

Title: THINKING THE UNTHINKABLE FACING A NUCLEAR, BIOLOGICAL, CHEMICAL AND THE MEANS TO DELIVER (NBC&M) ADVERSARY: AN INTEGRATED PLANNING CONSIDERATION FOR THE OPERATIONAL COMMANDER.

Site Holding: DT; NT

Author(s): WONG, BRUCE S. Publication Date: 19960614

Descriptive Note: FINAL REPORT Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED.

Document Classification: U Pages: 37

Corporate Author: NAVAL WAR COLL NEWPORT RI

Abstract: IN TODAY'S VOLATILE POLITICAL, ECONOMIC, RELIGIOUS

AND CULTURAL ENVIRONMENT NATION-STATES

AGGRESSIVELY PURSUE ROBUST NBC&M CAPABILITIES AS

ECONOMIC AND FORCE EQUALIZERS FOR ASYMMETRIC WARFARE ADVANTAGE. TWO THOUGHTS FOLLOW. FIRST, THE ODDS INDICATE THE UNITED STATES WILL FACE A NBC&M CAPABLE AND CONFIDENT ADVERSARY IN A FUTURE REGIONAL CONFLICT. SECOND, ALTHOUGH NEVER PUBLICLY NOR EXPLICITLY STATED, THE UNITED STATES HAS INDICATED IT MAY RESPOND WITH NUCLEAR WEAPONS WHEN CONFRONTED WITH NBC&M IN A CONVENTIONAL WAR. HOWEVER ACCURATE, THIS EXCHANGE INVITES A COMPELLING QUESTION: ARE WE PREPARED TO CONFIDENTLY INTEGRATE SUCH PRESIDENTIAL TASKS INTO A CONVENTIONAL ENVIRONMENT? THIS PAPER SEEKS TO PROVIDE SOME CONSIDERATIONS TO THIS QUESTION. IT IS NOT ABOUT TELLING OPERATIONAL COMMANDER (CINC) HOW TO EXECUTE PRESIDENTIAL TASKS; IT IS ABOUT PULLING TOGETHER DIVERSE, UNCLASSIFIED, OPERATIONAL CONSIDERATIONS AS A REASONABLE FOUNDATION FOR INTEGRATING A NUCLEAR RESPONSE INTO

CONVENTIONAL OPERATIONS.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: NBC; PUBLIC OPINION; CB THREAT; MISSILES; TACTICAL

BALLISTIC MISSILES; IRAQ; SCUD; UNITED NATIONS; CHEMICAL WEAPONS; BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS; CONVENTIONAL

WEAPONS; NUCLEAR WEAPONS; TERRORISM

DTIC Descriptors (Keywords): ASYMMETRY; BIOLOGICAL WARFARE; CHEMICAL WARFARE;

CONFLICT; CONVENTIONAL WARFARE; ENVIRONMENTS; INTEGRATED SYSTEMS; MASS DESTRUCTION WEAPONS; MILITARY COMMANDERS; MILITARY OPERATIONS; NUCLEAR

WARFARE; NUCLEAR WEAPONS; PLANNING

ale ale alealea le ale

Title: AMERICA THE VULNERABLE, THE THREAT OF

CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL WARFARE. THE NEW SHAPE OF

TERRORISM AND CONFLICT.

Author(s): DOUGLASS, JOSEPH D.; LIVINGSTONE, NEIL C.

Publication Date: 19870101

Descriptive Note: PUBLISHED BOOK

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: LEXINGTON BOOKS, DC HEATH AND COMPANY, LEXINGTON,

MASSACHUSETTS.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 204

Corporate Author: DC HEALTH AND CO LEXINGTON MA

Abstract: THIS BOOK PROVIDES A SOMEWHAT DRAMATIZED LOOK AT

THE PAST, PRESENT AND POSSIBLE FUTURE OF

CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL WARFARE. SPECIAL EMPHASIS IS PAID TO BOTH SOVIET INVOLVEMENT AND TERRORIST THREAT. THIRTEEN POSSIBLE USE SCENARIOS ARE PROVIDED BY THE AUTHOR IN DIALOGUE-LADEN SHORT STORY FORM. BIOLOGICAL THREAT IS HIGHLIGHTED.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: AGENTS; BACTERIAL AGENTS; BIOLOGICAL AGENT THREAT;

BIOLOGICAL AGENTS; CB THREAT; CB WEAPON DELIVERY METHODS; CHEMICAL AGENT THREAT; CHEMICAL AGENTS; GEOGRAPHIC AREAS; THREAT SCENARIOS; THREAT TYPES;

TOXINS; UNITED STATES; USSR; VIRUSES

Title: CHEMICAL WARFARE AGENTS.

Author(s): ELLIOT, GORDON; GRIPSTAD, BIRGER; LUNDQUIST,

NILS-HENRIK

Publication Date: 19830601

Descriptive Note: SPECIAL PUBLICATION

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. AVAILABILITY: THE SWEDISH NATIONAL DEFENSE RESEARCH INSTITUTE, STOCKHOLM, SWEDEN.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 57

Corporate Author: NATIONAL DEFENCE RESEARCH INST UMEA (SWEDEN)

Abstract: 2HIS SWEDISH HANDBOOK PROVIDES EXTENSIVE TECHNICAL BACKGROUND INFORMATION ON CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL WARFARE AND DEFENSE. TOPICS DISCUSSED INCLUDE: HISTORY, SABOTAGE AND TERRORISM, DISARMAMENT, CHEMICAL AGENTS, TOXINS, HERBIOIDES, TRENDS,

DETECTION, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT, AND

DECONTAMINATION.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: ADULTS; CHILDREN; CIVIL DEFENSE; INFANTS; CHEMICAL

AGENTS; COLLECTIVE PROTECTION EOUIPMENT;

DECONTAMINATION; DETECTION; HANDBOOKS; INDIVIDUAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT; REFERENCE MATERIALS; SWEDEN

Title: PROCEEDINGS OF THE SECOND WORLD CONGRESS, NEW

COMPOUNDS IN BIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL WARFARE: TOXICOLOGICAL EVALUATION, INDUSTRIAL CHEMICAL DISASTERS, AND CIVIL PROTECTION AND TREATMENT.

Author(s): HENDRICKX, B.

Publication Date: 19860824

Descriptive Note: CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS

Limitations/Availability: DEPARTMENT OF TOXICOLOGY, STATE UNIVERSITY OF

GHENT, BELGIUM.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 652

Corporate Author: STATE UNIVERSITY OF GHENT BELGIUM

Supplementary Note: THIS PROCEEDINGS IS FOUND IN PART II, PAGES

416-652 OF THIS VOLUME. PART I, PAGES 18-411 IS THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF FORENSIC TOXICOLOGISTS 23RD EUROPEAN MEETING, TERRORISM: ANALYSIS AND DETECTION OF EXPLOSIVES.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: BELGIUM; BIOLOGICAL AGENTS; CB INCIDENTS; CHEMICAL

AGENTS; CIVIL DEFENSE; CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS;

TOXICITY; TOXICOLOGY

CBIAC Number: CB-012542 AD Number: D751222

> Title: THE IMPORTANCE OF PROTECTION AND DETECTION FOLLOWING A CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION.

Author(s): COOPER, GRAHAM H.

Publication Date: 19890611

Descriptive Note: CONFERENCE PAPER

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. AVAILABILITY: THIS PAPER IS CONTAINED WITHIN PROCEEDINGS OF THE THIRD INTERNATIONAL SYMPOSIUM ON PROTECTION AGAINST CHEMICAL WARFARE AGENTS (CB-010392, AD-D750610, PAGES 385-390.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 6

Corporate Author: NATIONAL DEFENSE RESEARCH INST UMEA (SWEDEN)

Supplementary Note: PAPER PRESENTED AT THE THIRD INTERNATIONAL

SYMPOSIUM ON PROTECTION AGAINST CHEMICAL WARFARE AGENTS, STOCKHOLM, SWEDEN, 11-16 JUNE 1989.

Abstract: DELEGATIONS AT THE CONFERENCE ON DISARMAMENT IN GENEVA ARE NEGOTIATING A COMPREHENSIVE, VERIFIABLE AND GLOBAL CONVENTION WHICH WILL PROHIBIT THE DEVELOPMENT, PRODUCTION, ACQUISITION, STOCKPILING, RETENTION AND USE OF CHEMICAL WEAPONS AND WHICH WILL ALSO PROHIBIT THEIR DIRECT OR INDIRECT TRANSFER. THE CURRENT DRAFT TEXT OF THE PROPOSED CONVENTION IS DIVIDED INTO SOME 17 ARTICLES WHICH ADDRESS DIFFERENT ASPECTS OF ITS IMPLEMENTATION. THESE INCLUDE DEFINITIONS (ARTICLE II), CHEMICAL WEAPONS (ARTICLE IV), CHEMICAL WEAPONS PRODUCTION FACILTIES (ARTICLE V) AND PURPOSES NOT PROHIBITED BY THE CONVENTION (ARTICLE VI). EVEN WITH THIS

CONVENTION BEING NEGOTIATED, PROTECTION AND DETECTION MUST REMAIN IMPORTANT AND EACH STATE SHOULD PERSIST WITH CW DEFENSIVE RESEARCH. THIS REMAINS SO DUE TO THE (1) UNMITIGATED THREAT AND USE OF CW FROM TERRORISTS AND (2) IF A POTENTIAL USER KNOWS THAT TROOPS OF AN ADVERSARY STATE ARE WELL PROTECTED, AND THAT HIS OWN USE OF CW WILL

HAVE LITTLE EFFECT, THE RISK OF BEING CAUGHT TRYING TO MANUFACTURE OR ACQUIRE SUCH WEAPONS WILL

BE VERY HIGH.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION; CB CAPABILITY; CB

THREAT; CHEMICAL TREATIES AND AGREEMENTS; DEFENSIVE CAPABILITY; POLICY AND DOCTRINE;

TERRORISM; THREAT TYPES; TREATIES AND AGREEMENTS;

TREATY VERIFICATION

Title: A LINE IN THE SAND.

Author(s): JENNINGS, PETER

Publication Date: 19900826

Descriptive Note: VIDEOTAPE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: FUSION VIDEO, 17214 S. OAK PARK AVENUE, TINLEY

PARK, IL 60477.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 1

Corporate Author: AMERICAN BROADCASTING CO NEW YORK ABC NEWS

Supplementary Note: FOR DOMESTIC USE ONLY. ANY UNAUTHORIZED COPYING,

HIRING, LENDING FOR PUBLIC PERFORMANCES OF THE

VIDEO CASSETTE ARE ILLEGAL.

Abstract: ABC NEWS TAKES A STEP BACK FOR AN IN-DEPTH LOOK AT

THE EVENTS LEADING UP TO THE IRAQI INVASION OF

KUWAIT. PETER JENNINGS REPORTS ON THE

LONG-STANDING RELATIONSHIP OF SADDAM HUSSEIN'S IRAQ WITH THE UNITED STATES AND OTHER WESTERN NATIONS, AND THE IMPACT OF THEIR SUPPORT OF IRAQ'S MILITARY BUILD-UP DURING THE PAST DECADE. PETER JENNINGS IS JOINED BY CHIEF FOREIGN CORRESPONDENT

PIERRE SALINGER, CHIEF NATIONAL SECURITY CORRESPONDENT JOHN MCWETHY, AND LONDON BASED CORRESPONDENT JOHN LAURENCE TO DISCUSS THE

VOLATILE SITUATION.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: ARMS SALES; CB CAPABILITY; CB INCIDENTS; CB

STOCKPILES; CB THREAT; CB WEAPON PRODUCTION; CONFRONTATIONS; DEFENSIVE CAPABILITY; IRAN-IRAQ WAR; IRAQ; MIDDLE EAST; OFFENSIVE CAPABILITY; POLICY AND DOCTRINE; PROLIFERATION; SYRIA;

TERRORISM; TURKEY; UNITED STATES; WARS; VIDEOTAPES

CBIAC Identifiers (Keywords): KUWAIT

AD Number: D751757

Title: DEVELOPMENT OF FUTURE WEAPON STORAGE SITE CONCEPTS.

Site Holding: NT

Author(s): MATALUCCI, R. V.

Publication Date: 19900612

Descriptive Note: CONFERENCE PAPER

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. AVAILABILITY: NATIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION SERVICE, TECHNOLOGY ADMINISTRATION,

SPRINGFIELD, VA 22161.

Document Classification: U

Contract Number: AC04-76DP00789

Pages: 10

Corporate Author: SANDIA NATIONAL LAB ALBUQUERQUE NM

Supplementary Note: PAPER PRESENTED AT THE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY SPONSORED 1990 GOVERNMENT-INDUSTRY TECHNICAL SYMPOSIUM, HELD AT WILLIAMSBURG, VA ON 12-14 JUN

1990.

Abstract: BECAUSE OF INCREASED SECURITY THREATS, SIGNIFICANT

IMPROVEMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE TO NUCLEAR WEAPONS STORAGE SITES IN AN EFFORT TO ENHANCE THE SURVIVABILITY AND SECURITY OF THESE FACILITIES. THESE IMPROVEMENTS HAVE BEEN CONSTRAINED BY THE DESIGN AND LAYOUT OF THE FACILITIES AND BY BUDGET LIMITATIONS. THIS PAPER PRESENTS CONCEPTS FOR

FIXED STORAGE SITES IN WHICH THE DESIGN

INCORPORATES THE LATEST TECHNOLOGY IN SECURITY AND

SURVIV@BILITY. THE CONCEPTS INCLUDE A VAULT STORAGE SYSTEM, A FORT STORAGE FACILITY, AN UNDERGROUND FACILITY, AND A DESIGN FOR UPGRADING

EXISTING IGLOO STORAGE FACILITIES.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: ABOVE GROUND MAGAZINES; AGENT STOCKPILES; CB

STOBKPILES; CHEMICAL AGENT THREAT; CHEMICAL STORAGE FACILITIES; CHEMICAL SURETY; CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS; IGLOOS; MUNITIONS STOCKPILES; NBB;

OPEN STORAGE AREAS; SABOTAGE; TERRORISM

CBIAC Identifiers (Keywords): HARDENED STRUCTURES; INTRUSION DETECTION;

ROBOTICS; SECURITY SYSTEMS; STORAGE FACILITY

DESIGN; UNDERGROUND STORAGE

Title: CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL WARFARE - THREAT OF THE

Author(s): LE CHENE, EVELYN

Publication Date: 19890101

Descriptive Note: TECHNICAL PAPER

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. AVAILABILITY: THE MACKENZIE INSTITUTE FOR THE STUDY OF TERRORISM, REVOLUTION AND PROPAGANDA, SUIT 906, 100 ADELAIDE STREET WEST,

TORONTO, CANADA M5H 1S3.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 31

Corporate Author: MACKENZIE INSTITUTE TORONTO (ONTARIO)

Abstract: WESTERN ALLIES MAY HAVE BEEN LULLED INTO AN

ASSUMPTION OF SECURITY AND OPTIMISM BY GLASTNOST AND CONTINUING NEGOTIATIONS WITH THE SOVIET UNION ON NUCLEAR DISARMAMENT AND OTHER ISSUES. IT IS THE AUTHOR'S CONTENTION THAT THIS PUTS THE GENERAL POPULATION IN VERY REAL DANGER. THE SOVIETS CONTINUE TO BE A THREAT BECAUSE OF THEIR VAST ARSENAL OF CBW AGENTS AND DELIVERY SYSTEMS, THEIR WELL TRAINED MILITARY CHEMICAL UNITS, AND ADEQUATE

PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES WHICH ALLOW THEM TO CONTINUE OPERATIONS UNDER CONTAMINATED CONDITIONS. IN ADDITION, THE SOVIETS HAVE VIOLATED THE 1972 CONVENTION BY EXPORTING CB WEAPONS AND/OR TECHNOLOGY. THE CB CAPABILITY OF COUNTRIES OF THE MIDDLE EAST AND NORTH AFRICA (AND POSSIBLE TRANSFER OF THIS CAPABILITY TO TERRORIST GROUPS) IS ALSO AN EVER INCREASING THREAT. ANOTHER AREA OF CONCERN IS THE RISK TO THE GENERAL POPULATION FROM INDUSTRIAL ACCIDENTS OR NATURAL DISASTERS. THIS TREATISE ON THE THREAT OF CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL WARFARE AGENTS CONCLUDES THAT THE THREAT TO THE CIVILIAN POPULATION IS INCREASING AT AN ALARMING RATE, AND THAT IT IS VITAL THAT WESTERN ALLIED NATIONS

DEVELOP CIVIL DEFENSE PROGRAMS.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: BIOLOGICAL AGENT THREAT; CANADA; CB CAPABILITY; CB HAZARDS; CB INCIDENTS; CB STOCKPILES; CB THREAT; CB WEAPON PRODUCTION; CHEMICAL AGENT THRAET; CHEMICAL TREATIES AND AGREEMENTS; CIVIL DEFENSE; DEFENSIVE CAPABILITY; EGYPT; GROUND SHOCK; IRAN; IRAQ; ISRAEL; JORDAN; LIGYA; MIDDLE EAST; NORTH AFRICA; SYRIA; TERRORISM; THREAT TYPES; TREATIES

AND AGREEMENTS

Task Keywords: SOVEREIGNTY, LEGAL IMPLICATIONS, AND CD ADMINISTRATION

Title: OBSTACLES TO LARGE-SCALE BIOLOGICAL TERRORISM.

Author(s): CHESTER, C. V. Publication Date: 19910901

Descriptive Note: TECHNICAL REPORT

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. AVAILABILITY: NATIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION SERVICE, TECHNOLOGY ADMINISTRATION,

SPRINGFIELD, VA 22161.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 3

Corporate Author: OAK RIDGE NATIONAL LAB TN

Abstract: THIS PAPER LISTS THE OBSTACLES TO BE OVERCOME BY A PERSON OR GROUP INTERESTED IN USING A BIOLOGICAL

AGENT TO ATTACK A HIGH DENSITY POPULATION TARGET.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: ANTHRAX; BIOLOGICAL AGENT THREAT; TERRORISM

Title: PROLIFERATION OF NUCLEAR, CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL

WEAPONS.

Author(s): LATTER, RICHARD

Publication Date: 19900601

Descriptive Note: CONFERENCE PAPER

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: UNIPUB, 4611-F ASSEMBLY DRIVE, LANHAM, MD 20706-4391

Document Classification: U

Pages: 32

Corporate Author: WILTON PARK STEYNING WEST SUSSEX (UNITED KINGDOM)

Supplementary Note: WILTON PARK PAPERS 25.

Abstract: THE CONFERENCE BROUGHT TOGETHER REPRESENTATIVES OF

DEFENCE COMMUNITIES IN FIRST AND THIRD WORLD COUNTRIES TO EXAMINE DIFFERENCES AND COMMON INTERESTS REGARDING PROLIFERATION, LIKELY NATIONAL POLICIES AND THE PROSPECTS FOR INTERNATIONAL

CO-OPERATION. GIVEN THE RECENT BENEFITS OF

EAST-WEST COLLABORATION AND ARMS CONTROL MEASURES, THOUGHT IS BEING GIVEN TO THE POSSIBILITY OF INTRODUCING SUCH ARRANGEMENTS IN THIRD WORLD CONTEXTS. THE BANNING OR REDUCTION OF CLASSES OF WEAPONS, THE INTRODUCTION OF VERIFICATION PROCEDURES, AND CONFIDENCE-BUILDING MEASURES MAY BE SOUGHT THROUGH BILATERAL OR MULTILATERAL

DE SOUGHI IRROUGH BILATERAL OR MULTILATERAL
NEGOTIATIONS. THREE ISSUES ARE OF PARTICULAR
NEGOTIATIONS: MONITORING AND CONTROL OF ARMS AND
TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER FROM TRADITIONAL SUPPLIERS TO
THE THIRD WORLD; CONTROL OR RESTRAINT OF

INDIGENOUS PRODUCTION OF WEAPONS WITHIN THE THIRD WORLD AND TRANSFER BETWEEN THIRD WORLD COUNTRIES;
AND THE PREVENTION OF THE USE OF WEAPONS WHERE

THESE ARE ALREADY IN PLACE.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: CB WEAPONS; IRAN-IRAQ WAR; MISSILES; NATO; NBC; TERRORISM; THREAT TYPES; TREATY VERIFICATION;

UNITED KINGDOM; UNITED STATES; USSR

CBIAC Identifiers (Keywords): MISSILE TECHNOLOGY CONTROL REGIME (MTCR); NUCLEAR

NON-PROLIFERATION TREATY; PROLIFERATION; THIRD

WORLD

Title: FIGHTING TO STEM THE TIDE.

Author(s): BANKS, TONY
Publication Date: 19900714
Descriptive Note: JOURNAL ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: JANE'S DEFENCE WEEKLY, 14(2): 51-54, 14 JULY 1990.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 4

Corporate Author: JANES INFORMATION GROUP ALEXANDRIA VA

Abstract: MORE THAN 18 MONTHS AFTER 149 NATIONS RESOLVED TO

ACCELERATE NEGOTIATIONS FOR A TOTAL BAN ON CHEMICAL WEAPONS (CW) AT THE PARIS CONFERENCE ON THE PROHIBITION OF CHEMICAL WEAPONS, THE GENEVA DISARMAMENT TALKS HAVE YET TO PRODUCE POSITIVE RESULTS. SINCE THE PARIS CONFERENCE, A NUMBER OF DEVELOPMENTS HAVE UNDERLINED THE PROLIFERATION OF CW CAPABILITIES. AS MANY AS 20 NATIONS APPEARS LIKELY, WHILE SUB-NATIONAL TERRORIST ORGANISATIONS HAVE THREATENED CW/BW (BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS) USE. WITH THE PROLIFEREATION OF CW-CAPABLE DELIVERY SYSTEMS AND INSUFFICIENT OR INEFFICIENT PROTECTION EQUIPMENT, A CHEMICAL OR BIOLOGICAL THREAT IS AN ATTRACTIVE OPTION TO THOSE WILLING TO RISK OR

IGNORE INTERNATIONAL OPPROBRIUM.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: BIOLOGICAL AGENT THREAT; CB STOCKPILES; CB THREAT;

CB WEAPON PRODUCTION; CHEMICAL INDUSTRY; CHEMICAL TREATIES AND AGREEMENTS; CONFRONTATIONS; DETECTION; INSPECTORS; OFFENSIVE CAPABILITY;

POLICY AND DOCTRINE; PROLIFERATION; TERRORISM CBIAC Identifiers (Keywords): DEVELOPING NATIONS; THIRD WORLD COUNTRIES

Task Keywords: INSPECTIONS; MEDIA REPORTS; SOVEREIGNTY, LEGAL IMPLICATIONS, AND

CD ADMINISTRATION

Title: CHEMICAL WEAPONS PROLIFERATION, POLICY ISSUES

PENDING AN INTERNATIONAL TREATY.

Author(s): REMACLE, ERIC; ZANDERS, JEAN PASCAL

Publication Date: 19900316

Descriptive Note: CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: CENTRE FOR POLEMOLOGY, UNIVERSITY OF BRUSSELS,

PLEINLAAN 2, B-1050 BRUSSELS, BELGIUM.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 183

Corporate Author: VRIJE UNIV BRUSSELS (BELGIUM) CENTER FOR

POLEMOLOGY

Supplementary Note: PAPERS FROM THE SECOND ANNUAL CONFERENCE ON CHEMICAL WARFARE HELD AT THE UNIVERSITY OF

BRUSSELS ON 16 MARCH 1990.

Abstract: THE SECOND ANNUAL CONFERENCE ON CHEMICAL WARFARE

WAS ORGANIZED ON THE THEME: CHEMICAL WEAPONS

PROLIFERATION, POLICY. ISSUES PENDING AN

INTERNATIONAL TREATY. THE CRISIS OVER THE CHEMICAL PRODUCTION PLANT AT RABTA IN LIBYA (1989) POINTED TO THE ALARMING EXTENT OF THE PROBLEM OF CHEMICAL

WEAPONS PROLIFERATION.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: ARMS CONTROL; BELGIUM; CB STOCKPILES; CB THREAT;

CHEMICAL TREATIES AND AGREEMENTS; CHEMICAL

WEAPONS; CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS; DIPLOMACY; EXPORT CONTROL REGULATIONS; IRAQ; LIBYA; MIDDLE EAST; MUNITIONS STOCKPILES; NATO; POLICY FACTORS; POLICYMAKERS; RETALIATION; TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER; TERRORISM; TREATY NON-COMPLIANCE; USSR; WEST

GERMANY; WESTERN EUROPE

Title: DOOMSDAY WEAPONS IN THE HANDS OF MANY. THE ARMS

CONTROL CHALLENGE OF THE 90'S.

Author(s): BAILEY, KATHLEEN C.

Publication Date: 19910101

Descriptive Note: PUBLISHED BOOK

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS PRESS, 54 EAST GREGORY

DRIVE, CHAMPAIGN, IL 61820.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 158

Corporate Author: BAILEY (KATHLEEN C) NATIONAL SECURITY RESEARCH

INC FAIRFAX VA

Abstract: PROLIFERATION NOW CONSTITUTES ONE OF THE MOST

SERIOUS THREATS TO INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND STABILITY, AS WELL AS TO US NATIONAL SECURITY. IT SHOULD BECOME THE FOCUS OF MULTINATIONAL AND BILATERAL ARMS CONTROL EFFORTS BEFORE IT IS TOO LATE. THIS BOOK IS INTENDED TO DESCRIBE THE SCOPE AND NATURE OF THE PROLIFERATION PROBLEM AND TO OFFER SOME IDEAS AS TO WHAT MIGHT BE DONE TO ADDRESS IT. THREE QUESTIONS MUST BE ASKED: HOW HARD IS IT TO ACQUIRE WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION (NUCLEAR, CHEMICAL, BIOLOGICAL, OR TOXIN) AND THE ATTENDANT DELIVERY STSTEMS (BALLISTIC OR CRUISE

MISSILES): WHICH COUNTRIES ARE CURRENTLY TRYING TO ACQUIRE THEM? IS THERE ANYTHING THAT THE UNITED STATES AND OTHER COUNTRIES MIGHT DO TO BETTER

CONFRONT AND SOLVE THIS PROBLEM?

CBIAC Subject Keywords: BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS; ARMS CONTROL; BIOLOGICAL

AGENTS; BOOKS; BRAZIL; CB THREAT; CHEMICAL AGENTS;

CHEMICAL TREATIES AND AGREEMENTS; CHEMICAL

WEAPONS; CHINA; CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS; DECLARATION; EGYPT; INDIA; IRAN; IRAQ; ISRAEL; LIBYA; MISSILES; NBC; NORTH KOREA; NUCLEAR WEAPONS; POLICY AND DOCTRINE; POLICY FACTORS; POLICY STATEMENTS;

PROLIFERATION; SOUTH AFRICA; TAIWAN; TERRORISM; UNITED STATES; USSR

CBIAC Identifiers (Keywords): NONPROLIFERATION POLICIES; THIRD WORLD COUNTRIES Library of Congress Keywords: BIOLOGICAL ARMS CONTROL; CHEMICAL ARMS CONTROL;

NUCLEAR ARMS CONTROL; NUCLEAR NON-PROLIFERATION

Title: THREAT OF CHEMICAL, BIOLOGICAL ARMS IN

POST-COLD-WAR ERA ASSESSED.

Author(s): EMBER, LOIS Publication Date: 19921109

Descriptive Note: JOURNAL ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: CHEMICAL AND ENGINEERING NEWS, NOVEMBER 9, 1992,

PAGES 23-24.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 2

Corporate Author: AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY WASHINGTON DC

Abstract: A HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVE INQUIRY INTO THE NATURE OF THE CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS THREAT IN THE POST-COLD-WAR ERA AND WHAT THE US CAN DO TO COUNTER THE THREAT IS LIKELY TO SHAPE CONGRESSIONAL DEBATES ON THE FISCAL 1994 DEFENSE BUDGET NEXT YEAR. A SPECIAL PANEL WAS APPOINTED BY HOUSE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE CHAIRMAN LES ASPIN (DEMOCRAT-WISCONSIN) LAST APRIL. THE PANEL IS SCHEDULED TO REPORT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE'S DEFENSE POLICY PANEL BY DECEMBER 31, 1992. INTEREST IS IN THE ISSUE OF THE UNITED STATES' ABILITY TO DEFEND AGAINST WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION. SEVERAL RECENT DEVELOPMENTS HAVE SERVED TO REINFORCE THE NEED TO INVESTIGATE POTENTIAL FUTURE THREATS AND THE UNITED STATES' CAPABILITY TO COUNTER THEM. AMONG THESE POTENTIAL THREATS IS THE ACCELERATING PROLIFERATION OF BIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL WEAPONS IN OTHER COUNTRIES AROUOND TH WORLD. ANOTHER IS THE RUBLE-POOR RUSSIAN REPUBLIC SELLING ITS CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL ARSENALS TO THE HIGHEST BIDDERS. AND FINALLY, THE LESSON OF THE PERSIAN GULF WAS DEMONSTRATED IN HOW ILL-EQUIPPED THE US TROOPS WERE TO FIGHT A CHEMICAL OR BIOLOGICAL WAR. AFTER BRIEFINGS FROM A RANGE OF RECOGNIZED EXPERTS, THE CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS THREAT IS STILL OF SPECIAL CONCERN TODAY, SPECIFICALLY THE PROLIFERATION ASPECT. A FINAL BRIEFING ON BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS IS EXPECTED TO STRESS THE NEED FOR IMPROVEMENTS IN BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS DEFENSE, IN OUR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM ON PROTECTIVE MEASURES, AND IN TROOP

CBIAC Subject Keywords: ANTHRAX; CB CAPABILITY; CB POLICYMAKERS; CB WEAPON DELIVERY SYSTEMS; CB WEAPONS; CHEMICAL PROTECTION; DEFENSIVE CAPABILITY; DIPLOMACY; MISSILES; OFFENSIVE CAPABILITY; RETALIATION; SCUD; TERRORISM; UNITED STATES; US CONGRESS; USSR

Title: RICIN: A CASE STUDY FOR THE TREATY.

Author(s): GARRETT, BENJAMIN C.

TRAINING.

Publication Date: 19920101

Descriptive Note: JOURNAL ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: THE

ASA NEWSLETTER, NO. 2, 1992, PAGES 1, 10-12.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 3

Corporate Author: APPLIED SCIENCE AND ANALYSIS INC PORTLAND ME Abstract: USE OF RICIN AS AN ASSASSINATION WEAPON HAS BEN DEMONSTRATED ON THREE KNOWN OCCASIONS. KNOWLEDGE OF THE RICIN'S POTENTIAL AS A WEAPON HAS SPREAD TO TERRORIST GROUPS. RICIN'S UTILITY AS A CHEMICAL WEAPON IS ACKNOWLEDGE BY ITS EXPLICIT LISTING ON SCHEDULE 1 OF THE CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION (CWC). THEREFORE, IT SEEMS REASONABLE THAT AT SOME POINT A STOCKPILE OF RICIN WILL BE UNCOVERED OR THAT RICIN WILL OTHERWISE BE ASSOCIATED WITH A TREATY-RELATED INSPECTION. IN RECOGNITION OF THIS, DEVELOPMENT OF THREE ANALYTICAL METHODS TO SUPPORT POSSIBLE RICIN ANALYSIS REQUIREMENTS IS

RECOMMENDED.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: AGENTS; ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY; ASSAYS; BIOLOGICAL

AGENT DETECTION METHODS; BIOLOGICAL AGENTS;

CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION; CHROMATOGRAPHY;

DETECTION; DETECTION METHODS; HIGH PRESSURE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY; IMMUNOASSAY; INSPECTION METHODS; INTERNATIONAL SECURITY; QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS;

RICIN; SCHEDULE 1 CHEMICALS; TERRORISM; TOXINS

CBIAC Identifiers (Keywords): ASSASSINATIONS

Title: FACING UP TO THE CHALLENGE OF IRAN.

Author(s): DE COURCY, J. Publication Date: 19921201

Descriptive Note: JOURNAL ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY:

ISLAMIC AFFAIRS ANALYST, DECEMBER 1992, PAGES 1-2.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 2

Corporate Author: INTELLIGENCE INTERNATIONAL LTD GLOS (UNITED

KINGDOM)

Abstract: IRAN IS INVOLVED WITH ISLAMIST TERRORISM IN EGYPT

AND IN THE FORMATION OF WHAT CAIRO REFERS TO AS A SHI'ITE BELT STRETCHING FROM IRAN, THROUGH SOUTHERN IRAQ TO SYRIA AND LEBANON. THE SHI'ITE SECT IS CONSIDERED TO BE DANGEROUS AND POSES THREAT NOT ONLY TO THE GULF STATES IN THE ARABIAN

PENINSULA AND TO IRAQ, BUT ALSO TO EGYPT.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: EGYPT; IRAN; IRAQ; MIDDLE EAST; NUCLEAR TREATIES

AND AGREEMENTS; NUCLEAR WEAPONS CONTROL; OPERATION

DESERT STORM; PERSIAN GULF WAR; TERRORISM

CBIAC Identifiers (Keywords): CAIRO; ISLAM; SHI'ITE BELT

Title: BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS: WEAPONS OF THE FUTURE?

Author(s): BROWDER, GLEN; ROBERTS, BRAD

Publication Date: 19930101

Descriptive Note: PUBLISHED BOOK

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: WESTVIEW PRESS INC, 5500 CENTRAL AVENUE, BOULDER,

CO 80301.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 101

Corporate Author: CENTER FOR STRATEGIC AND INTERNATIONAL STUDIES

WASHINGTON DC

CBIAC Subject Keywords: ARMS CONTROL POLICY; BIOLOGICAL AGENT THREAT;

BIOLOGICAL AND TOXINS WEAPONS TREATY OF 1972; BIOLOGICAL TREATIES AND AGREEMENTS; BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS; BIOTECHNOLOGY; CASUALTIES; CB THREAT;

CONFIDENCE-BUILDING MEASURES; DEFENSIVE

CAPABILITY; DEFENSIVE CAPABILITY R AND D; EXPORT CONTROL REGULATIONS; INTERNATIONAL SECURITY; IRAQ; MEDICAL TREATMENT; NON-COMPLIANT BEHAVIOR; PERSIAN GULF WAR; POLICY AND DOCTRINE; PROLIFERATION; TERRORISM; THIRD REVIEW CONFERENCE; TREATY NON-COMPLIANCE; TREATY VERIFICATION; UNITED

NATIONS

Title: CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS. VOLUME 2:

CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS.

Author(s): RICAUD, PIERRE

Publication Date: 19920101

Descriptive Note: JOURNAL ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. AVAILABILITY: PUBLISHED IN ENCYCLOPAEDIA UNIVERSALIS, PARIS, FRANCE.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 22

Corporate Author: ENCYCLOPAEDIA UNIVERSALIS PARIS

Abstract: CHEMICAL OF BIOLOGICAL WARFARE IS THE DELIBERATE

MILITARY USE OF CHEMICAL OR BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS AGAINST LIVE ORGANISMS, OR THE USE OF APPROPRIATE DEFENSIVE MEANS AGAINST SUCH ATTACKS. ITS MAIN

PURPOSE IS TO TRY TO DECREASE AT CERTAIN LEVELS OF HUMAN FUNCTIONS, AND SOMETIMES LETHALLY, BY ATTACKING CERTAIN TISSUES, ORGANS OR FUNCTIONS, AND AS A SIDE EFFECT, BY DESTROYING ANIMAL OR PLANT SOURCES OF FOOD. CONTRARY TO CONVENTIONAL OR NUCLEAR WEAPONS, THIS KIND OF WARFARE DOES NOT AFFECT EQUIPMENT OR INFRASTRUCTURES WHICH COULD THEN BE RECOVERED INTACT BY THE ENEMY. THE EXTREMELY DIVERSIFIED ARRAY OF AVAILABLE PRODUCTS WOULD MAKE IT POSSIBLE TO ADAPT SUCH WAR OPERATIONS TO A SPECIFIC MILITARY PURPOSE AND TO SUPPLY LIVE CHARGES FOR GRENADES AND FOR MISSLES. GROUPED UNDER THE GENERIC TERMS OF TOXIC WEAPONS, CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS WOULD THEN BE MORE INSIDIOUS, USABLE IN SABOTAGE OPERATIONS DUE TO THE GREAT EFFICIENCY OF SMALL QUANTITIES OF PORDUCT OR ORGANISMS. THE DANGER OF SUCH WEAPONS CANNOT BE NEGLECTED. WE MUST, HOWEVER, CONSIDER THAT IT IS RELATIVELY EASIER TO PROTECT ONESELF THAN TO PREVENT NUCLEAR OR EVEN CONVENTIONAL ATTACKS. SINCE THE INTERNATIONAL PROTOCOLS WERE NOT ABLE IN THE PAST TO PREVENT SUCH ATTACKS, ADEQUATE DETECTION, PROTECTION, AND TREATMENT OF THE PROBLEMS RESULTING FROM THE THREAT WOULD REDUCE ITS EFFICIENCY, AND THEREFORE THE TEMPATATION TO USE IT WIDELY. HOWEVER, THIS PROTECTION, IN SPITE OF CONSTANT TECHNICAL PROGRESS, WILL ALWAYS BE SOMEWHAT CUMBERSOME, REDUCING OPERATIONAL CAPABILITIES, SO MUCH SO THAT A SIMPLE THREAT OF UNILATERAL USE WILL CREATE A CERTAIN HANDICAP FOR THE OTHER PARTY.

CBIAC Identifiers (Keywords): DATSD(AE)(CB)

Author Keywords: ACETYLCHOLINE; BACTERIA; BACTERIOLOGY; BIOLOGICAL

OXYDOREDUCTIONS; BIOLOGICAL WAR; CHLORIDE; ENZYMES; EPIDEMICS; MUSHROOMS; MYCOSES;

NEUROPHARMACOLOGY; NUCLEAR (ARMAMENT); PESTICIDES; PHYTOPHATHOLOGY; RICKETTSIAE AND RICKETTSIOSES; TOXINS; VIROLOGY; VIRUS; WAR (RIGHT OF); WAR AND

PEACE; WORLD WAR (FIRST); WORLD WAR (SECOND)

ole ole ole ole ole ole

CBIAC Number: CB-028544

AD Number: D754077

Title: IMPROVING THE SECURITY OF RUSSIA'S CHEMICAL

WEAPONS STOCKPILE.

Author(s): SMITHSON, AMY Publication Date: 19951001

Descriptive Note: ESSAY

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. AVAILABILITY: THIS PAPER IS CONTAINED WITHIN CHEMICAL WEAPONS DISARMAMENT IN RUSSIA: PROBLEMS AND PROSPECTS, PAGES 5-20 (SEE

CB-028514).

Document Classification: U

Pages: 16

Corporate Author: HENRY L STIMSON CENTER WASHINGTON DC Abstract: THIS ESSAY SHOWS THE INSUFFICIENCY IN RUSSIAN

> SECURITY FOR EXISTING STOCKS OF CHEMICAL WEAPONS. THE AUTHOR NOTES THAT RUSSIAN CHEMICAL WEAPON STOCKS/STORAGE SITES APPEAR TO BE VULNERABLE TO THEFT FROM WITHIN AND ATTACK FROM WITHOUT. THE AUTHOR CONTINUES WITH INEXPENSIVE CORRECTIVE MEASURES WHICH ARE ESSENTIAL FOR THE SECURITY OF RUSSIAN CITIZENS YET MAY PROVE TO BE TOO DIFFICULT FOR THE RUSSIAN GOVERNMENT TO UNDERTAKE. THE COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION (CTR) PROGRAM WAS SET UP BY THE US CONGRESS AT THE COLLAPSE OF THE SOVIET UNION IN ORDER TO SECURE WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION AND BEGIN SAFELY DISMANTLING THEIR

DELIVERY VEHICLES ACCORDING TO TREATY REOUIREMENTS. THE OVERWHELMING MAJORITY OF FUNDS HAS GONE TOWARD NUCLEAR SECURITY AND DISARMAMENT. APPROXIMATELY 5% OF THE CTR FUNDS HAS GONE TOWARD

ASSISTING THE CHEMICAL WEAPONS DESTRUCTION PROGRAM. DUE TO THIS LESSER AMOUNT GOING TOWARDS

CHEMICAL WEAPONS DESTRUCTION, THE AUTHOR'S

CORRECTIVE MEASURES TRULY NEED TO BE IMPLEMENTED.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: CB CAPABILITY ELIMINATION; CB HAZARDS; CB THREAT;
CB VULNERABILITY; CHEMICAL STORAGE; CW STORAGE

FACILITIES; FACILITIES; FACILITY TYPES;

INTERNATIONAL SECURITY; PHYSICAL SECURITY; RUSSIA;

SECURITY BUILDING MEASURES; SITE PERIMETER
SECURITY; STORAGE FACILITIES; TAMPER RESISTANT
SEALS; TERRORISM; THREAT TYPES; UNITED STATES; US

CONGRESS; USSR; VERIFICATION SECURITY

CBIAC Identifiers (Keywords): COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION

Title: THE CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS THREAT.

Author(s): OEHLER, GORDON C.

Publication Date: 19960101

Descriptive Note: JOURNAL ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. AVAILABILITY: NATIONAL SECURITY

INSTITUTE'S ADVISORY, JANUARY 1996, PAGE 11.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 1

Corporate Author: NATIONAL SECURITY INSTITUTE WESTBOROUGH MA

Supplementary Note: THE NATIONAL SECURITY INSTITUTE, 57 EAST MAIN STREET, SUITE 217, WESTBOROUGH, MA 01581 IS AN INDEPENDENT FIRM SERVING GOVERNMENT AND INDUSTRIAL

SECURITY EXECUTIVES.

Abstract: THE PROLIFERATION OF WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION

(WMD) - A TERM THAT INCLUDES CHEMICAL WEAPONS AND BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS, AMONG OTHERS - IS A GLOBAL PROBLEM THAT CUTS ACROSS GEOGRAPHIC, POLITICAL, AND TECHNOLOGICAL LINES. MANY OF THE TECHNOLOGIES ASSOCIATED WITH WMD PROGRAMS, ESPECIALLY CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL TECHNOLOGIES, HAVE LEGITIMATE CIVILIAN OR MILITARY APPLICATIONS UNRELATED TO WMD. AS DUAL-USE TECHNOLOGY AND EXPERTISE

WMD. AS DUAL-USE TECHNOLOGY AND EXPERTISE CONTINUE TO SPREAD INTERNATIONALLY, THE PROSPECTS FOR CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL TERRORISM INCREASE. IN CONTRAST TO THE FABRICATION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS, THE PRODUCTION OF BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS REQUIRES ONLY

A SMALL QUANTITY OF EQUIPMENT. STOPPING THE PROLIFERATION OF WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION HAS BEEN A PROMINENT GOAL OF U.S. NATIONAL SECURITY AND FOREIGN POLICY PLANNING FOR SEVERAL DECADES. SINCE THE 1960s, WHEN THE U.S. SPONSORED THE

TREATY ON THE NONPROLIFERATION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS, THIS COUNTRY HAS RECOGNIZED THAT PROLIFERATION IS A GLOBAL PROBLEM AND THAT COMBATING IT REQUIRES

HIGH LEVELS OF INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS; CB THREAT; CB VULNERABILITY;

CHEMICAL WEAPONS; COUNTERPROLIFERATION; DIPLOMACY; INTERNATIONAL SECURITY; NBC WEAPON ALTERNATIVES; POLICY AND DOCTRINE; PRECURSORS; PROLIFERATION STATUS; SCHEDULES OF CHEMICALS; TERRORISM; THREAT

TYPES

Title: SILENT DEATH.

Author(s): UNCLE FESTER
Publication Date: 19890101
Descriptive Note: PUBLISHED BOOK

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: LOOMPANICS UNLIMITED, PO BOX 1197, TOWNSEND, WA

98368.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 123

Corporate Author: LOOMPANICS UNLIMITED PORT TOWNSEND WA

Supplementary Note: NEITHER THE AUTHOR NOR THE PUBLISHER (NOR THE CBIAC) ASSUMES ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE USE OR

CBIAC) ASSUMES ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE USE OR MISUSE OF INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS BOOK. IT IS SOLD FOR ENTERTAINMENT PURPOSES ONLY. BE

WARNED!

Abstract: THIS BOOK WILL ATTEMPT TO COVER, IN SIMPLE

LANGUAGE, THE MANY ASPECTS OF SUCCESSFUL POISONING. FROM THE CRUDE INORGANIC (I.E.,

MINERAL BASED) POISONS WHICH GET SO MANY PEOPLE A ONE-WAY TICKET TO THE BIG HOUSE, TO THE MUCH MORE SUBTLE AND DIFFICULT TO DETECT ORGANIC POISONS, WE WILL EXPLORE THE METHODS USED BY ARTISTS SKILLED IN THE CRAFT TO AVOID DETECTION. WE WILL ALSO COVER THE PROCEDURES USED IN FORENSIC TOXICOLOGY LABS TO DETECT THE PRESENCE OF TOXIC SUBSTANCES IN THE BODY OF THE VICTIM. FOR THOSE REALLY BIG JOBS, WE WILL COVER IN DETAIL THE PRODUCTION AND USE OF SOME OF THE MORE DEADLY WAR GASES. THESE GASES WERE SO HORRIBLE WHEN THEY WERE USED IN WORLD WAR I THAT THEY HAVE NOT BEEN USED IN A MAJOR WAR SINCE THEN. FOR THOSE WHO HAVE WHOLE ARMIES TO CONQUER SINGLEHANDEDLY, I'M SURE THE SECTION ON THE PRODUCTION AND USE OF NERVE GASES WILL INTEREST YOU. THESE NERVE GASES HAVE BEEN CALLED "THE POOR MAN'S ATOM BOMB," WITH GOOD REASON. THEY MAKE THE WORLD WAR I WAR GASES LOOK LIKE KIDS' STUFF. I'M SURE YOU'LL BE SURPRISED HOW EASY TO MAKE AND USE THESE LITTLE GEMS ARE. CBIAC Subject Keywords: BIOLOGICAL AGENTS; BLISTER AGENTS; BLOOD AGENTS; CB AGENT DELIVERY METHODS; CHEMICAL AGENTS; CHOKING AGENTS; EFFECTS; G AGENTS; H AGENTS; INCAPACITATING AGENTS; INORGANIC CHEMICAL

COMPOUNDS; NERVE AGENTS; ORGANIC CHEMICAL COMPOUNDS; SYMPTOMS; TERRORISM; TOXINS; V AGENTS

CBIAC Number: CB-029582 AD Number: D754346

Title: THE CHALLENGE OF BIOLOGICAL WARFARE DEFENSE.

Author(s): CARRICO, JOHN P.; RICHARDSON, BILLY

Publication Date: 19940501

Descriptive Note: ESSAY

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. AVAILABILITY: THIS PAPER IS CONTAINED WITHIN DIRECTOR'S SERIES ON PROLIFERATION, MAY 94

(CB-029578, AD-D754341), PAGES 29-38.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 10

Corporate Author: DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE DC

CHEMICAL MATTERS

Abstract: THE PROSPECT OF BIOLOGICAL WARFARE IS MORE CREDIBLE TODAY THAN IN THE PAST. IRAQ'S BIOLOGICAL WARFARE PROGRAMS GREATLY CONCERNED THE US AND ALLIED SENIOR OFFICIALS DURING DESERT SHIELD AND DESERT STORM, AND LED TO THE RELATIVELY HIGH LEVEL OF CONTINUING INTEREST IN THE THREATS POSED BY FOREIGN BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS (BW). CONCERN ABOUT THE THREAT AND THE DEFENSES WITH WHICH TO MEET IT HAS NOT BEEN STRONG IN ALL PARTS O HE US POLICY COMMUNITY. EVEN DURING DESERT SHIELD, THERE WERE SIGNIFICANT INSTANCES OF DISINTEREST AT THE MIDDLE ECHELONS OF THE DEFENSE ESTABLISHMENT. THE BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE PROGRAMS THAT HAVE BEEN INITIATED WERE "TOP-DRIVEN." RECENT BUDGET ENHANCEMENTS FOR THESE PROGRAMS THAT WERE DEVELOPED BY THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE AND THE JOINT STAFF, USING PLANS AND OPTIONS PREPARED BY SPECIALISTS IN CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE. WITH THE PASSAGE OF TIME AND THE PRESSURE OF DOWNWARD BUDGET TRENDS, MEMORIES OF THE CONCERNS FELT DURING DESERT SHIELD WILL FADE. MAINTAINING SUPPORT FOR THE CURRENT BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE INITIATIVES THROUGH THE APPROXIMATELY 10-YEAR PERIOD NECESSARY FOR DEVELOPMENT AND DEPLOYMENT OF MEANINGFUL IMPROVEMENTS WILL REQUIRE CONTINUING EDUCATION REGARDING THE NATURE OF THE BW THREAT THAT CONTINUES TO EVOLVE.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: BIOLOGICAL AGENT DETECTION METHODS; BIOLOGICAL AGENTS; BIOLOGICAL/TOXIN WEAPON PROLIFERATION; CB THREAT; CIVIL DEFENSE; COUNTERPROLIFERATION; COUNTERTERRORISM; DEFENSIVE CAPABILITY; DEFENSIVE CAPABILITY R AND D; DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE; INTELLIGENCE GATHERING; INTERNATIONAL SECURITY;

Title: BUILDING THE ORGANIZATION FOR THE PROHIBITION OF CHEMICAL WEAPONS. PROGRESS IN THE HAGUE, QUARTERLY

REVIEW NO. 10.

Publication Date: 19950601

Descriptive Note: JOURNAL ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: THIS ARTICLE IS CONTAINED WITHIN THE CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION BULLETIN, ISSUE NO. 28 (CB-028954), JUNE 1995, PAGES 4-11.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 8

Corporate Author: ORGANIZATION FOR THE PROHIBITION OF CHEMICAL

WEAPONS THE HAGUE (NETHERLANDS)

Abstract: PREPARATIONS FOR THE CWC'S ENTRY INTO FORCE ARE

PROGRESSING WELL. THE CONVENTION NOW HAS A TOTAL OF 29 RATIFICATIONS. ADDING THE FOUR STATES THAT RECENTLY RATIFIED THE CONVENTION, BUT HAVE NOT YET DEPOSITED THEIR INSTRUMENTS OF RATIFICATION, THIS

MEANS THAT THE CONVENTION HA SNOW RECEIVED

MORETHAN HALF THE NUMBER OF RATIFICATIONS REQUIRED FOR ENTRY INTO FORCE. WORK ON PREPARING FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE FUTURE OPCW CONTINUES. THE BUILDING TO BE USED AS THE OPCW LABORATORY AND EQUIPMENT STORE HAS NOW BEEN LEASED AND IS IN THE PROCESS OF BEING PREPARED FOR USE; THE PROCESS OF PROCURING INSPECTION EQUIPMENT IS WELL UNDERWAY; THE BIDDING PROCESS FOR A NUMBER OF ITEMS HAS CLOSED; AND THE GENERAL TRAINING SCHEME FORTHE INSPECTORATE IS MOVING CLOSER TO BEING FINALIZED, WITH MANY SIGNIFICANT GAPS IN THE LIST OF PLANNED COURSES FILLED BY NATIONAL OFFERS. ALTHOUGH THE PREPARATORY COMMISSION HAS ACHIEVED A GREAT DEAL IN RECENT MONTHS, A NUMBER OF IMPORTANT AREAS

STILL REQUIRE MORE WORK. PROGRESS IN THE COMMISSION ON MOST ASPECTS OF DESTROYING CHEMICAL WEAPONS PRODUCTION FACILITIES HAS LARGELY CEASED, BECAUSE OF A DISPUTE RELATED TO THESE FACILITIES. UNCERTAINTY IN THE DATE OF THE CONVENTION'S ENTRY

INTO FORCE (ULTIMATELY DUE TO DELAYS IN RATIFICATION BY LARGE STATES, MOST NOTABLY THE

UNITED STATES AND RUSSIAN FEDERATION) APPEARS TO

HAVE SLOWED WORK IN A NUMBER OF AREAS.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: OPCW; PREPARATORY COMMISSION; CHEMICAL WEAPONS

CONVENTION; TECHNICAL SECRETARIAT; RATIFICATION; UNITED STATES; RUSSIAN FEDERATION; PRODUCTION FACILITIES; HEALTH AND SAFETY; TREATY IMPLEMENTATION; ENTRY INTO FORCE; TERRORISM; EXPORT CONTROL REGULATIONS; CHALLENGE INSPECTIONS;

WORKING GROUP A; WORKING GROUP B; EXPERT GROUPS;

CHEMICAL INDUSTRY; INSPECTION PROCEDURES

Title: SUSSEX-HARVARD ROLLING CBW CHRONOLOGY, FEBRUARY

1995 THROUGH APRIL 1995.

Author(s): ROBINSON, JULIAN PERRY

Publication Date: 19950601

Descriptive Note: JOURNAL ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: THIS ARTICLE IS CONTAINED WITHIN THE CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION BULLETIN, ISSUE NO. 28 (CB-028954), JUNE 1995, PAGES 12-34.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 21

Corporate Author: SUSSEX UNIV BRIGHTON (UNITED KINGDOM) SCIENCE

POLICY RESEARCH UNIT

Abstract: THIS DOCUMENT IS AN ACCOUNT OF NEWS EVENTS TAKEN

FROM THE SUSSEX-HARVARD ROLLING CBW CHRONOLOGY DATED FEBRUARY THROUGH APRIL 1995. THE CHRONOLOGY INCLUDES INFORMATION REGARDING CHEMICAL WEAPONS,

CONFERENCE OF DISARMAMENT AND THE CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION FROM COUNTRIES ALL OVER THE WORLD.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: UNITED NATIONS SPECIAL COMMISSION; IRAQ; UNITED

KINGDOM; GULF WAR SYNDROME; EGYPT; ISRAEL; FACILITIES; JAPAN; TRADE RESTRICTIONS; EXPORT CONTROL REGULATIONS; CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION; RATIFICATION; OMAN; BELARUS; BIOLOGICAL AND TOXINS

WEAPONS TREATY OF 1972; AUSTRALIA GROUP; CHEMICAL INDUSTRY; OPCW; PREPARATORY COMMISSION; BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS; CHEMICAL WEAPONS; TREATY VERIFICATION; UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL; TECHNICAL SECRETARIAT; PRODUCTION FACILITIES; COMPLIANCE

MONITORING; JOHNSTON ISLAND; TERRORISM;

DEMILITARIZATION; NATO; PROLIFERATION; DETECTION

Title: SUSSEX-HARVARD ROLLING CBW CHRONOLOGY, MAY THROUGH

AUGUST 1995.

Author(s): ROBINSON, JULIAN PERRY

Publication Date: 19950901

Descriptive Note: JOURNAL ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: THIS ARTICLE IS CONTAINED WITHIN THE CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION BULLETIN, ISSUE NO. 29 (CB-028955), SEPTEMBER 1995, PAGES 14-34.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 21

Corporate Author: SUSSEX UNIV BRIGHTON (UNITED KINGDOM) SCIENCE

POLICY RESEARCH UNIT

Abstract: THIS DOCUMENT IS AN ACCOUNT OF NEWS EVENTS TAKEN

FROM THE SUSSEX-HARVARD ROLLING CBW CHRONOLOGY DATED MAY THROUGH AUGUST 1995. THE CHRONOLOGY INCLUDES INFORMATION REGARDING CHEMICAL WEAPONS. CONFERENCE OF DISARMAMENT AND THE CHEMICAL WEAPONS

CONVENTION FROM COUNTRIES ALL OVER THE WORLD.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: HUMANS; TEST SUBJECTS; UNITED KINGDOM; SIMULANTS;

CHEMICAL INDUSTRY; CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION; PYRIDOSTIGMINE; GULF WAR SYNDROME; PERSIAN GULF WAR; JAPAN; TERRORISM; RUSSIA; GB; NERVE AGENTS; UNITED STATES; SURFACE ACOUSTIC WAVE; DETECTION; DETECTION EQUIPMENT; DETECTION METHODS; OPCW; TECHNICAL SECRETARIAT; DEMILITARIZATION; MARYLAND; BIOLOGICAL AND TOXINS WEAPONS TREATY OF 1972; US CONGRESS; AGENT ORANGE; UNITED NATIONS SPECIAL COMMISSION; IRAQ; TREATY IMPLEMENTATION; CHEMICAL WEAPONS; NATIONAL AUTHORITY; STATES PARTIES; GAS

CHROMATOGRAPHY; RATIFICATION; STOCKPILE DESTRUCTION; PREPARATORY COMMISSION; FRANCE;

PHOSGENE; M55 CHEMICAL ROCKET

Title: PROLIFERATION: THREAT AND RESPONSE.

Site Holding: NT; DT Publication Date: 19960401 Descriptive Note: BIBLIOGRAPHY

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. AVAILABILITY: NATIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION SERVICE, TECHNOLOGY ADMINISTRTION, SPRINGFIELD, VA 22161; OR SUPERINTENDENT OF DOCUMENTS, US GOV'T PRINTING OFFICE, WASHINGTON,

DC 20402-9328.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 83

Corporate Author: OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE WASHINGTON DC Abstract: THE END OF THE COLD WAR HAS REDUCED THE THREAT OF

GLOBAL NUCLEAR WAR, BUT TODAY A NEW THREAT IS RISING FROM THE GLOBAL SPREAD OF NUCLEAR,

HOMEGROWN ABILITY TO MAKE THEM OR BALLISTIC

BIOLOGICAL, AND CHEMICAL WEAPONS. HOSTILE GROUPS AND NATIONS HAVE TRIED, OR HAVE BEEN ABLE, TO OBTAIN THESE WEAPONS, THE TECHNOLOGY, AND

MISSILES THAT CAN DELIVER THE MASSIVE

ANNIHILATION, POISON, AND DEATH OF THESE WEAPONS HUNDREDS OF MILES AWAY. FOR ROGUE NATIONS, THESE WEAPONS ARE A TICKET TO POWER, STATURE, AND

CONFIDENCE IN REGIONAL WAR. THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE (DOD) BOLSTERS THE DIPLOMATIC NONPROLIFERATION EFFORT BY HELPING TO PROTECT THE UNITED STATES AND OUR CITIZENS, ALLIES, AND MILITARY FORCES ABROAD FROM AGGRESSORS WHO MAY POSSESS OR OBTAIN NUCLEAR, BIOLOGICAL, AND CHEMICAL WEAPONS. THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE (DOD) PROVIDES THIS LEADERSHIP THROUGH A THREE-PART STRATEGY: (1) REDUCE THE THREAT, BY LEADING THE US EFFORT TO HELP THE FORMER SOVIET UNION REPUBLICS REDUCE, DISMANTLE, SAFEGUARD, AND EVEN ELIMINATE THESE WEAPONS; (2) DETER AGAINST THE THREAT, BY MAINTAINING STRONG CONVENTIONAL FORCES AND A SMALLER BUT ROBUST NUCLEAR DETERRENT FORCE; AND (3) DEFENSE AGAINST THE THREAT THROUGH THE DEFENSE COUNTERPROLIFERATION INITIATIVE. THE DOD COUNTERPROLIFERATION INITIATIVE INVOLVES A RANGE OF DEPARTMENT-WIDE ACTIVITIES THAT HELP TO PREVENT, PROTECT AGAINST, AND EVEN REVERSE THE DANGER FROM SPREADING NUCLEAR, BIOLOGICAL, AND CHEMICAL WEAPONS; TECHNOLOGY; AND MISSILES THAT CAN DELIVER THEM. THESE EFFORTS INCLUDE DEVELOPING SYSTEMS THAT CAN INTERCEPT OR DESTROY THESE WEAPONS, PROVIDING VACCINES AND PROTECTION, AND TRACKING MOVEMENT OF WEAPONS AND TECHNOLOGY.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: AFRICA; ASIA; BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS; CB CAPABILITY; CB THREAT; CHEMICAL TREATIES AND AGREEMENTS; CHEMICAL WEAPONS; CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION; CHINA; CONVENTIONAL TREATIES AND AGREEMENTS; CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS; DEMILITARIZATION; DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE; DIPLOMACY; EGYPT; INTERNATIONAL SECURITY; IRAN; IRAQ; JAPAN; JORDAN; KUWAIT; LIBYA; MIDDLE EAST; MISSILES; NBC; NORTH KOREA; NUCLEAR TREATIES AND AGREEMENTS; NUCLEAR WEAPONS; PERSIAN GULF WAR; POLICY AND DOCTRINE; PROLIFERATION; RUSSIAN FEDERATION; SAUDI ARABIA; SCUD; TERRORISM; TREATIES AND AGREEMENTS; UNITED

STATES

CBIAC Identifiers (Keywords): COUNTERTERRORISM; ORGANIZED CRIME

DTIC Descriptors (Keywords): BIOLOGICAL WARFARE; CHEMICAL ORDNANCE; DEATH; GUIDED MISSILES; NUCLEAR WARFARE; PHYSICISTS;

POISONS

DTIC Identifiers (Keywords): NBC(NUCLEAR BIOLOGICAL CHEMICAL)

Author Keywords: AFRICA; BALLISTIC MISSILES; BELARUS; BIOLOGICAL WARFARE AGENTS; CHEMICAL WARFARE AGENTS; DEFENSE SYSTEMS; GOVERNMENT POLICIES; INSURGENCY; INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS; KAZAKSTAN; MIDDLE EAST; MILITARY OPERATIONS; MILITARY PLANNING; NATIONAL DEFENSE; NONPROLIFERATION; NORTH AFRICA; NORTHEAST ASIA; NUCLEAR WEAPONS; PROLIFERATION; RUSSIAN FEDERATION; SOUTH ASIA; TERRORISM; THREAT

EVALUATION; UKRAINE

Title: PEACEKEEPING AND WEAPONS PROLIFERATION.

Author(s): BEACH, HUGH Publication Date: 19940101

Descriptive Note: OCCASIONAL PAPER

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: COUNCIL FOR ARMS CONTROL, CENTRE FOR DEFENCE STUDIES, KING'S COLLEGE, UNIVERSITY OF LONDON,

STRAND, WC2R 2LS, UNITED KINGDOM.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 20

Corporate Author: COUNCIL FOR ARMS CONTROL LONDON (UNITED KINGDOM) Abstract: THIS PAPER TRIES TO DESCRIBE THE FACTS OF PEACEKEEPING AND WEAPONS PROLIFERATION. SOME OF THE LESSONS TO BE DRAWN FROM PAST EXPERIENCE ARE: (1) THE SCOPE OF MULTILATERAL OPERATIONS IS NOW SO WIDE THAT IT CAN ENCOMPASS ALMOST ALL THE FUNCTIONS OF THE CIVIL POWER; (2) WHEN THE SCOPE OF OPERATIONS IS MUCH SMALLER, THE MILITARY TASKS TO BE UNDERTAKEN DO NOT DIFFER MUCH FROM THOSE PREVIOUSLY UNDERTAKEN BY COLONIAL POWERS; (3) SUCH OPERATIONS ARE NORMALLY HIGHLY UNEQUAL IN THE

SENCE THAT THE ADMINISTERING AUTHORITY (NOW NORMALLY THE UN, POSSIBLY THE EC) IS ACTUALLY OR POTENTIALLY IN POSSESSION OF MAJOR WEAPONS SYSTEMS; (4) FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS DUSCUSSION, THE TYPE OF WEAPONS PROLIFERATION WHICH IS MOST RELEVANT IS THAT OF LIGHT WEAPONS; (5) LIGHT WEAPONS ARE NOT ONLY THOSE WHICH CAUSE THE MOST CASUALTIES BUT ARE ALSO THOSE WHOSE WIDESPREAD POSSESSION IS MOST LIKELY TO DESTROY THE PROSPECTS FOR NATIONAL COHESION AND GOOD GOVERNMENT; (6) WEAK GOVERNMENTS ARE AT WORST LIKELY TO CONDONE OR AT BEST BE UNABLE TO STAUNCH INFLUX OF SUCH WEAPONS; (7) SUPPLIERS OF SUCH WEAPONS ARE EXTREMELY MULTIFARIOUS (250 KNOWN MANUFACTURES IN 70 DIFFERENT COUNTRIES); (8) IN UNSTABLE SOCIETIES THE SPREAD OF LIGHT WEAPONS CAN BE EXPECTED NOT ONLY TO MAKE GOVERNMENT MORE DIFFICULT BUT TO COMPOUND THE PROBLEM; (9) A WIDE RANGE OF INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS ARE SEEKING INFORMATION AND GUIDELINES DESIGNED TO PREVENT OR CONTROL THE PROLIFERATION; (10) COUNTRIES UNDERTAKING INTERVENTION OPERATIONS MUST TAKE INTO ACCOUNT THE LIMITLESS STOCK OF LIGHT WEAPONS; AND (11) IN PLANNING THEIR OPERATIONS COUNTRIES SHOULD RECOGNIZE THAT THEIR OWN HEAVY WEAPONS AND HIGH TECHNOLOGIES MAY NOT BE OF MUCH USE.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: ARMS CONTROL POLICY; BOMBS; CHEMICAL WEAPONS; CIVIL DEFENSE; CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS; COUNTERPROLIFERATION; INTERNATIONAL SECURITY; MISSILES; NATO; POLICY AND DOCTRINE; PROLIFERATION; RUSSIA; RUSSIAN FEDERATION; TERRORISM; UNITED KINGDOM; UNITED NATIONS; UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL

Title: CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL WARFARE UNMASKED.

Author(s): DOUGLASS, JOSEPH D., JR.

Publication Date: 19951102

Descriptive Note: NEWSPAPER ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: THE

WALL STREET JOURNAL, NOVEMBER 2, 1995.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 2

Corporate Author: WALL STREET JOURNAL NEW YORK NY

Abstract: FOR THE FIRST TIME IN MORE THAN 25 YEARS, THE US MAY BE WAKING UP TO THE SERIOUSNESS OF CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL WARFARE (CBW). SEVERAL INTERRELATED EVENTS HAVE CAUSED THIS AWAKENING. FIVE RUSSIAN DETECTORS HAVE REPORTED ON A MASSIVE 25-YEAR EFFORT TO CREATE QUALITATIVELY NEW FAMILIES OF CBW AGENTS USING THE MOST ADVANCED BIOTECHNOLOGY. ARMS CONTROL TREATIES WERE DISREGARDED BY BOTH THE SOVIETS AND RUSSIANS. THE SOVIET PROGRAM, CODE NAMED BIOPREPARAT, IS ROUGHLY 10 TIMES LARGER THAN US CBW INTELLIGENCE SPECIALISTS HAD ESTIMATED PRIOR TO THE SOVIET BREAKUP. DIPLOMATIC EFFORTS WERE INITIATED TO CONVINCE THE SOVIETS TO CEASE AND DESIST. THESE PRESSURES WERE EXPANDED AS MORE INFORMATION BECAME AVAILABLE AND AS THE LEADERSHIP CHANGED. THEIR RESPONSE WAS DENIAL, EVASION AND REPEATED STONEWALLING. THE GULF WAR EXPOSED SERIOUS DEFICIENCIES IN PROTECTIVE GEAR, GAS MASKS, TROOP TRAINING AND SUPPLIES OF ANTIDOTES. THE MOST RECENT EVENT TO RAISE CONSCIOUSNESS IS ONE SENATOR NUNN HIGHLIGHTED: THE RELEASE OF A SARIN NERVE AGENT IN THE TOKYO COMMUTER TRAIN BY THE AUM CULT EARLIER THIS YEAR. THIS HIGH-LEVEL AWAKENING IS LONG OVERDUE AND REFLECTED IN A SUDDEN INCREASE IN CBW SENSOR DEVELOPMENT RESEARCH AND COUNTERPROLIFERATION PROGRAMS. STOPPING PROLIFERATION IS CRITICAL. AN EFFECTIVE COUNTERPROLIFERATION PROGRAM HAS TO START WITH SERIOUS INTELLIGENCE COLLECTION DIRECTED AGAINST THE FORMER SOVIET UNION. MOUNTING SUCH AN EFFORT

WHEN TOP BRASS STILL VIEW SUCH ACTION AS BEING POLITICALLY INCORRECT, AND WHEN MID-LEVEL OFFICIALS SABOTAGE NEW COLLECTION INITIATIVES,

WILL BE DIFFICULT. BUT IT MUST BE DONE.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: BACTERIAL AGENTS; BIOLOGICAL AGENTS; BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS PROLIFERATION; CHEMICAL AGENTS; CHEMICAL WEAPON PROLIFERATION; COUNTERPROLIFERATION; COVERT

OPERATIONS; GB; INTELLIGENCE GATHERING;

INTERNATIONAL SECURITY; IRAQ; JAPAN; PERSIAN GULF WAR; POLICY AND DOCTRINE; PROLIFERATION; RUSSIA;

SABOTAGE; TERRORISM; USSR; YELLOW RAIN

Title: TOKYO TERROR AND CHEMICAL ARMS CONTROL.

Author(s): KEENY, SPURGEON M., JR.

Publication Date: 19950401

Descriptive Note: JOURNAL ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY:

ARMS CONTROL TODAY, 25(3): 2, APRIL 1995.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 1

Corporate Author: ARMS CONTROL ASSOCIATION WASHINGTON DC

Abstract: THE NERVE GAS ATTACK IN THE TOKYO SUBWAY SYSTEM UNDERSCORES THE EXTREME VULNERABILITY OF URBAN SOCIETY TO TERRORIST ATTACKS, AGAINST WHICH NEITHER MASSIVE DETERRENT FORCES NOR EXTENSIVE MILITARY DEFENSES OFFER ANY PROTECTION. THE BEST DEFENSE IS IMPROVED INTELLIGENCE ON POTENTIAL TERRORISTS AND DOMESTIC LAWS PERMITTING

> PRE-EMPTIVE ACTION WHEN THERE IS PROBABLY CAUSE. IF THE 1993 CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION (CWC) WERE

IN FORCE TODAY, ALL 159 CURRENT SIGNATORIES, INCLUDING JAPAN, WOULD BE REQUIRED TO HAVE SUCH

LAWS.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: ARMS CONTROL; CHEMICAL WEAPONS; GB; IMPLEMENTATION

LEGISLATION; JAPAN; NERVE AGENTS; RATIFICATION; TERRORISM; TREATY IMPLEMENTATION; US CONGRESS

CBIAC Identifiers (Keywords): PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION; SUBWAYS; TOKYO

Title: STRENGTHENING THE BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION.

Author(s): TUCKER, JONATHAN B.

Publication Date: 19950401

Descriptive Note: JOURNAL ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: ARMS CONTROL TODAY, 25(3): 9-12, APRIL 1995.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 4

Corporate Author: ARMS CONTROL AND DISARMAMENT AGENCY WASHINGTON DC Abstract: THE BIOLOGICAL AND TOXIN WEAPONS CONVENTION (BWC) OF 1972, WHICH HAS BEEN RATIFIED TO DATE BY 135 COUNTRIES, BANS THE DEVELOPMENT, ACQUISITION, POSSESSION AND USE OF BIOLOGICAL AND TOXIN AGENTS OF TYPES AND IN QUANTITIES THAT HAVE NO JUSTIFICATION FOR PROPHYLACTIC, PROTECTIVE OR OTHER PEACEFUL PURPOSES. YET, DESPITE THE SWEEPING NATURE OF ITS PROHIBITIONS, THE BWC DOES NOT INCLUDE ANY MECHANISMS TO VERIFY COMPLIANCE. WHEN THE TREATY WAS NEGOTIATED IN THE EARLY 1970'S THE PERCEIVED LACK OF MILITARY UNITY OF BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS AND THE WIDESPREAD VIEW THAT THE HIGHLY INTRUSIVE ON-SITE INSPECTIONS NEEDED FOR EFFECTIVE VERIFICATION WOULD BE POLITICALLY UNACCEPTABLE LED NEGOTIATORS TO CONCLUDE THAT A BWC VERIFICATION REGIME WAS NEITHER NECESSARY NOR FEASIBLE. DESPITE CONTRAINTS ON BWC VERIFICATION, A SET OF LEGALLY BINDING TRANSPARENCY MEASURES COULD OFFER BENEFITS FOR INTERNATIONAL SECURITY. ONE OF THE BEST INDICATORS OF INTENT, OF COURSE, IS THE OPENNESS THAT MEMBER STATES DEMONSTRATE WITH RESPECT TO THEIR DUAL-USE BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITIES, AND PARTICULARLY THEIR WILLINGNESS TO HOST VISITS BY

FOREIGNERS AT RELEVANT BIOLOGICAL FACILITIES. EXCESSIVE SECRECY OR MISREPRESENTATION DURING SUCH ON-SITE VISITS WOULD REINFORCE SUSPICIONS THAT A STATE HAD SOMETHING TO HIDE. A BWC TRANSPARENCY REGIME INVOLVING MANDATORY DECLARATIONS OF TREATY-RELEVANT BIOLOGICAL FACILITIES, VALIDATED BY ON-SITE VISITS, WOULD HELP TO DETER THE USE OF DECLARED SITES FOR BW PRODUCTION, THUS DRIVING ANY VIOLATIONS INTO CLANDESTINE FACILITIES AND MAKING THEM MORE DIFFICULT AND COSTLY.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: AERIAL DELIVERY METHODS; AEROSOLS; ANTHRAX; BIOLOGICAL AND TOXINS WEAPONS TREATY OF 1972; BIOLOGICAL TREATIES AND AGREEMENTS; BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS; BOMBS; BOTULINUM; CB THREAT; CIVIL DEFENSE; FACILITIES; MISSILES; NEGOTIATION; PROLIFERATION; TERRORISM; TREATY VERIFICATION; TREATY VERIFICATION; USSR; VEREX

Title: THE CWC CHRONICLE, VOLUME I, ISSUE 8, SEPTEMBER

1995.

Publication Date: 19950901 Descriptive Note: JOURNAL

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: THE CWC CHRONICLE, VOLUME I, NUMBER 8, SEPTEMBER 1995.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 3

Corporate Author: HENRY L STIMSON CENTER WASHINGTON DC

Abstract: THE CWC CHRONICAL IS A PERIODIC NEWSLETTER ABOUT INTERNATIONAL AND DOMESTIC EVENTS RELATED TO THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION. THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION AND ARTICLES APPEARED IN THIS ISSUE: JAPAN'S FRIGHTENING ENCOUNTER WITH TERRORISM; OF SPECIAL INTEREST TO INDUSTRY; CHEMICAL MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION HONORED FOR SUPPORT OF CWC; RATIFICATION ROUND UP; RECENT PREPCOM ACTIVITIES; AND VERIFICATION ISSUES. CBIAC Subject Keywords: CHEMICAL AGENTS; CHEMICAL INDUSTRY; CHEMICAL

MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION; CHEMICAL WEAPONS; CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION; CONFIDENTIALITY; FACILITIES; GB; INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES; INSPECTORS; JAPAN; NERVE AGENTS; OPCW; PREPARATORY COMMISSION; PRODUCTION FACILITIES; RATIFICATION; SCHEDULE 2 CHEMICALS; SIGNATORIES; TERRORISM

CBIAC Identifiers (Keywords): PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION; SUBWAYS

Title: PORTABLE ISOTOPIC NEUTRON SPECTROSCOPY (PINS)

CHEMICAL ASSAY SYSTEM.

Publication Date: 19940901 Descriptive Note: BROCHURE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. AVAILABILITY: EG&G ORTEC, 100 MIDLAND

ROAD, OAK RIDGE, TN 37831-0895.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 8

Corporate Author: EG AND G ORTEC OAK RIDGE TN

Abstract: THE PORTABLE ISOTROPIC NEUTRON SPECTROSCOPY (PINS) CHEMICAL ASSAY SYSTEM WAS CREATED IN RESPONSE TO THE GROWING WORLDWIDE NEED TO DETERMINE IN SITU THE SPECIFIC NATURE OF THE CONTENTS OF AN ASSORTMENT OF CONTAINERS OF MUNITIONS AND CHEMICAL WEAPONS. PINS IS A JOINT DEVELOPMENT OF EG&G ORTEC AND THE IDAHO NATIONAL ENGINEERING LABORATORY (INEL). SUCH APPLICATIONS REQUIRE PORTABILITY, RELIABILITY, AND EASE OF USE. THE PEROFRMANCE OF PINS, AVAILABLE FROM EG&G ORTEC, HAS BEEN VERIFIED IN REAL-WORLD USE BY THE US ARMY, WHICH HAS SUCCESSFULLY IDENTIFIED, IN THE FIELD, HUNDREDS OF SUSPECT MUNITIONS FROM BURIAL SITES AND FIRING RANGES. PINS READILY AND CLEARLY DISTINGUISHED BETWEEN CYLINDERS CONTAINING HIGH EXPLOSIVES, ONES THAT CONTAIN BLISTER AGENTS, AND ONES FILLED WITH

NERVE GAS. RECENT INTERNATIONAL EVENTS HAVE DEMONSTRATED THE VALUE OF HAVING SUCH AN

INSTRUMENT IN THE FIGHT AGAINST TERRORISM. PINS IS BEING EVALUATED AS A METHOD FOR MEASUREMENTS ENUNCIATED UNDER THE CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION

(CWC), CURRENTLY BEING RATIFIED WORLDWIDE.
CBIAC Subject Keywords: ASSAYS; BLISTER AGENTS; CONTAINERS; DETECTION; DETECTION EQUIPMENT; G AGENTS; GA; GB; H AGENTS; HD; HN-1; HN-2; HN-3; HT; INSPECTION METHODS; NERVE AGENTS; NON-DESTRUCTIVE EVALUATION; PORTABLE ISOTOPIC NEUTRON SPECTROSCOPY; SPECTROSCOPY; TERRORISM; TREATY VERIFICATION; TRINITROTOLUENE; V

AGENTS; VERIFICATION TECHNOLOGY; VX; WHITE

PHOSPHORUS

Title: US CITIES PREPARE TO DEAL WITH TERROR ATTACKS, BUT

DRILLS POINT TO WEAKNESS IN RESCUE PLANS.

Author(s): FIALKA, JOHN J.

Publication Date: 19960603

Descriptive Note: NEWSPAPER ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: THE WALL STREET JOURNAL, MONDAY, JUNE 3, 1996, PAGE

A16.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 2

Corporate Author: WALL STREET JOURNAL NEW YORK NY

Abstract: EXPERTS AGREE THAT IN LIGHT OF THE TOKYO SUBWAY

INCIDENT NO MAJOR US CITY HS PREPARED TO DEAL WITH A TERROR ATTACK. CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL INCIDENTS

ARE SIMPLY NOT IN THE PLAYBOOK OF MOST FIRE

DEPARTMENTS. THE DIRECTOR OF THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY, JOHN M. DEUTSCH, WARNS THE LIKELIHOOD THAT STATE OR NON-STATE ACTORS WILL ATTEMPT TO USE WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION AGAINST US INTERESTS IS GROWING. SOME SERIOUS PLANNING HAS

BEGUN. THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION, THE FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY (FEMA), AND OTHER AGENCIES ARE COMPLETING A REPORT FOR PRESIDENT CLINTON WHICH DETAILS THE NATIONS ABILITY TO COUNTER USE OF SO-CALLED WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION BY TERRORISTS. SCHEDULED FOR

DELIVERY NEXT MONTH, IT WILL SAY SOME FEDERAL AGENCIES, PRIMARILY THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE, DO

HAVE THE TRAINING AND EQUIPMENT NEEDED FOR EVENTS INVOLVING CHEMICAL, BIOLOGICAL OR NUCLEAR

MATERIALS. POLITICALLY IT IS A DIFFICULT ISSUE. POLICE AND FIRE OFFICIALS NOW ARE THINKING ABOUT IT, BUT THE GENERAL PUBLIC WOULD RATHER NOT. BELIEVING THE US NEEDS A NEW LINE OF DEFENSE AGAINST TERRORISTS ARMED WITH NUCLEAR MATERIAL,

SENATORS LUGAR AND NUNN ARE DRAFTING A BILL AUTHORIZING SEVERAL HUNDRED MILLION DOLLARS FOR

UPGRADING STATE AND LOCAL READINESS.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: BIOLOGICAL AGENTS; BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS; CB

INCIDENTS; CB THREAT; CHEMICAL AGENTS; CHEMICAL WEAPONS; CIVIL DEFENSE; DETECTION; EXPLOSIONS;

JAPAN; NEW YORK; SABOTAGE; TERRORISM

CBIAC Identifiers (Keywords): EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS; TOKYO SUBWAY

Title: EMERGENCY RESPONSE TO INCIDENTS INVOLVING CHEMICAL

AND BIOLOGICAL WARFARE AGENTS, 1995.

Publication Date: 19950101 Descriptive Note: HANDBOOK

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE, DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF EMERGENCY SERVICES, TECHNICAL HAZARDS DIVISION, 310 TURNER ROAD,

RICHMOND, VA 23225-6491.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 38

Corporate Author: VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF EMERGENCY SERVICES

RICHMOND VA

Supplementary Note: COPYRIGHT 1995, COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINA, UNDER THE

PROVISIONS OF THE "INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY POLICY." THIS DOCUMENT MAY BE REPRODUCED BY PUBLIC SAFETY

AGENCIES INCLUDING FIRE DEPARTMENTS, LAW ENFORCEMENT, EMS AND MEDICAL FACILITIES. ANY REPORDUCTION FOR COMMERCIAL USE MUST RECEIVE WRITTEN APPROVAL FROM THE VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF

EMERGENCY SERVICES.

Abstract: INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM HAS BEEN A GLOBAL ISSUE

AND THREAT FOR MANY YEARS. THE NEWS MEDIA REPEATEDLY REPORT ON EVENTS THAT FOR THE MOST PART HAVE BEEN OCCURRING IN OTHER COUNTRIES. RECENTLY, TWO TERRORIST ACTS WERE PERPETRATED IN THE UNITED STATES. THE WORLD TRADE CENTER AND OKLAHOMA CITY

BOMBING EXEMPLIFY A NEW THREAT WITHIN OUR BORDERS.

THE NEW YOR ATTACK WAS CONDUCTED BY AN INTERNATIONAL TERRORIST GROUP AND THE OKLAHOMA CITY ATTACK APPEARS TO BE THE WORK OF NATIONAL EXTREMISTS. AS IF THE SHOCK OR EXPERIENCING THESE ATTACKS AT HOME WAS NOT CAUSE ENOUGH FOR INCREASED CONCERN, THE JUNE 1995 NERVE AGENT INCIDENT IN THE TOKYO SUBWAY ADDS A NEW AND TERRIFYING DIMENSION TO THE TERRORIST THREAT. THIS MANUAL IS INTENDED AS CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL PRIMER. IT PRESENTS TECHNICAL INFORMATION REGARDING CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL AGENTS INTEGRATED INTO EXISTING

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL RESPONSE INCIDENT MANAGMENT, TRAINING, OPERATIONS AND PLANNING PRINCIPLES.

Title: CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL TERRORISM: THE THREAT

ACCORDING TO THE OPEN LITERATURE.

Author(s): PURVER, RON Publication Date: 19950601 Descriptive Note: SPECIAL REPORT

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. AVAILABILITY: CANADIAN SECURITY INTELLIGENCE SERVICE, PO BOX 9732, POSTAL STATION

T, OTTAWA, ONTARIO K1G 4G4, CANADA.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 212

Corporate Author: CANADIAN SECURITY INTELLIGENCE SERVICE OTTAWA

(ONTARIO)

Abstract: OVER THE PAST TWO DECADES OR SO, A SMALL BODY OF

PROFESSIONAL LITERATURE ON THE SUBJECT OF CHEMICAL-BIOLOGICAL TERRORISM HAS ACCUMULATED. THE OBJECT OF THIS PAPER IS, FIRST, TO REVIEW THE EXISTING BODY OF UNCLASSIFIED INFORMATION IN AN ATTEMPT TO ASCERTAIN HOW REAL IS THE CB TERRORIST

THREAT; AND SECOND, TO EXAMINE THE EVOLUTION OF ONE, CLASSIFIED INTERGOVERNMENTAL EFFORT TO DEAL WITH THIS QUESTION, INCLUDING (BY WAY OF

COMPARISON) ITS OWN CONCLUSIONS AS TO THE REALITY

OF THE THREAT.

CBIAC Number: CB-029739 AD Number: D754739

Title: THE DEVIL'S BREWS: WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION AND

INTERNATIONAL SECURITY.

Author(s): RANGER, ROBIN; WIENCEK, DAVID

Publication Date: 19960618

Descriptive Note: CONFERENCE PAPER

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. AVAILABILITY: THIS PAPER IS CONTAINED WITHIN A DOCUMENT ENTITLED THE DEVIL'S BREWS 1: CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS AND THEIR DELIVERY SYSTEMS (CB-029681, AD-D754681), PAGES 24-32.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 8

Corporate Author: LANCASTER UNIV BAILRIGG (UNITED KINGDOM) Supplementary Note: PAPER PRESENTED AT A SEMINAR ON CHEMICAL AND

BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS - THEIR CONTROL, CAPABILITIES,

PROLIFERATION AND DELIVERY SYSTEMS HELD AT KING'S

COLLEGE, LONDON ON 18 JANUARY 1996.

Abstract: WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION (WMD), INCLUDING NUCLEAR, BIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL WEAPONS,

RADIOLOGICAL WEAPONS AND CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS, AND

THE MEANS TO DELIVER THEM ARE THE EVER-INCREASING

PRESENT THREAT. THIS THREAT IS DUE TO LESS EFFECTIVE BARRIERS TO THE PROLIFERATION OF WMD; THE ABILITY OF REGIONAL POWERS TO USE THESE IN

ATTACKS AGAINST THE SUPER POWERS OF THE WORLD; AND THE INHIBITIONS ON WMD USE ASSOCIATED WITH THE

COLD WAR HAVE LARGELY CEASED TO EXIST, WHILE OTHER INHIBITIONS ARE FAS ERODING. ARMS CONTROL REGIMES ALONE CANNOT CONTAIN THESE KINDS OF LEADERS. WE

MAY ALSO FIND THAT OUR DETERRENCE STRATEGIES FOR HOLDING AT BAY WILL PROVE TO BE BRITTLE AT BEST. INCREASINGLY, WE MUST RELY ON MILITARY FORCES TO DEFEND AND REPEL THIS TYPE OF AGGRESSIVE INTENT AND ACTION. ANTI-MISSILE DEFENCES, IN PARTICULAR,

ARE NEEDED AND OFFER THE PROSPECT THAT OUR
POPULATION CENTRES AND VITAL ASSETS WILL NOT LIE
COMPLETELY EXPOSED TO THE WMD MISSILE THREATS WE

COMPLETELY EXPOSED TO THE WMD MISSILE THREATS WE

FACE NOW AND IN THE FUTURE.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS; CB CAPABILITY; CB THREAT; CB

WEAPON DELIVERY SYSTEMS; CHEMICAL WEAPONS; CHINA; CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS; COUNTERPROLIFERATION; DIPLOMACY; INTERNATIONAL SECURITY; JAPAN; MIDDLE EAST; MISSILES; NBC; NBC WEAPON ALTERNATIVES; NEGOTIATION; NUCLEAR WEAPONS; RETALIATION;

TERRORISM; THREAT TYPES; UNITED STATES; USSR

CBIAC Identifiers (Keywords): WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION

CBIAC Number: CB-029742 AD Number: D754742

Title: UNDERSTANDING THE MOLECULAR BASIS OF INFECTIOUS

DISEASE: IMPLICATIONS FOR BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS

DEVELOPMENT.

Author(s): ALMOND, JEFFREY W.

Publication Date: 19960118
Descriptive Note: CONFERENCE PAPER

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. AVAILABILITY: THIS PAPER IS CONTAINED WITHIN A DOCUMENT ENTITLED THE DEVIL'S BREWS 1:

CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS AND THEIR DELIVERY

SYSTEMS (CB-029681, AD-D754681), PAGES 39-42.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 4

Corporate Author: READING UNIV (UNITED KINGDOM)

Supplementary Note: PAPER PRESENTED AT A SEMINAR ON CHEMICAL AND

BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS - THEIR CONTROL, CAPABILITIES, PROLIFERATION AND DELIVERY SYSTEMS HELD AT KING'S

COLLEGE, LONDON ON 18 JANUARY 1996.

Abstract: TECHNOLOGIES WHICH COULD BE APPLIED TO THE

DEVELOPMENT OF BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS CAPABILITIES HAVE LONG BEEN WATCHED AND LIMITED. HOWEVER, WITH THE ADVENT OF GENETIC ENGINEERING, ADDITIONAL CONCERNS HAVE BEEN RAISED. IT IS APPARENT THAT THE POSSIBILITIES FOR CONSTRUCTING NEW AND POTENTIAL SINISTER VERSIONS OF MICROORGANISMS ARE ALMOST LIMITLESS. STRATEGISTS AND THOSE INVOLVED WITH THE

VERIFICATION OF INTERNATIONAL TREATIES ON BW

SHOULD BE AWARE OF THE POSSIBILITIES.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: AGENT DISEASES; BIOLOGICAL AGENTS; BIOLOGICAL TREATIES AND AGREEMENTS; BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS; DNA;

GENETIC ENGINEERING; INFLUENZA; INTERNATIONAL SECURITY; PATHOLOGY; RNA; TERRORISM; VIRAL

DISEASES

CBIAC Identifiers (Keywords): RECOMBINANT DNA

Title: FIRST ANNIVERSARY OF TOKYO SUBWAY POISON GAS

ATTACK: IS THE US PREPARED FOR A SIMILAR ATTACK.

Publication Date: 19960826

Descriptive Note: JOURNAL ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. AVAILABILITY: THE HENRY L STIMSON CENTER, 21 DUPONT CIRCLE NW, FIFTH FLOOR,

WASHINGTON, DC 20036.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 2

Corporate Author: HENRY L STIMSON CENTER WASHINGTON DC Abstract: ON MARCH 20, 1995, A JAPANESE RELIGIOUS CULT SHOCKED AN ENTIRE NATION BY CROSSING A PREVIOUSLY UNTHINKABLE LINE, USING A WEAPON OF MASS DESTRUCTION IN A TERRORIST ATTACK. AUM SHINRIKYO REWROTE THE URBAN TERRORISM HANDBOOK BY RELEASING THE NERGE GAS SARIN IN THE TOKYO SUBWAY, KILLING 12 COMMUTERS, INJURING MORE THAN 5,000 AND TERRIFYING MILLIONS. A YEAR AFTER THIS OMINOUS EVENT, LITTLE HAS BEEN DONE TO AVERT A SIMILAR EVENT HERE. SENATORS SAM NUNN (D-GEORGIA) AND RICHARD LUGAR (R-INDIANA) QUICKLY RECOGNIZED THAT THE EVENTS IN TOKYO USHERED IN A NEW AND DANGEROUS AGE, ONE THAT DEMANDS A CONCENTRATED RESPONSE TO REDUCE THE POSSIBILITY THAT TERRORISTS WOULD USE SUCH WEAPONS IN THE UNITED STATES. NATIONAL POLICY MAKERS AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES NEED TO RECOGNIZE THE SERIOUSNESS OF THE THREAT OF CHEMICAL TERRORISM AND TAKE ACTION. LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICIALS NEED TOUGHER LAWS TO OUTLAW THE ACTIVITIES LEADING UP TO A CHEMICAL WEAPONS ATTACK AND TO PENALIZE THE ASSISTANCE OF THOSE TRYING TO ACQUIRE CHEMICAL WEAPONS. THE PASSAGE OF SUCH LEGISLATION IS REQUIRED BY A 1993 INTERNATIONAL TREATY, THE

CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION, WHICH BANS THE FULL RANGE OF ACTIVITIES ASSOCIATED WITH THE

PROCUREMENT OF CHEMICAL WEAPONS.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: BLISTER AGENTS; CB THREAT; CHEMICAL WEAPONS;

CHEMICAL WEAPON PROLIFERATION; CIVIL DEFENSE;

JAPAN; NERVE AGENTS; TERRORISM

CBIAC Identifiers (Keywords): TOKYO

ale ale alealea le ale

Title: THE DEADLY MIXTURE: BUGS, GAS, AND TERRORISTS.

Author(s): MCGEORGE, HARVEY J., II

Publication Date: 19900501

Descriptive Note: JOURNAL ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: NBC

DEFENSE AND TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL, MAY 1986,

PAGES 56-61.

Document Classification: U

Corporate Author: NBC DEFENSE AND TECHNOLOGY NEW YORK NY

Abstract: DETONATION OF A CAR BOMB FILLED WITH HIGH EXPLOSIVES (HE), CAN, BECAUSE OF ITS ENORMOUS

DESTRUCTIVE POWER, HELP WIN TACTICAL OBJECTIVES OR GALVANIZE THE WORLD. WHY THEN SHOULD A TERRORIST VENTURE FROM THE SAFETY WATERS OF HE TO THE UNCHARTED SHOALS OF TOXIC AGENTS? WHAT TYPE OF TERRORIST WOULD BE ATTRACTED TO MASS DESTRUCTION WEAPONS? HOW FORMIDABLE AN ADVERSARY MIGHT WE FACE IN THE NEAR TERM, AND HOW WOULD THE USER EXPLOIT THIS ODIOUS BRAND OF VIOLENCE? IF TERRORISM CAN BE VIEWED AS A VIOLENT TOOL OF PSYCHOLOGICAL WARFARE,

WELL-SUITED TO SHORT-TERM GOAL ATTAINMENT BY THE MILITARILY WEAK, THEN THE TERM TERRRORIST ENCOMPASSES A RATHER WIDE SPECTRUM OF POTENTIAL ADVERSARIES. THE CONSEQUENCES OF A WELL PLANNED, WELL EXECUTED ACT OF CB TERRORISM ARE LIKELY TO BE DRAMATIC. AFTER ALL, TERRORISM IS AN ADJUNCT OF PSYCHOLOGICAL WARFARE, DESIGNED TO EXTRACT MONEY OR INFLUENCE POLICY, TO FREE POLITICAL PRISONERS, AND TO GAIN PUBLICITY. DETERRING CB TERRORISM WILL

DEMAND A COMBINATION OF PROACTIVE AND REACTIVE MEASURES. PROACTIVE EFFORTS INCLUDE INCREASING THE FOCUS OF INTELLIGENCE AGENCIES ON POTENTIAL

ADVERSARIES AND MONTORING THE NEED TO DEVELOP A

CREDIBLE THREAT. THE PRINCIPLE REACTIVE MEASURE IS THE FORMATION OF A MAXIMUM CAPABILITY NATIONAL OR INTERNATIONAL QUICK RESPONSE TEAM PATTERNED AFTER THE HIGHLY SUCCESSFUL NUCLAR EMERGENCY SEARCH TEAM (NEST) IN THE UNITED STATES.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: BIOLOGICAL AGENTS; CB THREAT; CB WEAPON DELIVERY SYSTEMS; CHEMICAL AGENTS; IRAN; IRAQ; ISRAEL; LIBYA; NERVE AGENTS; OFFENSIVE CAPABILITY; SYRIA;

TERRORISM; THREAT TYPES; TOXINS

Title: NUCLEAR, BIOLOGICAL, AND CHEMICAL DEFENSE AND

TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL, MAY 1986.

Publication Date: 19860501 Descriptive Note: JOURNAL

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: NUCLEAR, BIOLOGICAL, AND CHEMICAL DEFENSE AND

TECHNOLOGY, 1965 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, NY

10023-5965.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 75

Corporate Author: NBC DEFENSE AND TECHNOLOGY NEW YORK NY

Abstract: THIS ISSUE OF NBC DEFENSE AND TECHNOLOGY

INTERNATIONAL PRESENTS THE FOLLOWING FEATURE ARTICLES: DETERRING CHEMICAL WARFARE: THE NEXT

STEP; MOBILE MISSILES: INVINCIBLE AND

UNVERIFIABLE; PROTECTING AGAINST NBC WEAPONS: A SWISS VIEW; BUGS, GAS, AND TERRORISTS; INDIA'S NUCLEAR STRATEGY: A THREAT TO WORLD PEACE. THE

TECHNICAL ARTICLES INCLUDE: ANTIDOTES AND

PROPHYLAXIS FOR NERVE AGENT POISONING; SARATOGA: A NEW DIMENSION IN CB PROTECTIVE CLOTHING; AND SNAKE NEURO- AND NECROTIC TOXINS: POTENTIAL NEW AGENTS.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: ACTIVATED CARBON; AGENTS; BIOLOGICAL AGENTS; CB STOCKPILES; CB THREAT; CHEMICAL AGENTS; CHEMICAL TREATIES AND AGREEMENTS; CLOTHING; COLLECTIVE PROTECTION EQUIPMENT; DECONTAMINATION; DETECTION; DETECTION EQUIPMENT; FABRICS; INDIVIDUAL

PROTECTION EQUIPMENT; IRAN; IRAO; MEDICAL TREATMENT; MUNITIONS STOCKPILES; NBC; POST-TREATMENT; PRE-TREATMENT; SARATOGA; SNAKE

VENOM; SWITZERLAND; TERRORISM; TOXINS; YELLOW RAIN

CBIAC Identifiers (Keywords): FOREIGN EQUIPMENT

ale ale alealea le ale

Title: BIOLOGICAL TERRORISM VERSUS THE AMERICAN

HEALTHCARE SYSTEM. CAN WE COPE?

Author(s): BAXTER, KEVIN H.; NOLAN, LAWRENCE

Publication Date: 19960609

Descriptive Note: MISCELLANEOUS PUBLICATION

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. AVAILABILITY: NATIONAL DEFENSE UNIVERSITY, INDUSTRIAL COLLEGE OF THE ARMED

FORCES, WASHINGTON, DC 20319-6000.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 40

Corporate Author: NATIONAL DEFENSE UNIV WASHINGTON DC

CBIAC Subject Keywords: ANTHRAX; ARMY; BIOLOGICAL AGENT DETECTION METHODS;

BIOLOGICAL AGENTS; CB THREAT; CBIAC; CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL; CIVIL DEFENSE; EUROPE; HEALTH AND SAFETY; MEDICAL TREATMENT; RESEARCH AND TEST

FACILITIES; SABOTAGE; SWEDEN; TERRORISM

Title: CANADIAN SECURITY INTELLIGENCE SERVICE 1995 PUBLIC

REPORT AND PROGRAM OUTLOOK.

Publication Date: 19961017 Descriptive Note: REPORT

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} $\tt Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION \\ \end{tabular}$

UNLIMITED. AVAILABILITY: CANADIAN SECURITY

INTELLIGENCE SERVICE, PO BOX 9732, POSTAL STATION

T, OTTAWA, ONTARIO K1G 4G4 CANADA.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 12

Corporate Author: CANADIAN SECURITY INTELLIGENCE SERVICE OTTAWA

(ONTARIO)

Abstract: THE CANADIAN SECURITY INTELLIGENCE SERVICE

WELCOMES THE TABLING OF ITS PUBLIC REPORT IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS AS A FOCAL POINT OF THE SERVICE'S

EFFORTS TO EXPLAIN TO CANADIANS ITS ROLE IN

MATTERS OF NATIONAL SECURITY AND PUBLIC SAFETY. AS

A SECURITY INTELLIGENCE AGENCY WITH AN

INVESTIGATIVE MANDATE, THE SERVICE IS CLEARLY CONSTRAINED IN WHAT IT CAN SAY ABOUT OPERATIONAL TARGETS AND TRENDS. NEVERTHELESS, THE SERVICE IS COMMITTED TO THE PUBLIC REPORT AS AN ESSENTIAL PART OF ITS ACCOUNTABILITY IN A DEMOCRATIC

SOCIETY. MISINFORMATION ABOUT THE NATURE OF THE SERVICE'S MANDATE AND ACTIVITIES IS ONE OF THE MOST PERSISTENT PROBLEMS CSIS HAS TO DEAL WITH; IF LEFT UNCHALLENGED, IT CAN UNDERMINE CANADIANS' TRUST IN THE SERVICE'S ABILITY TO DO ITS JOB. IN PRESENTING THE SERVICE'S PUBLIC REPORT TO

PARLIAMENT LAST YEAR, THE SOLICITOR GENERAL ADDRESSED SHIFTS IN THE GLOBAL SECURITY ENVIRONMENT THAT AFFECT THE SECURITY OF CANADIANS:

THREATS THAT COME FROM GROUPS AND INDIVIDUALS AS MUCH AS FROM SOVEREIGN STATES AND WHICH READILY CROSS INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARIES; AN INCREASE IN THE

SIGNIFICANCE OF ECONOMIC INTELLIGENCE; AND THE EMERGENCE OF WEAPONS PROLIFERATION AND TRANSNATIONAL ORGANIZED CRIME AS THREATS TO

NATIONAL SECURITY. THIS DOCUMENT PROVIDES CANADIANS WITH AN UPDATE ON THOSE TRENDS, AS OBSERVED BY THE SERVICE DURING 1995.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: CANADA; COUNTERTERRORISM; INTERNATIONAL SECURITY;

LIBYA; NORTH KOREA; PROLIFERATION; RUSSIA; TERRORISM; WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION

Title: ALARM SOUNDED ABOUT SECURITY OF RUSSIA'S CHEMICAL

WEAPONS.

Author(s): SMITHSON, AMY E.

Publication Date: 19951002 Descriptive Note: NEWS ADVISORY

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. AVAILABILITY: THE HENRY L. STIMSON

CENTER, 21 DUPONT CIRCLE NW, WASHINGTON, DC 20036.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 2

Corporate Author: HENRY L STIMSON CENTER WASHINGTON DC

Abstract: RUSSIA'S CHEMICAL WEAPONS STOCKPILE STORAGE SITES

APPEAR TO BE VULNERABLE TO THEFT FROM WITHIN AND ATTACK FROM WITHOUT, ACCORDING TO A REPORT RELEASED ON OCTOBER 2, 1995 BY THE HENRY L. STIMSON CENTER IN WASHINGTON, DC. BASED ON EYEWITNESS ACCOUNTS, THE REPORT DESCRIBES THE SECURITY SURROUNDING RUSSIA'S 40,000 METRIC TON CHEMICAL WEAPONS ARSENAL - OVER 80 PERCENT OF WHICH IS LETHAL NERVE AGENTS - AS FALLING FAR SHORT OF THE SECURITY PROVISIONS TAKEN AT US

CHEMICAL WEAPONS STORAGE SITES.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: CHALLENGE INSPECTIONS; CHEMICAL WEAPONS; CHEMICAL

WEAPONS CONVENTION; COMPLIANCE MONITORING; CW STORAGE FACILITIES; FACILITY TYPES; INTERNATIONAL SECURITY; NERVE AGENTS; PHYSICAL SECURITY; RATIFICATION; RUSSIA; SITE PERIMETER SECURITY;

TERRORISM; TREATY VERIFICATION

Title: CHEMICAL TERRORISM AND THE CHEMICAL WEAPONS

CONVENTION.

Author(s): SMITH, JUSTIN R.

Publication Date: 19950519

Descriptive Note: CONFERENCE PAPER

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. AVAILABILITY: PUGWASH CONFERENCES OF

SCIENCE AND WORLD AFFAIRS, FLAT A MUSEUM MANSIONS,

63A GREAT RUSSELL STREET, LONDON WC1B 3BJ,

ENGLAND

Document Classification: U

Pages: 3

Corporate Author: PUGWASH CONFERENCE ON SCIENCE AND WORLD AFFAIRS

GENEVA (SWITZERLAND)

Supplementary Note: PAPER PRESENTED AT PUGWASH MEETING NO. 207, THIRD

WORKSHOP OF THE PUGWASH STUDY GROUP ON

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS CONVENTIONS 19-21 MAY 1995, NOORDWIJK, THE

NETHERLANDS.

Abstract: THE CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION, ALTHOUGH

PRINCIPALLY INTENDED TO PREVENT THE ACQUISITION, STOCKPILING, TRANSFER OR USE OF CHEMICAL WEAPONS BY STATES, CAN ALSO PLAY AN IMPORTANT ROLE IN PREVENTING THEIR USE AT A SUB-STATE LEVEL, I.E., BY TERRORISTS. IN COMBINATION WITH ENHANCED NATIONAL LAW ENFORCEMENT EFFORTS AND INTELLIGENCE COLLECTION, THE CWC MAY BECOME AN IMPORTANT TOOL IN THE EFFORT TO COMBAT CHEMICAL TERRORISM. THIS PAPER PRESENTS THE PRINCIPAL WAYS IN WHICH THE CWC

CAN HELP FIGHT CHEMICAL TERRORISM.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: CB THREAT; CHALLENGE INSPECTIONS; CHEMICAL

INDUSTRY; CHEMICAL WEAPONS; CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION; DEFENSIVE CAPABILITY; IMPLEMENTATION

LEGISLATION; INTERNATIONAL SECURITY; OPCW;

PRECURSORS; TERRORISM

Title: CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL TERRORISM.

Publication Date: 19960814

Descriptive Note: JOURNAL ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: JANE'S DEFENSE WEEKLY, 26(7): 17-21, 14 AUGUST

1996.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 6

Corporate Author: JANE'S INFORMATION GROUP ALEXANDRIA VA

Title: SUSSEX-HARVARD ROLLING CBW CHRONOLOGY, NOVEMBER

1995 THROUGH FEBRUARY 1996.

Author(s): ROBINSON, JULIAN PERRY

Publication Date: 19951101

Descriptive Note: JOURNAL ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: THIS ARTICLE IS CONTAINED WITHIN THE CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION BULLETIN, ISSUE NO. 31 (CB-030400), MARCH 1996. PAGES 10-29.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 20

Corporate Author: SUSSEX UNIV BRIGHTON (UNITED KINGDOM) SCIENCE

POLICY RESEARCH UNIT

Abstract: THIS DOCUMENT IS AN ACCOUNT OF NEWS EVENTS TAKEN

FROM THE SUSSEX-HARVARD ROLLING CBW CHRONOLOGY DATING NOVEMBER 1995 THROUGH FEBRUARY 1996. THE CHRONOLOGY INCLUDES INFORMATION REGARDING CHEMICAL WEAPONS, CONFERENCE OF DISARMAMENT AND THE

WEAPONS, CONFERENCE OF DISARMAMENT AND THE CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION FROM COUNTRIES ALL

OVER THE WORLD.
CBIAC Subject Keywords: 3-QUINUCLIDINYL

ywords: 3-QUINUCLIDINYL BENZILATE; AUSTRALIA; BIOLOGICAL

WEAPONS; CB STOCKPILES; CHEMICAL WEAPONS; CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTON; CHINA; COUNTERPROLIFERATION; DEMILITARIZATION; FRANCE; GULF WAR SYNDROME; IRAQ;

ITALY; JAPAN; LIBYA; MUNITIONS STOCKPILES; NETHERLANDS; NORTH KOREA; NUCLEAR WEAPONS;

PRODUCTION FACILITIES; RUSSIA; TERRORISM; TREATY IMPLEMENTATION; UNITED KINGDOM; UNITED NATIONS SPECIAL COMMISSION; UNITED STATES; US CONGRESS

CBIAC Identifiers (Keywords): TOKYO SUBWAY

Title: SUSSEX-HARVARD ROLLING CBW CHRONOLOGY, FEBRUARY

THROUGH MAY 1996.

Author(s): ROBINSON, JULIAN PERRY

Publication Date: 19960201

Descriptive Note: JOURNAL ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: THIS ARTICLE IS CONTAINED WITHIN THE CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION BULLETIN, ISSUE NO. 32

(CB-030405), PAGE 16-39.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 24

Corporate Author: SUSSEX UNIV BRIGHTON (UNITED KINGDOM) SCIENCE

POLICY RESEARCH UNIT

Abstract: THIS DOCUMENT IS A THREE-MONTH ROLLING CHRONOLOGY

FROM THE CBW EVENTS DATABASE OF THE SUSSEX-HARVARD INFORMATION BANK. A MORE DETAILED IDENTIFICATION OF SOURCES IS PROVIDED IN THE INFORMATION BANK.

THERE IS A ONE-MONTH OVERLAP IN ORDER TO ACCOMMODATE LATE-RECEIVED INFORMATION.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION; CW PRODUCTION

FACILITIES; DEMILITARIZATION; ECONOMIC SANCTIONS; GULF WAR SYNDROME; INCINERATION; IRAQ; JACADS; JOHNSTON ISLAND; LIBYA; NORTH KOREA; OPCW; OPERATION DESERT SHIELD; OPERATION DESERT STORM;

PERSIAN GULF WAR; PREPARATORY COMMISSION; PROLIFERATION; RATIFICATION; SOUTH KOREA; TERRORISM; UNITED KINGDOM; UNITED NATIONS; UNITED

NATIONS SPECIAL COMMISSION

Title: FBI TAKES LEAD IN DEVELOPING COUNTERTERRORISM

EFFORT.

Author(s): EMBER, LOIS R. Descriptive Note: JOURNAL ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: DISPERSAL OF DIOCTADECYLDIMETHYLAMMONIUM

METHACRYLATE (DODAM) IN WATER VIA ULTRASONIC IRRADIATION YIELDED SMALL-DIAMETER VESICLES HAVING A PLACE APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED. AVAILABILITY: CHEMICAL & ENGINEERING

NEWS, 74(45): 10-16, NOVEMBER 4, 1996.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 7

Corporate Author: AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY WASHINGTON DC Abstract: THIS ARTICLE HIGHLIGHTS THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION (FBI) EFFORT AT THE OLYMPIC GAMES IN ATLANTA, GEORGIA AGAINST TERRORISM. THE FBI-LED CHEM/BIO COUNTERTERRORISM MODEL IS THE FOCUS OF THIS ARTICLE. AN FBI COMMAND CENTER WITH A SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE, A FIELD AGENT FROM THE ATLANTA FIELD OFFICE, AND A SCIENCE ADVISOR NOTIFIES THE TECHNICAL ADVISORY COUNCIL IN CASE OF A SUSPECTED ATTACK. THEY ACTIVATE THE FBI LABORATORY COORDINATOR AS WELL, WHO IN TURN COORDINATES AND OVERSEES THE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY CENTER (SCITECH CENTER) ON THE CENTER FOR DISEASE CONTROL (CDC) AND PREVENTION CAMPUS IN ATLANTA. IN ADDITION, THE FBI LAB COORDINATOR DEPLOYS THE CHEM/BIO RESPONSE TEAM IF NECESSARY. THIS TEAM IS LOCATED AT DOBBINS AIR FORCE BASE IN MARIETTA, GEORGIA. THE SCITECH CENTER USES PRIMARY ANALYTICAL RESOURCES SUCH AS THE ARMY MATERIEL COMMAND TREATY LAB LOCATED IN ABERDEEN, MARYLAND (CHEMICAL WARFARE AGENTS); THE NAVY BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE RESEARCH PROGRAM LAB IN BETHESDA, MARYLAND (BIOLOGICAL WARFARE AGENTS); THE ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (HAZARDOUS MATERIALS); AND EPA'S NATIONAL ENFORCEMENT INVESTIGATIONS CENTER IN DENVER, COLORADO (HAZARDOUS MATERIALS). BACKUP/CONFIRMATORY ANALYTICAL RESOURCES INCLUDE CDC ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH LAB (CHEMICAL WARFARE AGENTS); US ARMY MEDICAL RESEARCH INSTITUTE FOR INFECTIOUS DISEASES, FORT DETRICK, MARYLAND (BIOLOGICAL

WARFARE AGENTS); AND CDC CENTER FOR INFECTIOUS

DISEASES (BIOLOGICAL WARFARE AGENTS). THIS MULTIAGENCY PARTNERSHIP SERVES AS A PROTOTYPE FOR COMBATING FUTURE CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL TERRORIST

ACTS.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: TERRORISM; COUNTERTERRORISM; CHEMICAL AGENTS;

BIOLOGICAL AGENTS; CB THREAT; SABOTAGE; CHEMICAL ANALYSIS; CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL; BOMBS;

DETECTION; ASSAYS; ARMY; NAVY; AIR FORCE

CBIAC Identifiers (Keywords): FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION (FBI)

Title: THE ULTIMATE NIGHTMARE. SOONER THAN MOST PEOPLE THINK, THE US MIGHT FACE THE SPECTER OF NUCLEAR, BIOLOGICAL, OR CHEMICAL TERRORISM.

Author(s): ROOS, JOHN

Descriptive Note: JOURNAL ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: ARMED FORCES JOURNAL INTERNATIONAL, 133(3),

OCTOBER 1995.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 3

Abstract: THIS ARTICLE DISCUSSES THE POSSIBILITY OF DOMESTIC AND INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM IN TERMS OF ITS DEVASTATING EFFECTS, THE NEED FOR "WORST-CASE" PLANNING BY US OFFICIALS, AND THE AGREEMENT BY POLITICAL AND INDEPENDENT ANALYSTS THAT IT'S ONLY A MATTER OF TIME BEFORE THE US WILL BE FORCED TO FACE THE THREAT OF NUCLEAR, BIOLOGICAL, OR CHEMICAL (NBC) TERRORISM. BASED ON NATIONAL AND CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY (CIA) ESTIMATES, THE NBC THREAT IS A REAL POSSIBILITY. A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY (DOE) NUCLEAR EMERGENCY SEARCH TEAM (NEST) AND THE MANY GROUPS THAT FORM THIS TEAM IS PROVIDED. NEST CONDUCTS EMERGENCY EXERCISES, IS CONTINUALLY TESTING AND ACQUIRING SPECIAL EQUIPMENT AND SPECIAL SKILLS, AND IS ABLE TO TAILOR THEIR RESPONSE TO THE SPECIFIC EMERGENCY SITUATION. PERHAPS THE BEST THING THE US HAS AVAILABLE FOR PLANNED RESPONSE TO NUCLEARTERRORISM IS A COORDINATED APPROACH TO THE PROBLEM. TO A SOMEWHAT LESSER DEGREE, THE SAME IS TRUE FOR RESPONDING TO CHEMICAL OR BIOLOGICAL TERRORISM. DUE TO THE EASE WITH WHICH THESE WEAPONS CAN BE PREPARED AND DELIVERED A SPECIALIZED MILITARY RESPONSE TEAM, THE ARMY-S 150-MEMBER TECHNICAL ESCORT UNIT (TEU) STANDS READY FOR WORLDWIDE DISPATCH ON SHORT NOTICE. IN RESPONSE TO AN ACTUAL CHEMICAL OR BIOLOGICAL INCIDENT, THE OFFICIAL REQUEST FOR MILITARY ASSISTANCE WOULD GO FROM LOCAL TO STATE AUTHORITIES, THE ON TO THE

CBIAC Subject Keywords: TERRORISM; SABOTAGE; DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE; COUNTERTERRORISM; DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY; CHEMICAL WEAPONS; BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS; NUCLEAR WEAPONS; NBC;

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY (FEMA), TO THE NATIONAL RESPONSE CENTER, ON TO THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AND DOWN TO TEU AT THE US ARMY CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL COMMAND AT ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MD. IN SPITE OF CONSIDERABLE CAPABILITIES OF THE NEST AND TEU TO RESPOND TO A WMD ATTACK, SOME SHORTCOMINGS ARE APPARENT IN THE ANTICIPATED

CB THREAT; ARMY

CBIAC Identifiers (Keywords): NEST; NUCLEAR EMERGENCY SEARCH TEAM; TEU;

TECHNICAL ESCORT UNIT

NATIONAL RESPONSE.

Title: GOVERNMENT, INDUSTRY EFFORTS YIELD ARRAY OF TOOLS

TO COMBAT TERRORISM.

Author(s): ROUNI, A. MAUREEN

Publication Date: 19950725

Descriptive Note: JOURNAL ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY:

CHEMICAL AND ENGINEERING NEWS, JULY 24, 1995.

Document Classification: II

Corporate Author: AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY WASHINGTON DC

Title: THE THREAT OF CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL TERRORISM.

Publication Date: 19970204 Descriptive Note: ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED. AVAILABILITY: CANADIAN SECURITY

INTELLIGENCE SERVICE, PO BOX 9732, POSTAL STATION

T, OTTAWA, ONTARIO K1G 4G4, CANADA.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 8

Corporate Author: CANADIAN SECURITY INTELLIGENCE SERVICE OTTAWA

(ONTARIO)

Title: IRAN AND IRAQ: THE THREAT FROM THE NORTHERN GULF.

Author(s): CORDESMAN, ANTHONY H.

Publication Date: 19940101 Descriptive Note: BOOK

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. AVAILABILITY: WESTVIEW PRESS, 5500 CENTRAL AVENUE, BOULDER, CO

80301-2877.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 380

Corporate Author: ROYAL UNITED SERVICES INSTITUTION FOR DEFENCE

STUDIES LONDON (UNITED KINGDOM)

Abstract: IN THIS VOLUME, THE AUTHOR PROVIDES THE DEPTH OF

ANALYSIS NEEDED TO FULLY COMPREHEND THE MILITARY CAPABILITIES OF THESE TWO VOLATILE COUNTRIES -RECENTLY HIGHLIGHTED BY THE U.S. SECRETARY OF STATE AS THE TWO MOST SERIOUS THREATS TO U.S. INTERESTS IN THE COMING DECADE. IN ADDITION TO PROVIDING A COMPREHENSIVE ASSESSMENT OF IRAN'S AND IRAO'S ARMED FORCES AND WEAPONS SYSTEMS, THE AUTHOR EVALUATES THEIR INTERNAL POLITICAL TENSIONS AND CIVIL WARS, EXAMINING THE POSSIBLE FUTURE

CONFLICTS AND A COGENT STRATEGY FOR DETERRING THOSE CONFLICTS OR EFFECTIVELY SUBDUING THEM.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: IRAN; IRAQ; WEAPON SYSTEMS; DEFENSIVE CAPABILITY; OFFENSIVE CAPABILITY; IRAN-IRAQ WAR; CHEMICAL

WEAPONS; BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS; NUCLEAR WEAPONS; CB

THREAT; ARMS CONTROL POLICY; TERRORISM; PROJECTILES; UNITED NATIONS; UNITED NATIONS SPECIAL COMMISSION; OPERATION DESERT SHIELD; OPERATION DESERT STORM; TREATIES AND AGREEMENTS; CB STOCKPILES; GENEVA CONVENTION OF 1925; BIOLOGICAL AND TOXINS WEAPONS TREATY OF 1972; CHEMICAL TREATIES AND AGREEMENTS; BIOLOGICAL TREATIES AND AGREEMENTS; V AGENTS; NERVE AGENTS; TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER; H AGENTS; BLISTER AGENTS; H; HD; HL; L; PHOSGENE; DIPHOSGENE; CHOKING AGENTS;

CHLOROPICRIN; HYDROGEN CYANIDE; CYANOGEN CHLORIDE; INCAPACITATING AGENTS; PSYCHO-TOXIC AGENTS; ROCKETS; CB WEAPON DELIVERY SYSTEMS; ANTHRAX; GB;

FROG; SCUD; CLOSTRIDIUM BOTULINUM; BACILLUS

ANTHRACIS

CBIAC Identifiers (Keywords): PROJECT 9320; AL MUTHANNA; BASRA; KURDISH

Title: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL INCIDENT RESPONSE FORCE.

Publication Date: 19961021 Descriptive Note: ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. AVAILABILITY: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL INCIDENT RESPONSE FORCE (CBIRF), 2ND SURVEILLANCE, RECONNAISSANCE AND INTELLIGENCE GROUP (2ND SRIG).

CAMP LEJEUNE, NC.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 8

Corporate Author: 2ND SRIG CAMP LEJEUNE NC

Abstract: THE CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL INCIDENT RESPONSE FORCE (CBIRF) IS A STRATEGIC ORGANIZATION -- MANNED, TRAINED AND EQUIPPED TO COUNTER THE GROWING CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL TERRORIST THREAT. THIS RESPONSE FORCE WILL RESPOND TO CHEMICAL OR BIOLOGICAL INCIDENTS WORLDWIDE, WHEN DIRECTED BY THE NATIONAL COMMAND AUTHORITY, TO ASSIST LOCAL CIVILIAN AND MILITARY AGENCIES IN ORDER TO ASSIST THE ON-SCENE COMMANDER IN PROVIDING INITIAL POST INCIDENT CONSEQUENCE MANAGEMENT. THE CBIRF CAN PROVIDE EXPERT ADVICE TO THE ON-SCENE COMMANDER VIA THE ELECTRONIC REACHBACK ADVISORY GROUP. THE ADVISORY GROUP WHICH INCLUDES EIGHT NATIONALLY AND INTERNATIONALLY RECOGNIZED CIVILIAN EXPERTS IN SCIENCE AND MEDICINE, IS ALSO CHARTERED TO ASSIST WITH THE DEVELOPMENT, TRAINING AND OPERATORS OF THE CBIRF. THE CBIRF DEPLOYS TO INCIDENT LOCATIONS BY THE MOST EXPEDITIOUS MEANS POSSIBLE, WHERE THEY WILL COORDINATE INITIAL RELIEF EFFORTS, PROVIDE SECURITY AND AREA ISOLATION AT THE AFFECTED SITE; DETECTION, IDENTIFICATION AND DECONTAMINATION; EXPERT MEDICAL ADVICE AND ASSISTANCE TO LOCAL MEDICAL AUTHORITIES; AND SERVICE SUPPORT ASSISTANCE AS REQUIRED. THOUGH THE FORCE DOES NOT HAVE A DIRECT COUNTER-TERRORIST ROLE, ITS PERSONNEL ARE HIGHLY TRAINED IN DEALING

WITH THE CONSEQUENCES OF A TERRORIST

CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL ATTACK.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: TERRORISM; MARINE CORPS; CHEMICAL WEAPONS;

BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS; RECONNAISSANCE;

COUNTERTERRORISM; CHEMICAL AGENT MONITORS; DETECTION; LIQUID; VAPOR; XM21 REMOTE SENSING CHEMICAL AGENT AUTOMATIC ALARM; M9 CHEMICAL AGENT DETECTION PAPER; M256 CHEMICAL AGENT DETECTOR KIT; FUCHS NBC RECONNAISSANCE SYSTEM; DECONTAMINATION;

MEDICAL TREATMENT; CASUALTIES

ale ale ale ale ale ale

Title: DEVELOPMENT AND OPERATION OF A TECHNICAL SUPPORT TEAM TO SUPPORT WAYNE COUNTY IN THE EVENT OF A TERRORIST INCIDENT INVOLVING WEAPONS OF MASS

DESTRUCTION.

Author(s): SPARKS, MARK R.

Publication Date: 19970204 Descriptive Note: ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED. AVAILABILITY: CERBERUS AND ASSOCIATES INC,

Document Classification: U

Pages: 6

Corporate Author: CERBERUS AND ASSOCIATES INC WESTLAND MI Abstract: A DISASTER TRAINING EXERCISE CODE NAMED ILL RIDE WAS CONDUCTED ON SEPTEMBER 26, 1995 IN THE WAYNE COUNTY EMERGENCY OPERATING CENTER. THE EXERCISE SCENARIO WAS DESIGNED TO EVALUATE THE BOMB THREAT RESPONSE PLAN FOR DETROIT METROPOLITAN WAYNE COUNTY AIRPORT AND TO EXERCISE THE EMERGENCY OPERATIONS PLAN. OFFICIALS REPRESENTING THE EMERGENCY RESPONSE AND RECOVERY ORGANIZATION SUPPORTING WAYNE COUNTY, AND ALL MAJOR AIRPORT DEPARTMENTS, PARTICIPATED IN THE EXERCISE. THE SCENARIO CALLED FOR THE POTENTIAL OF TRUCK BOMBING TO BECOME INCREASING MORE LIKELY BEFORE AN OCCUPIED PASSENGER TERMINAL WAS COMPLETELY DESTROYED BY A BOMB BLAST. AFTER THE TERMINAL WAS DESTROYED, AND EMERGENCY RESPONSE ACTIVITIES WERE FULLY UNDERWAY, THE SCENARIO CALLED FOR AN ANONYMOUS CALLER TO ADVISE EMERGENCY MANAGERS THAT THE BOMB HAD ALSO BEEN USED TO DELIVER (DISBURSE) A BIOCHEMICAL AGENT AT THE AIRPORT. A DRAFT EXERCISE CLOSE-OUT REPORT WAS PREPARED BY THE EXERCISE EVALUATION TEAM AND DISTRIBUTED TO ALL PARTICIPANTS AFTER THE EXERCISE. COMMENTS WERE

REQUESTED. A FINAL EXERCISE CLOSE-OUT REPORT WAS SUBSEQUENTLY RELEASED. THE DRAFT AND FINAL EXERCISE CLOSE-OUT REPORT DISCUSSED THE BIOCHEMICAL THREAT AND CONCLUDED THAT THE THREAT WAS NOT EFFECTIVELY MANAGED. THE REPORT RECOMMENDED THAT THIS DEFICIENCY BE CORRECTED. RESPONSE, REPRESENTATIVES OF WAYNE COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT AND EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT MET ON A NUMBER OF OCCASIONS TO ADDRESS AND RESOLVE THE PROBLEMS ASSOCIATED WITH THE DELIBERATE RELEASE OF BIOLOGICAL AND/OR CHEMICAL WARFARE AGENTS ON THE CIVILIAN POPULATION. THEIR CONCLUSIONS ARE CONTAINED IN THIS ARTICLE.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: TERRORISM; CHEMICAL WEAPONS; BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS;

CB THREAT; UNITED STATES; MICHIGAN;

COUNTERTERRORISM

CBIAC Identifiers (Keywords): WAYNE COUNTY; EMERGENCY OPERATIONS PLAN; BOMB

THREAT RESPONSE PLAN

AD Number: P000218

Title: NBC TRAINING REQUIREMENTS FOR THE INTEGRATED

BATTLEFIELD.

Site Holding: DT

Author(s): HARVEY, GARY E.

Publication Date: 19820101

Descriptive Note: TECHNICAL ARTICLE

Limitations/Availability: APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION

UNLIMITED.

Document Classification: U

Pages: 8

Corporate Author: ARMY CHEMICAL SCHOOL FORT MCCLELLAN AL Supplementary Note: THIS ARTICLE IS FROM 'PROCEEDINGS OF THE 4TH

INTERSERVICE/INDUSTRY TRAINING EQUIPMENT CONFERENCE, 16-18 NOVEMBER 1982. VOLUME I,'

AD-A122 155.

Abstract: THE UNITED STATES HAS PAID LITTLE ATTENTION TO

NUCLEAR WARFARE, BIOLOGICAL WARFARE, AND CHEMICAL WARFARE IN THE LAST DECADE. MEANWHILE, THE SOVIET UNION INITIATED AN EXPANSION OF ITS CHEMICAL WARFARE PROGRAM WHICH HAS CONTINUED TO GROW AT A GREATER RATE THAN ANY ASPECT OF THEIR MILITARY FORCE. SINCE CONDUCTING TRAINING IN ONE OR ANY COMBINATION OF THESE THREE SPECIAL ENVIRONMENTS IS

NOT POSSIBLE, UNITED STATES PREPAREDNESS TO FIGHT

ON A CHEMICALLY, BIOLOGICALLY, OR NUCLEAR

CONTAMINATED BATTLEFIELD REQUIRES THE DEVELOPMENT OF SPECIAL TRAINING EQUIPMENT, DEVICES, AND PROCEDURES WHICH SIMULATE THESE CONDITIONS AS REALISTICALLY AS POSSIBLE. TO ACCOMPLISH ITS

MISSION, THE US ARMY MUST TRAIN IN PEACETIME AS IT WILL FIGHT IN WAR. THIS TO TRAIN IN AN NBC

ENVIRONMENT.

CBIAC Subject Keywords: AERIAL DELIVERY SYSTEMS; AGENTS; ARMY; BIOLOGICAL

AGENTS; BOMBS; CB THREAT; CB WEAPON DELIVERY

SYSTEMS; CHEMICAL AGENTS; MORTARS; NBC; PROJECTILES; ROCKETS; TERRORISM; TOXINS; TRAINING;

TRICHOTHECENES; TROOPS; USSR

DTIC Descriptors (Keywords): ARMY TRAINING; BATTLEFIELDS; BIOLOGICAL WARFARE

AGENTS; CHEMICAL WARFARE AGENTS; NUCLEAR WARFARE;

SIMULATORS; STOCKPILES; USSR; WAR GAMES;

BIOLOGICAL WARFARE; CHEMICAL WARFARE; TRAINING

DEVICES

DTIC Identifiers (Keywords): COMPONENT REPORTS